

***Buyback Leaders Portfolio 2025-1***

***American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio 2025-1***

***Dividend Income & Value Portfolio 2025-1***

***Turnaround Strategy Portfolio 2025-1***

---

The unit investment trusts named above (the “Portfolios”), included in Invesco Unit Trusts, Series 2403, each invest in a portfolio of stocks. Of course, we cannot guarantee that a Portfolio will achieve its objective.

***January 21, 2025***

***You should read this prospectus and retain it for future reference.***

---

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved of the Units or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus.

Any contrary representation is a criminal offense.



## **Buyback Leaders Portfolio**

**Investment Objective.** The Portfolio seeks to provide the potential for above average capital appreciation.

**Principal Investment Strategy.** The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a portfolio of common stocks of companies that have repurchased significant amounts of their own stock, also known as “buybacks”, over the past 12 months. The stocks in the Portfolio are derived from the S&P 500 Buyback Index which consists of the top 100 stocks in the S&P 500 Index with the highest buyback ratios over the past 12 months. A company’s buyback ratio measures the amount of cash paid for common share buybacks over the past 12 months, divided by the total market capitalization of common shares at the beginning of the buyback period. The stocks considered for selection were components of the S&P 500 Buyback Index as of January 14, 2025.

To select the Portfolio, Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor, begins with the initial universe of the S&P 500 Buyback Index and eliminates all companies with a share price below \$5. To avoid investment in companies with less overall buybacks than new share issuances (which may dilute a company’s earnings per share), the Sponsor also eliminates all companies without a net reduction in shares outstanding over the past 12 months.

From the remaining stocks, the Sponsor selects a portfolio of companies based on factors including, but not limited to:

- Valuation – Companies whose current valuations appear attractive relative to long-term trends;
- Growth – Companies with a history of and prospects for above-average growth of sales and earnings;
- Cash Flow Generation – Companies with a history of generating attractive operating and free cash flows in order to facilitate current and future share buybacks;

- Balance Sheet – Companies displaying balance sheet strength evidenced by a history of achieving strong financial results and making disciplined capital management decisions; and
- Returns – Companies with a history of above-average returns on invested capital.

Of course, we cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective. The value of your Units may fall below the price you paid for the Units. You should read the “Risk Factors” section before you invest.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a Unitholder. For more information see “Rights of Unitholders--Rollover”.

**Principal Risks.** As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- **Security prices will fluctuate.** The value of your investment may fall over time.
- **An issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared.** This may result in a reduction in the value of your Units.
- **The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units.** This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.

- **You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold.** There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.
- **The Portfolio does not replicate all of the components of the S&P 500 Buyback Index or its component weightings and the stocks in the Portfolio will not change if the index components, or their weightings within the index, change.** The performance of the Portfolio will not correspond with the S&P 500 Buyback Index for this reason and because the Portfolio incurs a sales charge and expenses. The Portfolio is not intended to replicate the performance of the index.
- **We do not actively manage the Portfolio.** Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same securities even if their market value declines.

## Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

|   | <b>As a % of<br/>Public<br/>Offering<br/>Price</b> | <b>Amount<br/>Per 100<br/>Units</b> |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Sales Charge</b>                                 |  |                                     |
| Initial sales charge                                | 0.000%   | \$ 0.000                            |
| Deferred sales charge                               | 2.250  | 22.500                              |
| Creation and development fee                        | 0.500  | 5.000                               |
| Maximum sales charge                                | <u>2.750%</u>                                      | <u>\$27.500</u>                     |
|   | <b>As a %<br/>of Net<br/>Assets</b>                | <b>Amount<br/>Per 100<br/>Units</b> |
| <b>Estimated Organization Costs</b>                 | <u>0.363%</u>                                      | <u>\$3.514</u>                      |
| <b>Estimated Annual Expenses</b>                    |  |                                     |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses                | 0.185%   | \$1.798                             |
| Supervisory, bookkeeping<br>and administrative fees | <u>0.057</u>                                       | <u>0.550</u>                        |
| Total   | <u>0.242%</u>                                      | <u>\$2.348*</u>                     |

## Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust every two years subject to a sales charge of 2.75%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

|          |        |
|----------|--------|
| 1 year   | \$ 334 |
| 3 years  | 713    |
| 5 years  | 1,115  |
| 10 years | 2,028  |

\* The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above.

The maximum sales charge is 2.75% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 2.75% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.225 per Unit and accrues daily from May 10, 2025 through October 9, 2025. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price - General."

## Essential Information

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Unit Price at Initial Date of Deposit</b>         | \$10.0000  |
| <b>Initial Date of Deposit</b>                       | January 21, 2025   |
| <b>Mandatory Termination Date</b>                    | January 21, 2027   |
| <b>Historical 12 Month Distributions<sup>1</sup></b> | \$0.0710 per Unit  |
| <b>Record Dates<sup>2</sup></b>                      | 10th day of May,<br>August, November and February  |
| <b>Distribution Dates<sup>2</sup></b>                | 25th day of May,<br>August, November and February  |
| <b>CUSIP Numbers</b>                                 | Cash – 46135H764<br>Reinvest – 46135H772<br>Fee Based Cash – 46135H780<br>Fee Based Reinvest – 46135H798 |

- As of close of business on the day prior to Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio's fees and expenses, in actual income received by the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 Months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See "Rights of Unitholders - Historical 12 Month Distributions."
- The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit on such Record Date. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed on the next Distribution Date on which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.

## Buyback Leaders Portfolio 2025-1

### Portfolio

| Number of Shares                       | Name of Issuer (1)              | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Communication Services - 8.12%</b>  |                                 |                            |                                     |
| 49                                     | Alphabet Inc. - CL C            | \$ 197.5500                | \$ 9,679.95                         |
| 16                                     | Meta Platforms, Inc. - CL A     | 612.7700                   | 9,804.32                            |
| <b>Consumer Discretionary - 16.20%</b> |                                 |                            |                                     |
| 3                                      | AutoZone, Inc.                  | 3,228.4000                 | 9,685.20                            |
| 2                                      | Booking Holdings, Inc.          | 4,926.8000                 | 9,853.60                            |
| 39                                     | Hilton Worldwide Holdings, Inc. | 246.6100                   | 9,617.79                            |
| 24                                     | Ulta Beauty, Inc.               | 405.0100                   | 9,720.24                            |
| <b>Consumer Staples - 3.99%</b>        |                                 |                            |                                     |
| 194                                    | Monster Beverage Corporation    | 49.4200                    | 9,587.48                            |
| <b>Energy - 4.03%</b>                  |                                 |                            |                                     |
| 60                                     | Chevron Corporation             | 161.4700                   | 9,688.20                            |
| <b>Financials - 23.93%</b>             |                                 |                            |                                     |
| 26                                     | Corpay, Inc.                    | 370.7900                   | 9,640.54                            |
| 46                                     | Fiserv, Inc.                    | 208.5800                   | 9,594.68                            |
| 15                                     | Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.       | 625.9400                   | 9,389.10                            |
| 110                                    | MetLife, Inc.                   | 86.7800                    | 9,545.80                            |
| 30                                     | Visa, Inc. - CL A               | 319.6200                   | 9,588.60                            |
| 126                                    | Wells Fargo & Company           | 77.0800                    | 9,712.08                            |
| <b>Health Care - 15.90%</b>            |                                 |                            |                                     |
| 31                                     | HCA Healthcare, Inc.            | 310.4500                   | 9,623.95                            |
| 136                                    | Hologic, Inc.                   | 69.7300                    | 9,483.28                            |
| 16                                     | McKesson Corporation            | 592.5700                   | 9,481.12                            |
| + 109                                  | Medtronic plc                   | 88.0800                    | 9,600.72                            |
| <b>Industrials - 7.98%</b>             |                                 |                            |                                     |
| 133                                    | A.O. Smith Corporation          | 71.8100                    | 9,550.73                            |
| 123                                    | Masco Corporation               | 78.2000                    | 9,618.60                            |
| <b>Information Technology - 11.91%</b> |                                 |                            |                                     |
| 87                                     | Dell Technologies, Inc. - CL C  | 109.6400                   | 9,538.68                            |
| 48                                     | GoDaddy, Inc. - CL A            | 200.9100                   | 9,643.68                            |
| 29                                     | Salesforce, Inc.                | 324.5600                   | 9,412.24                            |
| <b>Materials - 3.96%</b>               |                                 |                            |                                     |
| 98                                     | CF Industries Holdings, Inc.    | 97.0100                    | 9,506.98                            |
| <b>Utilities - 3.98%</b>               |                                 |                            |                                     |
| 56                                     | Vistra Corporation              | 170.8600                   | 9,568.16                            |
| 1,606                                  |                                 |                            | \$ 240,135.72                       |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

## **American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio**

**Investment Objective.** The Portfolio seeks to provide above-average total return.

**Principal Investment Strategy.** The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a portfolio of stocks and other equity securities of companies in industries that may benefit from increased levels of infrastructure investment in the United States. Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor, seeks to identify companies that are involved in America's movement towards energy independence, technology and communication growth, renewable energy and utility service modernization. The Sponsor believes that certain industries may have the potential to benefit from increased spending on infrastructure repair and growth in America, including the construction, engineering, utilities, renewable energy, energy pipeline and transportation, railroad, technology and telecommunication infrastructure industries.

In selecting the securities for the Portfolio, the Sponsor considered companies with significant business activity in the United States market, and evaluated those companies based upon factors including forward earnings and cash-flow projections, recent earnings and free-cash-flow growth, sector and peer group analysis and market valuation levels.

Of course, we cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective. The value of your Units may fall below the price you paid for the Units. You should read the "Risk Factors" section before you invest.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a

Unitholder. For more information see "Rights of Unitholders--Rollover".

**Principal Risks.** As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- **Security prices will fluctuate.** The value of your investment may fall over time.
- **A security issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends or make other distributions in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared.** This may reduce the level of income certain of the Portfolio's securities pay which would reduce your income and may cause the value of your Units to fall.
- **The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units.** This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.
- **You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold.** There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.
- **The Portfolio invests in MLPs.** Most MLPs operate in the energy sector and are subject to the risks generally applicable to companies in that sector, including commodity pricing risk, supply and demand risk, depletion risk and exploration risk. MLPs are also subject to the risk that regulatory or legislative changes could limit or eliminate the tax benefits enjoyed by MLPs which could have a negative impact on the after-tax income available for distribution by the MLPs and/or the value of the Portfolio's investments.

- **The Portfolio invests in shares of real estate investment trusts (“REITs”).** Shares of REITs and other real estate companies may appreciate or depreciate in value, or pay dividends, depending upon global and local economic conditions, changes in interest rates and the strength or weakness of the overall real estate market. Negative developments in the real estate sector will affect the value of your investment.
- **The Portfolio is concentrated in securities issued by companies in the Industrials sector.** As further discussed in “Risk Factors – Sector Risks,” companies in the industrials sector face risks such as general state of the economy, intense competition, imposition of import controls, volatility in commodity prices, currency exchange rate fluctuation, consolidation, labor relations, domestic and international politics, excess capacity, and consumer spending trends. Negative developments in the industrials sector will affect the value of your investment more than would be the case in a more diversified investment.
- **We do not actively manage the Portfolio.** Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same securities even if their market value declines.

## Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

|   | <b>As a % of<br/>Public<br/>Offering<br/>Price</b> | <b>Amount<br/>Per 100<br/>Units</b> |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Sales Charge</b>                                 |  |                                     |
| Initial sales charge                                | 0.000%   | \$ 0.000                            |
| Deferred sales charge                               | 2.250  | 22.500                              |
| Creation and development fee                        | 0.500  | 5.000                               |
| Maximum sales charge                                | <u>2.750%</u>                                      | <u>\$27.500</u>                     |
|   | <b>As a % of<br/>Net<br/>Assets</b>                | <b>Amount<br/>Per 100<br/>Units</b> |
| <b>Estimated Organization Costs</b>                 | <u>0.497%</u>                                      | <u>\$4.812</u>                      |
| <b>Estimated Annual Expenses</b>                    |  |                                     |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses                | 0.178%   | \$1.723                             |
| Supervisory, bookkeeping<br>and administrative fees | <u>0.057%</u>                                      | <u>0.550</u>                        |
| Total   | <u>0.235%%</u>                                     | <u>\$2.273*</u>                     |

## Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust every two years subject to a sales charge of 2.75%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

|          |    |       |
|----------|----|-------|
| 1 year   | \$ | 346   |
| 3 years  |    | 736   |
| 5 years  |    | 1,150 |
| 10 years |    | 2,087 |

\* The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above.

The maximum sales charge is 2.75% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 2.75% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.225 per Unit and accrues daily from May 10, 2025 through October 9, 2025. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price - General."

## Essential Information

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Unit Price at Initial Date of Deposit</b>         | \$10.0000  |
| <b>Initial Date of Deposit</b>                       | January 21, 2025   |
| <b>Mandatory Termination Date</b>                    | January 21, 2027   |
| <b>Historical 12 Month Distributions<sup>1</sup></b> | \$0.1752 per Unit  |
| <b>Record Dates<sup>2</sup></b>                      | 10th day of each month   |
| <b>Distribution Dates<sup>2</sup></b>                | 25th day of each month   |
| <b>CUSIP Numbers</b>                                 | Cash – 46135H806<br>Reinvest – 46135H814<br>Fee Based Cash – 46135H822<br>Fee Based Reinvest – 46135H830 |

- As of close of business on the day prior to Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio's fees and expenses, in actual income received by the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 Months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See "Rights of Unitholders - Historical 12 Month Distributions."
- The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each monthly Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed in the next month in which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.



## American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio 2025-1

### Portfolio

| Number of Shares | Name of Issuer (1)                              | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                  | <b>COMMON STOCKS - 88.43%</b>                   |                            |                                     |
|                  | <b>Consumer Discretionary - 3.92%</b>           |                            |                                     |
| 38               | Amazon.com, Inc.                                | \$ 225.9400                | \$ 8,585.72                         |
|                  | <b>Energy - 3.82%</b>                           |                            |                                     |
| 77               | ONEOK, Inc.                                     | 108.9600                   | 8,389.92                            |
|                  | <b>Financials - 3.84%</b>                       |                            |                                     |
| 18               | Berkshire Hathaway, Inc. - CL B                 | 467.9500                   | 8,423.10                            |
|                  | <b>Industrials - 38.47%</b>                     |                            |                                     |
| 67               | Advanced Drainage Systems, Inc.                 | 125.4900                   | 8,407.83                            |
| 22               | Caterpillar, Inc.                               | 386.0200                   | 8,492.44                            |
| 17               | Comfort Systems USA, Inc.                       | 503.7800                   | 8,564.26                            |
| 258              | CSX Corporation                                 | 32.7300                    | 8,444.34                            |
| + 24             | Eaton Corporation plc                           | 346.2800                   | 8,310.72                            |
| 87               | Federal Signal Corporation                      | 97.2000                    | 8,456.40                            |
| 13               | Lennox International, Inc.                      | 647.4600                   | 8,416.98                            |
| 43               | Lincoln Electric Holdings, Inc.                 | 194.3200                   | 8,355.76                            |
| 25               | Quanta Services, Inc.                           | 337.4600                   | 8,436.50                            |
| 36               | Union Pacific Corporation                       | 234.2600                   | 8,433.36                            |
|                  | <b>Information Technology - 15.46%</b>          |                            |                                     |
| 140              | Cisco Systems, Inc.                             | 60.2300                    | 8,432.20                            |
| 20               | Microsoft Corporation                           | 429.0300                   | 8,580.60                            |
| 61               | NVIDIA Corporation                              | 137.7100                   | 8,400.31                            |
| 113              | Trimble, Inc.                                   | 74.9200                    | 8,465.96                            |
|                  | <b>Real Estate - 15.21%</b>                     |                            |                                     |
| 44               | American Tower Corporation                      | 190.3900                   | 8,377.16                            |
| 47               | Digital Realty Trust, Inc.                      | 178.4300                   | 8,386.21                            |
| 9                | Equinix, Inc.                                   | 915.5900                   | 8,240.31                            |
| 76               | Prologis, Inc.                                  | 109.4800                   | 8,320.48                            |
|                  | <b>Utilities - 7.71%</b>                        |                            |                                     |
| 119              | NextEra Energy, Inc.                            | 70.7600                    | 8,420.44                            |
| 127              | Xcel Energy Inc.                                | 66.7200                    | 8,473.44                            |
|                  | <b>MASTER LIMITED PARTNERSHIPS (3) - 11.57%</b> |                            |                                     |
| 418              | Energy Transfer, L.P.                           | 20.2900                    | 8,481.22                            |
| 251              | Enterprise Products Partners, L.P.              | 33.5700                    | 8,426.07                            |
| 165              | MPLX, L.P.                                      | 51.1500                    | 8,439.75                            |
| 2,315            |   |                            | \$ 219,161.48                       |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

## **Dividend Income & Value Portfolio**

**Investment Objective.** The Portfolio seeks an attractive level of dividend income with potential for capital appreciation.

**Principal Investment Strategy.** The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a portfolio of stocks. The Portfolio is selected by Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor, using a selection process intended to identify undervalued, dividend-paying stocks that offer the potential for dividend growth.

The selection process begins with all U.S. listed stocks with generally larger market cap characteristics and applies the following screens:

- each company must have a Standard & Poor's debt rating of at least "A-", or a Moody's Investors Service, Inc. rating of at least "A3",
- each company must have a market value per share of \$5.00 or higher,
- each company must have reported positive free cash flow over the most recent twelve months,
- each stock must be rated Buy or Overweight according to consensus analyst recommendations,
- each stock must be from an industry group that, in the opinion of the Sponsor, has attractive fundamentals and is poised to perform well.

The Sponsor selects the final portfolio of 25 stocks based on dividend yield.

The stock of any affiliate of the Sponsor is excluded. In addition, a company will be excluded if, based on publicly available information at the time of selection, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Subsequent to the time the Portfolio is selected the rating for a Security in the Portfolio, or the rating of a Security's industry, may be lowered. Any such change will not in itself cause a Security to be removed from the Portfolio. The ratings, consensus recommendations and projections described above are not those of the

Sponsor or its affiliates, are subject to change at any time, and projections may not actually come to pass.

Of course, we cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective. The value of your Units may fall below the price you paid for the Units. You should read the "Risk Factors" section before you invest.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a Unitholder. For more information see "Rights of Unitholders--Rollover".

**Principal Risks.** As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- **Security prices will fluctuate.** The value of your investment may fall over time.
- **An issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared.** This may result in a reduction in the value of your Units.
- **The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units.** This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.
- **You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold.** There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.

- **We do not actively manage the Portfolio.** Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same securities even if their market value declines.

## Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

|   | <b>As a % of<br/>Public<br/>Offering<br/>Price</b> | <b>Amount<br/>Per 100<br/>Units</b> |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Sales Charge</b>                                 |  |                                     |
| Initial sales charge                                | 0.000%   | \$ 0.000                            |
| Deferred sales charge                               | 2.250  | 22.500                              |
| Creation and development fee                        | 0.500  | 5.000                               |
| Maximum sales charge                                | <u>2.750%</u>                                      | <u>\$27.500</u>                     |
|   | <b>As a % of<br/>Net<br/>Assets</b>                | <b>Amount<br/>Per 100<br/>Units</b> |
| <b>Estimated Organization Costs</b>                 | <u>0.428%</u>                                      | <u>\$4.141</u>                      |
| <b>Estimated Annual Expenses</b>                    |  |                                     |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses                | 0.164%   | \$1.588                             |
| Supervisory, bookkeeping<br>and administrative fees | <u>0.057</u>                                       | <u>0.550</u>                        |
| Total   | <u>0.221%</u>                                      | <u>\$2.138*</u>                     |

## Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust every two years subject to a sales charge of 2.75%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

|          |        |
|----------|--------|
| 1 year   | \$ 338 |
| 3 years  | 719    |
| 5 years  | 1,124  |
| 10 years | 2,040  |

\* The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above.

The maximum sales charge is 2.75% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 2.75% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.225 per Unit and accrues daily from May 10, 2025 through October 9, 2025. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price - General."

## Essential Information

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Unit Price at Initial Date of Deposit</b>         | \$10.0000  |
| <b>Initial Date of Deposit</b>                       | January 21, 2025   |
| <b>Mandatory Termination Date</b>                    | January 21, 2027   |
| <b>Historical 12 Month Distributions<sup>1</sup></b> | \$0.2717 per Unit  |
| <b>Record Dates<sup>2</sup></b>                      | 10th day of May,<br>August, November and February  |
| <b>Distribution Dates<sup>2</sup></b>                | 25th day of May,<br>August, November and February  |
| <b>CUSIP Numbers</b>                                 | Cash – 46135H723<br>Reinvest – 46135H731<br>Fee Based Cash – 46135H749<br>Fee Based Reinvest – 46135H756 |

- As of close of business on the day prior to Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio's fees and expenses, in actual income received by the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 Months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See "Rights of Unitholders - Historical 12 Month Distributions."
- The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit on such Record Date. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed on the next Distribution Date on which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.

## Dividend Income & Value Portfolio 2025-1

### Portfolio

| Number of Shares | Name of Issuer (1)                    | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                  | <b>Communication Services - 4.00%</b> |                            |                                     |
| 246              | Comcast Corporation - CL A            | \$ 36.5800                 | \$ 8,998.68                         |
|                  | <b>Consumer Staples - 24.06%</b>      |                            |                                     |
| 144              | Coca-Cola Company                     | 62.7100                    | 9,030.24                            |
| 101              | Colgate-Palmolive Company             | 88.6900                    | 8,957.69                            |
| 423              | Kenvue, Inc.                          | 21.1000                    | 8,925.30                            |
| 75               | Philip Morris International, Inc.     | 121.5900                   | 9,119.25                            |
| 56               | Procter & Gamble Company              | 161.1300                   | 9,023.28                            |
| 68               | Target Corporation                    | 133.6100                   | 9,085.48                            |
|                  | <b>Energy - 7.96%</b>                 |                            |                                     |
| 66               | EOG Resources, Inc.                   | 136.5800                   | 9,014.28                            |
| + 204            | Schlumberger, Ltd.                    | 43.5800                    | 8,890.32                            |
|                  | <b>Financials - 20.15%</b>            |                            |                                     |
| 9                | BlackRock, Inc.                       | 1,004.9600                 | 9,044.64                            |
| 104              | MetLife, Inc.                         | 86.7800                    | 9,025.12                            |
| 93               | State Street Corporation              | 97.6300                    | 9,079.59                            |
| 191              | Truist Financial Corporation          | 47.6500                    | 9,101.15                            |
| 188              | U.S. Bancorp                          | 48.3600                    | 9,091.68                            |
|                  | <b>Health Care - 11.94%</b>           |                            |                                     |
| 61               | Johnson & Johnson                     | 147.0300                   | 8,968.83                            |
| + 102            | Medtronic plc                         | 88.0800                    | 8,984.16                            |
| 91               | Merck & Company, Inc.                 | 97.9200                    | 8,910.72                            |
|                  | <b>Industrials - 7.99%</b>            |                            |                                     |
| 34               | General Dynamics Corporation          | 266.6700                   | 9,066.78                            |
| 38               | Union Pacific Corporation             | 234.2600                   | 8,901.88                            |
|                  | <b>Materials - 3.95%</b>              |                            |                                     |
| 28               | Air Products and Chemicals, Inc.      | 317.8000                   | 8,898.40                            |
|                  | <b>Real Estate - 11.94%</b>           |                            |                                     |
| 41               | AvalonBay Communities, Inc.           | 218.1400                   | 8,943.74                            |
| 81               | Prologis, Inc.                        | 109.4800                   | 8,867.88                            |
| 52               | Simon Property Group, Inc.            | 174.1400                   | 9,055.28                            |
|                  | <b>Utilities - 8.01%</b>              |                            |                                     |
| 62               | Atmos Energy Corporation              | 145.3700                   | 9,012.94                            |
| 271              | PPL Corporation                       | 33.2500                    | 9,010.75                            |
| 2,829            |                                       |                            | \$ 225,008.06                       |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

## **Turnaround Strategy Portfolio**

**Investment Objective.** The Portfolio seeks to provide the potential for above average capital appreciation.

**Principal Investment Strategy.** The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a portfolio of stocks of companies that have each underperformed relative to their peer industry group and have become potential targets of activist investors. Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. is the Sponsor of the Portfolio. Argus Investors' Counsel serves as the portfolio consultant ("Portfolio Consultant"). The Sponsor selected the Portfolio based upon recommendations provided by the Portfolio Consultant. It is believed that activist investors tend to target companies that have underperformed their peer industry group or the broad market.

The selection process begins with the stocks in the Standard & Poor's Composite 1500 Index ("S&P 1500"). The S&P 1500 combines three indices—the S&P 500, S&P MidCap 400, and S&P SmallCap 600—to form a benchmark of the broad U.S. equity market that seeks to measure the performance of widely available, liquid stocks. The selection process first implements a series of value-oriented screens to the stocks in the S&P 1500, identifying a subset of stocks that have underperformed and that retain a minimum level of financial strength. A unique proprietary rating system is then applied to the remaining stocks to identify potential targets of recognized shareholder activists.

The valuation screens focus upon price performance, total return, earnings trends and financial strength, using the following factors:

- Price performance—1-, 3- or 5-year performance in the bottom third of a company's peer industry group.
- Total return—1-, 3- or 5-year performance in the bottom third of a company's peer industry group.
- Earnings trends/potential—historical earnings below a company's peer industry group average or below analyst expectations.

- Financial strength—stocks must have a market capitalization of at least \$500 million.

The remaining stocks are rated using a proprietary process designed to identify stocks with substantial ownership by recognized activist investors. This process involves the review of the portfolios of approximately 20 activist funds, with a focus on the following factors:

- Concentration—identifies the top holdings in each activist fund portfolio expressed as either a percentage of fund holdings or in absolute dollars.
- Conviction—identifies stocks in which an activist fund portfolio owns a material stake, even if the holding is not one of the largest of the fund.

After applying a liquidity screen and a final analyst review, the highest rated stocks are selected for the Portfolio.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a Unitholder. For more information see "Rights of Unitholders--Rollover".

**Principal Risks.** As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- **Security prices will fluctuate.** The value of your investment may fall over time.

- **An issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared.** This may result in a reduction in the value of your Units.
- **The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units.** This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.
- **You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold.** There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.
- **The portfolio selection process may not be successful in identifying stocks that are targets of shareholder activism or that appreciate in value.** The Portfolio invests in stocks of underperforming companies and any shareholder activism might not result in a change in performance or corporate governance. These stocks could also experience less liquidity and higher share price and trading volume volatility than stocks of other companies.
- **We do not actively manage the Portfolio.** Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same securities even if their market value declines.

## Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

|   | <b>As a % of<br/>Public<br/>Offering<br/>Price</b> | <b>Amount<br/>Per 100<br/>Units</b> |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Sales Charge</b>                                 |  |                                     |
| Initial sales charge                                | 0.000%   | \$ 0.000                            |
| Deferred sales charge                               | 1.350  | 13.500                              |
| Creation and development fee                        | 0.500  | 5.000                               |
| Maximum sales charge                                | <u>1.850%</u>                                      | <u>\$18.500</u>                     |
|   | <b>As a % of<br/>Net<br/>Assets</b>                | <b>Amount<br/>Per 100<br/>Units</b> |
| <b>Estimated Organization Costs</b>                 | <u>0.586%</u>                                      | <u>\$5.722</u>                      |
| <b>Estimated Annual Expenses</b>                    |  |                                     |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses                | 0.248%   | \$2.419                             |
| Supervisory, bookkeeping<br>and administrative fees | <u>0.056</u>                                       | <u>0.550</u>                        |
| Total   | <u>0.304%</u>                                      | <u>\$2.969*</u>                     |

### Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust each year subject to a sales charge of 1.85%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

|          |        |
|----------|--------|
| 1 year   | \$ 272 |
| 3 years  | 834    |
| 5 years  | 1,420  |
| 10 years | 2,997  |

\* The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above.

The maximum sales charge is 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.135 per Unit and accrues daily from May 10, 2025 through October 9, 2025. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price—General."

### Essential Information

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Unit Price at Initial Date of Deposit</b>       | \$10.0000  |
| <b>Initial Date of Deposit</b>                     | January 21, 2025   |
| <b>Mandatory Termination Date</b>                  | April 22, 2026   |
| <b>Historical Annual Distributions<sup>1</sup></b> | \$0.1091 per Unit  |
| <b>Record Dates</b>                                | 10th day of May,<br>August and November  |
| <b>Distribution Dates</b>                          | 25th day of May,<br>August and November  |
| <b>CUSIP Numbers</b>                               | Cash – 46135H848<br>Reinvest – 46135H855<br>Fee Based Cash – 46135H863<br>Fee Based Reinvest – 46135H871 |

- As of close of business day prior to Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio's fees and expenses, in actual income received by the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 Months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See "Rights of Unitholders - Historical 12 Month Distributions."
- The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit on such Record Date. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed on the next Distribution Date on which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.



## Turnaround Strategy Portfolio 2025-1

### Portfolio

| Number of Shares                       | Name of Issuer (1)                           | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|--|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Communication Services - 9.99%</b>  |  |                            |                                     |
| 219                                    | Pinterest, Inc. - CL A                       | \$ 30.5300                 | \$ 6,686.07                         |
| 62                                     | Walt Disney Company                          | 107.0200                   | 6,635.24                            |
| 691                                    | Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Series A        | 9.5200                     | 6,578.32                            |
| <b>Consumer Discretionary - 13.31%</b> |  |                            |                                     |
| + 108                                  | Aptiv plc                                    | 61.1600                    | 6,605.28                            |
| 122                                    | Cracker Barrel Old Country Store, Inc.       | 54.7300                    | 6,677.06                            |
| 201                                    | MGM Resorts International                    | 32.8500                    | 6,602.85                            |
| 279                                    | V.F. Corporation                             | 23.6700                    | 6,603.93                            |
| <b>Energy - 3.35%</b>                  |  |                            |                                     |
| + 100                                  | Shell plc -ADR                               | 66.7200                    | 6,672.00                            |
| <b>Financials - 16.68%</b>             |  |                            |                                     |
| 84                                     | Citigroup, Inc.                              | 79.9900                    | 6,719.16                            |
| 84                                     | Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. | 78.7800                    | 6,617.52                            |
| 44                                     | Intercontinental Exchange, Inc.              | 149.1100                   | 6,560.84                            |
| 72                                     | PayPal Holdings, Inc.                        | 91.8100                    | 6,610.32                            |
| 87                                     | Wells Fargo & Company                        | 77.0800                    | 6,705.96                            |
| <b>Health Care - 19.83%</b>            |  |                            |                                     |
| 47                                     | Biogen, Inc.                                 | 140.5500                   | 6,605.85                            |
| 48                                     | Illumina, Inc.                               | 136.6700                   | 6,560.16                            |
| 92                                     | Incyte Corporation                           | 71.9300                    | 6,617.56                            |
| 67                                     | Merck & Company, Inc.                        | 97.9200                    | 6,560.64                            |
| 17                                     | Stryker Corporation                          | 383.4200                   | 6,518.14                            |
| 13                                     | UnitedHealth Group, Inc.                     | 509.7600                   | 6,626.88                            |
| <b>Industrials - 20.12%</b>            |  |                            |                                     |
| 39                                     | Boeing Company                               | 171.0900                   | 6,672.51                            |
| 30                                     | Honeywell International, Inc.                | 222.5800                   | 6,677.40                            |
| 27                                     | Norfolk Southern Corporation                 | 245.3400                   | 6,624.18                            |
| 14                                     | Northrop Grumman Corporation                 | 482.3800                   | 6,753.32                            |
| 55                                     | RTX Corporation                              | 121.1100                   | 6,661.05                            |
| 208                                    | Southwest Airlines Company                   | 32.1000                    | 6,676.80                            |
| <b>Information Technology - 6.70%</b>  |  |                            |                                     |
| 243                                    | Gen Digital, Inc.                            | 27.5200                    | 6,687.36                            |
| 11                                     | Intuit, Inc.                                 | 604.1300                   | 6,645.43                            |

## Turnaround Strategy Portfolio 2025-1

### Portfolio (continued)

| <b>Number<br/>of Shares</b> | <b>Name of Issuer (1)</b>                | <b>Market Value<br/>per Share (2)</b> | <b>Cost of<br/>Securities to<br/>Portfolio (2)</b> |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
|                             | <b>Materials - 6.70%</b>                 |                                       |  |
| 78                          | International Flavors & Fragrances, Inc. | \$ 84.8900                            | \$ 6,621.42  |
| 19                          | Sherwin-Williams Company                 | 353.9800                              | 6,725.62   |
|                             | <b>Utilities - 3.32%</b>                 |                                       |  |
| 189                         | Essential Utilities, Inc.                | 35.0100                               | 6,616.89   |
| <u>3,350</u>                |  |                                       | <u>\$ 199,125.76</u>                               |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

## **Notes to Portfolios**

- (1) The Securities are initially represented by “regular way” contracts to purchase the Securities. A letter of credit has been deposited with the Trustee covering the funds necessary for the purchase of the Securities as of the close of business on the last business day prior to the inception date of the Portfolio. The Sponsor has instructed the Trustee to purchase the securities on behalf of the Portfolio at the opening of business on the inception date of the Portfolio and are expected to settle within one business day (see “The Portfolios”).
  - (2) The valuation of the Securities has been determined by the Evaluator as of the close of business on the last business day prior to the inception date of the Portfolio. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820, “Fair Value Measurement,” the Portfolio’s investments are classified as Level 1, which refers to securities traded in an active market.
  - (3) Each of these securities is classified as an MLP and is expected to be treated as a “qualified publicly traded partnership” for federal tax purposes. See “Portfolio Administration” regarding the American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio’s limitation with investments in these securities.
- “+” indicates that the stock was issued by a foreign company.

## **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

*To the Sponsor and Unitholders of Invesco Unit Trusts, Series 2403:*

### Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of condition (including the related portfolio schedules) of Buyback Leaders Portfolio 2025-1, American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio 2025-1, Dividend Income & Value Portfolio 2025-1 and Turnaround Strategy Portfolio 2025-1 (included in Invesco Unit Trusts, Series 2403 (the "Trust")) as of January 21, 2025, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as of January 21, 2025, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Trust's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Trust in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Trust is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the Sponsor, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of cash or irrevocable letters of credit deposited for the purchase of securities as shown in the statements of condition as of January 21, 2025 by correspondence with The Bank of New York Mellon, Trustee. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

GRANT THORNTON LLP

We have served as the auditor of one or more of the unit investment trusts, sponsored by Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. and its predecessors, since 1976.

New York, New York  
January 21, 2025

**STATEMENTS OF CONDITION**  
**As of January 21, 2025**

|   | <b>Buyback<br/>Leaders<br/>Portfolio</b> | <b>American<br/>Infrastructure<br/>Growth<br/>Portfolio</b> | <b>Dividend<br/>Income<br/>&amp; Value<br/>Portfolio</b> | <b>Turnaround<br/>Strategy<br/>Portfolio</b> |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| <b>INVESTMENT IN SECURITIES</b>   |  |   |  |  |
| Contracts to purchase Securities (1) . . . . .  | \$ 240,136                               | \$ 219,161  | \$ 225,008   | \$ 199,126                                   |
| Total . . . . .   | <u>\$ 240,136</u>                        | <u>\$ 219,161</u>   | <u>\$ 225,008</u>  | <u>\$ 199,126</u>                            |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND INTEREST OF UNITHOLDERS</b>  |  |   |  |  |
| Liabilities--   |  |   |  |  |
| Organization costs (2) . . . . .  | \$ 844                                   | \$ 1,055  | \$ 932   | \$ 1,139                                     |
| Deferred sales charge liability (3) . . . . .   | 5,403                                    | 4,931   | 5,063  | 2,688  |
| Creation and development fee liability (4) . . . . .  | 1,201                                    | 1,096   | 1,125  | 996  |
| Interest of Unitholders--   |  |   |  |  |
| Cost to investors (5) . . . . .   | 240,136                                  | 219,161   | 225,008  | 199,126                                      |
| Less: deferred sales charge, creation and<br>development fee and organization<br>costs (2)(4)(5)(6) . . . . . | <u>7,448</u>                             | <u>7,082</u>  | <u>7,120</u>   | <u>4,823</u>                                 |
| Net interest to Unitholders (5) . . . . .   | <u>232,688</u>                           | <u>212,079</u>  | <u>217,888</u>   | <u>194,303</u>                               |
| Total . . . . .   | <u>\$ 240,136</u>                        | <u>\$ 219,161</u>   | <u>\$ 225,008</u>  | <u>\$ 199,126</u>                            |
| Units outstanding . . . . .   | <u>24,014</u>                            | <u>21,917</u>   | <u>22,501</u>  | <u>19,913</u>                                |
| Net asset value per Unit . . . . .  | <u>\$ 9.690</u>                          | <u>\$ 9.677</u>   | <u>\$ 9.684</u>  | <u>\$ 9.758</u>                              |

- (1) The value of the Securities is determined by the Evaluator on the bases set forth under "Public Offering--Unit Price". The contracts to purchase Securities are collateralized by an irrevocable letter of credit which has been deposited with the Trustee.
- (2) A portion of the Public Offering Price represents an amount sufficient to pay for all or a portion of the costs incurred in establishing the Portfolio. The amount of these costs are set forth in the "Fee Table". A distribution will be made as of the earlier of the close of the initial offering period (approximately three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit to an account maintained by the Trustee from which the organization expense obligation of the investors will be satisfied. To the extent that actual organization costs of the Portfolio are greater than the estimated amount, only the estimated organization costs added to the Public Offering Price will be reimbursed to the Sponsor and deducted from the assets of the Portfolio.
- (3) Represents the amount of mandatory distributions from the Portfolio on the bases set forth under "Public Offering".
- (4) The creation and development fee is payable by the Portfolio on behalf of Unitholders out of the assets of the Portfolio as of the close of the initial offering period. If Units are redeemed prior to the close of the initial public offering period, the fee will not be deducted from the proceeds.
- (5) The aggregate public offering price and the aggregate sales charge are computed on the bases set forth under "Public Offering".
- (6) Assumes the maximum sales charge.

## THE PORTFOLIOS

---

Each Portfolio was created under the laws of the State of New York pursuant to a Trust Indenture and Trust Agreement (the "Trust Agreement"), dated the date of this prospectus (the "Initial Date of Deposit"), among Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., as Sponsor and Evaluator, Invesco Investment Advisers LLC as Supervisor, and The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee.

Each Portfolio offers investors the opportunity to purchase Units representing proportionate interests in a portfolio of securities. A Portfolio may be an appropriate medium for investors who desire to participate in a portfolio of securities with greater diversification than they might be able to acquire individually.

On the Initial Date of Deposit, the Sponsor deposited contracts to purchase Securities and an irrevocable letter of credit in the amount required for these purchases with the Trustee. In exchange for these contracts the Trustee delivered to the Sponsor documentation evidencing the ownership of Units of each Portfolio. Unless otherwise terminated as provided in the Trust Agreement, each Portfolio will terminate on the Mandatory Termination Date and any remaining Securities will be liquidated or distributed by the Trustee within a reasonable time. As used in this prospectus the term "Securities" means the securities (including contracts to purchase these securities) listed in a "Portfolio" and any additional securities deposited into the Portfolio.

Additional Units of a Portfolio may be issued at any time by depositing in the Portfolio (i) additional Securities, (ii) contracts to purchase Securities together with cash or irrevocable letters of credit or (iii) cash (or a letter of credit or the equivalent) with instructions to purchase additional Securities. As additional Units are issued by a Portfolio, the aggregate value of the Securities will be increased and the fractional undivided interest represented by each Unit may be decreased. The Sponsor may continue to make additional deposits into a Portfolio following the Initial Date of Deposit provided that the additional deposits will be in amounts which will maintain, as nearly as practicable, the same percentage relationship among the number of shares of each Security in the Portfolio that existed immediately prior to the subsequent deposit. Investors

may experience a dilution of their investments and a reduction in their anticipated income because of fluctuations in the prices of the Securities between the time of the deposit and the purchase of the Securities and because the Portfolios will pay the associated brokerage or acquisition fees. In addition, during the initial offering of Units it may not be possible to buy a particular Security due to regulatory or trading restrictions, or corporate actions. While such limitations are in effect, additional Units would be created by purchasing each of the Securities in your Portfolio that are not subject to those limitations. This would also result in the dilution of the investment in any such Security not purchased and potential variances in anticipated income. Purchases and sales of Securities by your Portfolio may impact the value of the Securities. This may especially be the case during the initial offering of Units, upon Portfolio termination and in the course of satisfying large Unit redemptions.

Each Unit of your Portfolio initially offered represents an undivided interest in the Portfolio. At the close of the New York Stock Exchange on the Initial Date of Deposit, the number of Units may be adjusted so that the Public Offering Price per Unit equals \$10. The number of Units, fractional interest of each Unit in your Portfolio, and the per Unit amount of "Historical 12 Month Distributions," as presented under "Essential Information," will increase or decrease to the extent of any adjustment. To the extent that any Units are redeemed to the Trustee or additional Units are issued as a result of additional Securities being deposited by the Sponsor, the fractional undivided interest in your Portfolio represented by each unredeemed Unit will increase or decrease accordingly, although the actual interest in your Portfolio will remain unchanged. Units will remain outstanding until redeemed upon tender to the Trustee by Unitholders, which may include the Sponsor, or until the termination of the Trust Agreement.

Your Portfolio consists of (a) the Securities (including contracts for the purchase thereof) listed under "Portfolio" as may continue to be held from time to time in the Portfolio, (b) any additional Securities acquired and held by the Portfolio pursuant to the provisions of the Trust Agreement and (c) any cash held in the related Income and Capital Accounts. Neither the Sponsor nor the Trustee shall be liable in any way for any contract failure in any of the Securities.

## OBJECTIVE AND SECURITIES SELECTION

---

The objective and investment strategy of each Portfolio is described in the individual Portfolio sections. There is no assurance that a Portfolio will achieve its objective.

The S&P 500 Buyback Index (the “Index”) is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC (“S&P DJI”) and has been licensed for use by Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. with regard to the Buyback Leaders Portfolio. “Standard & Poor’s”, and “S&P” are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor’s Financial Services LLC (“S&P”); and these trademarks have been licensed for use by S&P DJI and sublicensed for certain purposes by Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. The Buyback Leaders Portfolio is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by S&P DJI, S&P, their respective affiliates, and none of such parties make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in such product(s) nor do they have any liability for any errors, omissions, or interruptions of the Index.

*Except as described herein, the publishers of the Index have not participated in any way in the creation of the Portfolio or in the selection of stocks included in the Portfolio and have not approved any information herein relating thereto. The publishers of the Index are not affiliated with the Sponsor.*

*Turnaround Strategy Portfolio.* Argus Investors’ Counsel serves as the Portfolio Consultant for the Portfolio. The Portfolio Consultant is not an affiliate of the Sponsor. The Portfolio Consultant may use the applicable list of Securities in its independent capacity as an investment adviser and distribute this information to various individuals and entities.

The Portfolio Consultant may recommend or effect transactions in the Securities. This may have an adverse effect on the prices of the Securities. This also may have an impact on the price the Portfolio pays for the Securities and the price received upon Unit redemptions or Portfolio termination. The Portfolio Consultant may act as agent or principal in connection with the purchase and sale of equity securities, including the Securities, and may act as a market maker in the Securities. The Portfolio Consultant may also issue reports and make recommendations on the Securities. The Portfolio Consultant’s research

departments may receive compensation based on commissions generated by research and/or sales of Units. The Portfolio is not sponsored, sold or promoted by the Portfolio Consultant and the Portfolio Consultant does not determine investor suitability.

Neither the Portfolio Consultant, if any, nor the Sponsor manages your Portfolio. You should note that the Sponsor applied the selection criteria to the Securities for inclusion in the Portfolio prior to the Initial Date of Deposit. After the initial selection date, the Securities may no longer meet the selection criteria. Should a Security no longer meet the selection criteria, we will generally not remove the Security from its Portfolio. In offering the Units to the public, neither the Sponsor nor any broker-dealers are recommending any of the individual Securities but rather the entire pool of Securities in the Portfolio, taken as a whole, which are represented by the Units.

*Argus.* The Argus Research Group, Inc. (the “Group”) is the parent company of the Portfolio Consultant, Argus Research Company (“Argus Research”), and Vickers Stock Research Corporation (“Vickers Stock Research”). The design of the Argus Turnaround Strategy was led by the investment policy committee of the Argus Research division, and drew on the strengths and talents of each of the Portfolio Consultant, Argus Research, and Vickers Stock Research.

The Portfolio Consultant is the Group’s money management division and was incorporated in 1960. Argus Research, founded in 1934, is an independent investment research firm that offers forecasts and ratings on the U.S. economy, interest rates and hundreds of domestic and international companies. Argus Research’s team of more than 25 research professionals employs a proprietary, fundamental approach to analyze the companies in its universe of coverage. Analyses and actionable ideas are distributed to clients in various ways, including via the Internet, the daily notes service, in-depth reports, custom screening services, and conference calls and consultations. Vickers Stock Research is the Group’s data and technology division, providing the investment community information and analytics on transactions and holdings of corporate officials, significant shareholders and institutions. In addition to the data, Vickers Stock Research’s core

strength is its computer programming and quantitative analytics department.

## **RISK FACTORS**

---

All investments involve risk. This section describes the main risks that can impact the value of the securities in your Portfolio. You should understand these risks before you invest. If the value of the securities falls, the value of your Units will also fall. We cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective or that your investment return will be positive over any period.

**Market Risk.** Market risk is the risk that the value of the securities in your Portfolio will fluctuate. This could cause the value of your Units to fall below your original purchase price. Market value fluctuates in response to various factors. These can include changes in interest rates, inflation, the financial condition of a security's issuer, perceptions of the issuer, or ratings on a security of the issuer. Certain geopolitical and other events, including environmental events and public health events such as epidemics and pandemics, may have a global impact and add to instability in world economies and markets generally. Changing economic, political or financial market conditions in one country or geographic region could adversely affect the market value of the securities held by your Portfolio in a different country or geographic region due to increasingly interconnected global economies and financial markets.

For example, following Russia's invasion of Ukraine in late February 2022, various countries, including the United States, members of NATO and the European Union ("EU"), issued broad-ranging economic sanctions against Russia and Belarus. The resulting responses to the military actions (and potential further sanctions in response to continued military activity), the potential for military escalation and other corresponding events, have had, and could continue to have, severe negative effects on regional and global economic and financial markets, including increased volatility, reduced liquidity and overall uncertainty. The negative impacts may be particularly acute in certain industries including, but not limited to, energy, financials, commodities, engineering, and defense. This could affect the value of your Portfolio's investments, beyond any direct

investment exposure the Portfolio may have to Russian issuers or the adjoining geographic regions. Russia may take additional counter measures or retaliatory actions (including cyberattacks), which could exacerbate negative consequences on global financial markets. Furthermore, the more recent hostilities by Hamas and Iran against Israel, and the possibility of further military escalation in the Middle East, may negatively impact certain sectors and possibly certain securities in your Portfolio. The duration of ongoing hostilities and corresponding sanctions and related events cannot be predicted. The foregoing may result in a negative impact on your Portfolio's performance and the value of an investment in your Portfolio, even beyond any direct investment exposure your Portfolio may have to issuers located or operating in the affected or adjoining geographic regions.

Even though your Portfolio is supervised, you should remember that we do not manage your Portfolio. Your Portfolio will not sell a security solely because the market value falls as is possible in a managed fund.

**Dividend and Distribution Payment Risk.** Dividend and distribution payment risk is the risk that an issuer of a security in your Portfolio is unable or unwilling to make dividend payments, or issue distributions. Stocks represent ownership interests in the issuers and are not obligations of the issuers. The MLPs in the American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio issue periodic distributions and do not declare dividends, as discussed below in "Master Limited Partnership Risk". Common stockholders have a right to receive dividends only after the company has provided for payment of its creditors, bondholders and preferred stockholders. Common stocks do not assure dividend payments. Dividends are paid only when declared by an issuer's board of directors and the amount of any dividend may vary over time. If dividends or distributions received by your Portfolio are insufficient to cover expenses, redemptions or other Portfolio costs, it may be necessary for your Portfolio to sell Securities to cover such expenses, redemptions or other costs. Any such sales may result in capital gains or losses to you. See "Taxation".

**Index Correlation.** Although the Buyback Leaders Portfolio will consist of stocks from the Index, the Portfolio does not seek to replicate all of the components of the Index or its component weightings and the stocks in the



Portfolio will not change if the index components, or their weightings within the Index, change. Additionally, the components of the Index as of the Initial Date of Deposit may vary from the Index components considered for selection into your Portfolio. The performance of your Portfolio will not correspond with the Index for these reasons and because your Portfolio incurs a sales charge and expenses.

**Master Limited Partnership Risk.** The American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio invests in MLPs. MLPs are generally organized as limited partnerships or limited liability companies that are taxed as partnerships and whose equity shares (limited partnership units or limited liability company units) are traded on securities exchanges like shares of common stock. An MLP generally consists of a general partner and limited partners. The general partner manages the partnership, has an ownership stake in the partnership (generally around 2%) and may hold incentive distribution rights, which entitle the general partner to a higher percentage of cash distributions as cash flows grow over time. The limited partners own the majority of the shares in an MLP, but generally do not have a role in the operation and management of the partnership and do not have voting rights. MLPs generally distribute nearly all of their income to investors (generally around 90%) in the form of quarterly distributions. MLPs are not required to pay out a certain percentage of income but are able to do so because they do not pay corporate taxes.

Currently, most MLPs operate in the energy sector, with a particular emphasis on the midstream sectors of the energy value chain, which includes the infrastructure necessary to transport, refine and store oil and gas. Investments in MLP interests are subject to the risks generally applicable to companies in the energy and natural resources industries, including commodity pricing risk, supply and demand risk, depletion risk and exploration risk. In addition, the potential for regulatory or legislative changes that could impact the highly regulated industries in which MLPs invest remains a significant risk to the segment. Since MLPs typically distribute most of their free cash flow, they are often heavily dependent upon access to capital markets to facilitate continued growth. A severe economic downturn could reduce the ability of MLPs to access capital markets and could also reduce profitability by reducing energy

demand. Certain MLPs may be subject to additional liquidity risk due to limited trading volumes.

There are certain tax risks associated with MLPs to which your Portfolio may be exposed, including the risk that regulatory or legislative changes could limit or eliminate the tax benefits enjoyed by MLPs. These tax risks, and any adverse determination with respect thereto, could have a negative impact on the after-tax income available for distribution by the MLPs and/or the value of your Portfolio's investments.

**Strategy Risk.** The selection process applied with respect to the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio may not be successful in identifying stocks that are targets of shareholder activism or that appreciate in value. The Portfolio Consultant's selection strategy identifies companies that have exhibited poor price and earnings performance in recent periods. There is no assurance that any shareholder activism will result in any actual change in the performance of the stocks of the companies in the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio or any change in corporate governance. These companies could continue to exhibit below average performance and the economic condition of these companies could worsen beyond current conditions, including the possibility of filing cases for bankruptcy protection.

**Sector Risks.** Your Portfolio invests significantly in certain sectors. Any negative impact on the related Sector will have a greater impact on the value of Units than on a portfolio diversified over several sectors. You should understand the risks of these sectors before you invest.

The relative weighting or composition of your Portfolio may change during the life of your Portfolio. Following the Initial Date of Deposit, the Sponsor intends to issue additional Units by depositing in your Portfolio additional securities in a manner consistent with the provisions described in the above section entitled "The Portfolio". As described in that section, it may not be possible to retain or continue to purchase one or more Securities in your Portfolio. In addition, due to certain limited circumstances described under "Portfolio Administration", the composition of the Securities in your Portfolio may change. Accordingly, the fluctuations in the relative weighting or composition of your Portfolio may result in

concentrations (25% or more of a Portfolio's assets) in securities of a particular type, sector and/or geographic region. As of the Initial Date of Deposit, each Portfolio was significantly invested in the following to the extent described below.

*Consumer Discretionary and Consumer Staples Issuers.* The Buyback Leaders Portfolio and the Dividend Income & Value Portfolio invest significantly in companies that manufacture or sell various consumer products. General risks of these companies include the overall state of the economy, intense competition and consumer spending trends. A decline in the economy which results in a reduction of consumers' disposable income can negatively impact spending habits. Global factors including political developments, imposition of import controls, fluctuations in oil prices, and changes in exchange rates may adversely affect issuers of consumer products and services.

Competitiveness in the retail sector may require large capital outlays for the installation of automated checkout equipment to control inventory, track the sale of items and gauge the success of sales campaigns. Retailers who sell their products over the Internet have the potential to access more consumers, but may require sophisticated technology to remain competitive. Changes in demographics and consumer tastes can also affect the demand for, and the success of, consumer products and services in the marketplace. Consumer products and services companies may be subject to government regulation affecting their products and operations which may negatively impact performance. Tobacco companies may be adversely affected by new laws, regulations and litigation.

*Financial Services Issuers.* The Buyback Leaders Portfolio, the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio and the Dividend Income & Value Portfolio invest significantly in financial services companies. Companies in the financial services sector include, but are not limited to, companies involved in activities such as banking, mortgage finance, consumer finance, specialized finance, industrial finance and leasing, investment banking and brokerage, asset management and custody, corporate lending, insurance, and financial investment. In general, financial services issuers are substantially affected by changes in economic and market conditions, including: the liquidity and volatility levels in the global financial markets; interest rates, as well

as currency and commodities prices; investor sentiment; the rate of corporate and consumer defaults; inflation and unemployment; the availability and cost of capital and credit; exposure to various geographic markets or in commercial and residential real estate; competition from new entrants in their fields of business; extensive government regulation; and the overall health of the U.S. and international economies. Due to the wide variety of companies in the financial services sector, they may behave and react in different ways in response to changes in economic and market conditions.

Companies in the financial services sector are subject to several distinct risks. Such companies may be subject to systematic risk, which may result due to factors outside the control of a particular financial institution — like the failure of another, significant financial institution or material disruptions to the credit markets — that could adversely affect the ability of the financial institution to operate normally or may impair its financial condition. Financial services companies are typically affected by changes in interest rates, and may be disproportionately affected as a result of volatile and/ or rising interest rates.

Certain financial services companies may themselves have concentrated portfolios, which makes them vulnerable to economic conditions that affect that sector. Companies in this sector are often subject to credit risk, meaning they may have exposure to investments or agreements which under certain circumstances may lead to losses.

The financial services sector may be adversely affected by global developments including recessionary conditions, deterioration in the credit markets and concerns over sovereign debt. This may increase the credit risk, and possibility of default, of bonds issued by such institutions faced with these problems. In addition, the liquidity of certain debt instruments may be reduced or eliminated due to the lack of available market makers. There can be no assurance that the risks associated with investment in financial services issuers will decrease even assuming that the U.S. and/or foreign governments and agencies take steps to address problems that may arise.

Most financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation, which limits their

activities and may affect their ability to earn a profit from a given line of business. This also exposes financial services issuers to regulatory risk, where certain financial services companies may suffer setbacks if regulators change the rules under which they operate. Challenging economic and political conditions, along with increased public scrutiny during the past several years, led to new legislation and increased regulation in the U.S. and abroad, creating additional difficulties for financial institutions. Regulatory initiatives and requirements that were proposed around the world may be inconsistent or may conflict with previous regulations to which financial services issuers were subject, thereby resulting in higher compliance and legal costs, as well as the potential for higher operational, capital and liquidity costs. Proposed or enacted regulations may further limit the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments certain financial services issuers can make, and further, may limit the interest rates and fees they can charge, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain. These laws and regulations may affect the manner in which a particular financial institution does business and the products and services it may provide. Increased regulation may restrict a company's ability to compete in its current businesses or to enter into or acquire new businesses. New regulations may reduce or limit a company's revenue or impose additional fees, limit the scope of their activities, increase assessments or taxes on those companies and intensify regulatory supervision, adversely affecting business operations or leading to other negative consequences.

Among the most prominent pieces of U.S. legislation following the 2008 financial crisis was the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act"), enacted into federal law on July 21, 2010. The Dodd-Frank Act included reforms and refinements to modernize existing laws to address emerging risks and issues in the nation's evolving financial system. It also established entirely new regulatory regimes, including in areas such as systemic risk regulation, over-the-counter derivatives market oversight, and federal consumer protection. The Dodd-Frank Act intended to cover virtually all participants in the financial services sector for years to come, including banks, thrifts,

depository institution holding companies, mortgage lenders, insurance companies, industrial loan companies, broker-dealers and other securities and investment advisory firms, private equity and hedge funds, consumers, numerous federal agencies and the federal regulatory structure. In particular, certain provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act increased the capital requirements of certain financial services companies supervised by the Federal Reserve, resulting in such companies incurring generally higher deposit premiums. These types of regulatory changes led to some adverse effects on certain financial services issuers and decreases in such issuers' profits or revenues.

The Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief and Consumer Protection Act (the "Relief Act"), enacted into federal law on May 23, 2018, introduced changes on several aspects of the U.S. financial sector. The Relief Act dilutes some of the stringent regulations imposed by the Dodd-Frank Act and aims to make things easier for small and medium-sized U.S. banks – however, all banks will remain regulated. Although the Relief Act has resulted in the roll-back of certain provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act, the Sponsor is unable to predict whether financial services issuers will be further impacted by the law.

Financial services companies operating in foreign countries are also subject to regulatory and interest rate concerns. In particular, government regulation in certain foreign countries may include controls on interest rates, credit availability, prices and currency transfers. The departure of any EU member from use of the Euro could lead to serious disruptions to foreign exchanges, operations and settlements, which may have an adverse effect on financial services issuers. More recently, there is particular uncertainty regarding the state of the EU following the United Kingdom's ("U.K.") official exit from the EU on January 31, 2020 ("Brexit"). While a trade deal was negotiated and provisionally went into effect on January 1, 2021, Brexit marks the first time that a significant member of the EU will have left. The precise impact of the Brexit decision will only become clearer as Brexit progresses. The effect that Brexit may have on the global financial markets is uncertain. No one can predict the impact that these factors could have on the securities held by your Portfolio.

Commercial banks (including “money center” regional and community banks), savings and loan associations and holding companies of the foregoing are especially subject to adverse effects of volatile interest rates, concentrations of loans in particular industries or classifications (such as real estate, energy, or sub-prime mortgages), and significant competition. The profitability of these businesses is to a significant degree dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds. Economic conditions in the real estate market may have a particularly strong effect on certain banks and savings associations. Commercial banks and savings associations are subject to extensive federal and, in many instances, state regulation. Neither such extensive regulation nor the federal insurance of deposits ensures the solvency or profitability of companies in this sector, and there is no assurance against losses in securities issued by such companies.

Insurance companies are particularly subject to government regulation and rate setting, potential antitrust and tax law changes, and sector-wide pricing and competition cycles. Property and casualty insurance companies also may be affected by weather, terrorism, long-term climate changes, and other catastrophes. Life and health insurance companies may be affected by mortality and morbidity rates, including the effects of epidemics. Individual insurance companies may be exposed to reserve inadequacies, problems in investment portfolios (for example, real estate or “junk” bond holdings) and failures of reinsurance carriers.

Many of the investment considerations discussed in connection with banks and insurance companies also apply to other financial services companies. These companies are subject to extensive regulation, rapid business changes, and volatile performance dependent on the availability and cost of capital and prevailing interest rates and significant competition. General economic conditions significantly affect these companies. Credit and other losses resulting from the financial difficulty of borrowers or other third parties have a potentially adverse effect on companies in this sector. Investment banking, securities brokerage and investment advisory companies are particularly subject to government regulation and the risks inherent in securities trading and underwriting activities.

The financial condition of customers, clients and counterparties, including other financial institutions, could adversely affect financial services issuers. Financial services issuers are interrelated as a result of market making, trading, clearing or other counterparty relationships. Many of these transactions expose financial services issuers to credit risk as a result of the actions of, or deterioration in, the commercial soundness of other counterparty financial institutions. Economic and market conditions may increase credit exposures due to the increased risk of customer, client or counterparty default. Downgrades to the credit ratings of financial services issuers could have a negative effect on liquidity, cash flows, competitive position, financial condition and results of operations by significantly limiting access to funding or capital markets, increasing borrowing costs or triggering increased collateral requirements. Financial services issuers face significant legal risk, both from regulatory investigations and proceedings, as well as private actions. Profit margins of these companies continue to shrink due to the commoditization of traditional businesses, new competitors, capital expenditures on new technology and the pressure to compete globally.

*Industrials Issuers.* The American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio is concentrated, and the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio invests significantly in, industrials companies. General risks of industrials companies include the general state of the economy, intense competition, imposition of import controls, volatility in commodity prices, currency exchange rate fluctuation, consolidation, labor relations, domestic and international politics, excess capacity and consumer spending trends. Companies in the industrials sector may be adversely affected by liability for environmental damage and product liability claims. Capital goods companies may also be significantly affected by overall capital spending and leverage levels, economic cycles, technical obsolescence, delays in modernization, limitations on supply of key materials, depletion of resources, government regulations, government contracts and e-commerce initiatives.

Industrials companies may also be affected by factors more specific to their individual industries. Industrial machinery manufacturers may be subject to declines in commercial and consumer demand and the need for

modernization. Aerospace and defense companies may be influenced by decreased demand for new equipment, aircraft order cancellations, disputes over or ability to obtain or retain government contracts, changes in government budget priorities, changes in aircraft-leasing contracts and cutbacks in profitable business travel. The number of housing starts, levels of public and non-residential construction including weakening demand for new office and retail space, and overall construction spending may adversely affect construction materials and equipment manufacturers. Stocks of transportation companies are cyclical and can be significantly affected by economic changes, fuel prices and insurance costs. Transportation companies in certain countries may also be subject to significant government regulation and oversight, which may negatively impact their businesses.

*Information Technology Issuers.* The American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio invests significantly in companies in the information technology sector. These companies include companies that are involved in computer and business services, enterprise software/technical software, Internet and computer software, Internet-related services, networking and telecommunications equipment, telecommunications services, electronics products, server hardware, computer hardware and peripherals, semiconductor capital equipment and semiconductors. These companies face risks related to rapidly changing technology, rapid product obsolescence, cyclical market patterns, evolving sector standards and frequent new product introductions.

Companies in this sector face risks from rapid changes in technology, competition, dependence on certain suppliers and supplies, rapid obsolescence of products or services, patent termination, frequent new products and government regulation. These companies can also be adversely affected by interruption or reduction in supply of components or loss of key customers and failure to comply with certain sector standards.

An unexpected change in technology can have a significant negative impact on a company. The failure of a company to introduce new products or technologies or keep pace with rapidly changing technology can have a negative impact on the company's results. Information technology companies may also be smaller and/or less

experienced companies with limited product lines, markets or resources. Stocks of some Internet companies have high price-to-earnings ratios with little or no earnings histories. Information technology stocks tend to experience substantial price volatility and speculative trading. Announcements about new products, technologies, operating results or marketing alliances can cause stock prices to fluctuate dramatically. At times, however, extreme price and volume fluctuations are unrelated to the operating performance of a company. This can impact your ability to redeem your Units at a price equal to or greater than what you paid.

*Real Estate Companies.* The American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio invests significantly in real estate investment companies which consist primarily of real estate investment trusts ("REITs"), and, to a lesser extent, real estate operating companies ("REOCs") (collectively "real estate companies"). You should understand the risks of real estate companies before you invest. Many factors can have an adverse impact on the performance of a particular real estate company, including its cash available for distribution, the credit quality of a particular real estate company or the real estate sector generally. The success of real estate companies depends on various factors, including the quality of property management, occupancy and rent levels, appreciation of the underlying property and the ability to raise rents on those properties. Economic recession, over-building, tax law changes, environmental issues, higher interest rates or excessive speculation can all negatively impact these companies, their future earnings and share prices.

Risks associated with the direct ownership of real estate include, among other factors,

- general U.S. and global as well as local economic conditions,
- decline in real estate values,
- possible lack of availability of mortgage funds,
- the financial health of tenants,
- over-building and increased competition for tenants,
- over-supply of properties for sale,
- changing demographics,

- changes in interest rates, tax rates and other operating expenses,
- changes in government regulations,
- faulty construction and the ongoing need for capital improvements,
- regulatory and judicial requirements, including relating to liability for environmental hazards,
- the ongoing financial strength and viability of government sponsored enterprises, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac,
- changes in neighborhood values and buyer demand, and
- the unavailability of construction financing or mortgage loans at rates acceptable to developers.

Variations in rental income and space availability and vacancy rates in terms of supply and demand are additional factors affecting real estate generally and real estate companies in particular. Properties owned by a company may not be adequately insured against certain losses and may be subject to significant environmental liabilities, including remediation costs.

You should also be aware that real estate companies may not be diversified and are subject to the risks of financing projects. The real estate sector may be cyclical, and, if your Portfolio acquires securities at or near the top of the cycle, there is increased risk of a decline in value of the securities during the life of your Portfolio.

Real estate companies are also subject to defaults by borrowers and the market's perception of the real estate sector generally.

Because of the structure of certain real estate companies, and legal requirements in many countries that these companies distribute a certain minimum amount of their taxable income to shareholders annually, real estate companies often require frequent amounts of new funding, through both borrowing money and issuing stock. Thus, many real estate companies historically have frequently issued substantial amounts of new equity shares (or equivalents) to purchase or build new properties. This may have adversely affected security market prices.

Both existing and new share issuances may have an adverse effect on these prices in the future, especially when companies continue to issue stock when real estate prices are relatively high and stock prices are relatively low.

**Health Care Issuers.** The Turnaround Strategy Portfolio and Buyback Leaders Portfolio invest significantly in health care companies. These issuers include companies involved in advanced medical devices and instruments, drugs and biotechnology, managed care, hospital management/health services and medical supplies. Companies in the health care sector are subject to extensive government regulation, which can have a significant impact on their profitability, and may be impacted by any reductions in government funding for health care related research.

Health care companies also face the risk of increasing competition from new products or services, generic drug sales, and product obsolescence. The research and development costs of bringing a new drug or medical product to market are substantial and this process involves lengthy government review with no guarantee that the product will ever come to market. The failure to gain approval for a new drug or product can have a substantial negative effect on a company and its stock. Companies in the health care sector are also heavily dependent on obtaining and defending patents, which may be time consuming and costly, and the expiration of patents may also adversely affect the profitability of these companies. Additionally, the goods and services of health care issuers are subject to risks of malpractice claims, product liability claims or other litigation.

Health care facility operators face risks related to demand for services, the ability of the facility to provide required services, an increased emphasis on outpatient services, confidence in the facility, management capabilities, competitive forces that may result in price discounting, efforts by insurers and government agencies to limit rates, expenses, the cost and possible unavailability of malpractice insurance, and termination or restriction of government financial assistance (such as Medicare, Medicaid or similar programs).

**Legislation/Litigation.** From time to time, various legislative initiatives are proposed in the United States and abroad which may have a negative impact on certain of the companies represented in your Portfolio or on the tax treatment of your Portfolio or of your investment in your Portfolio. In addition, litigation regarding any of the issuers of the Securities or of the sectors represented by these issuers may negatively impact the share prices of these Securities. No one can predict what impact any pending or threatened litigation will have on the share prices of the Securities.

**Liquidity Risk.** Liquidity risk is the risk that the value of a security will fall if trading in the security is limited or absent. The market for certain investments may become less liquid or illiquid due to adverse changes in the conditions of a particular issuer or due to adverse market or economic conditions. In the absence of a liquid trading market for a particular security, the price at which such security may be sold to meet redemptions, as well as the value of the Units of your Portfolio, may be adversely affected. No one can guarantee that a liquid trading market will exist for any security.

**Cybersecurity Risk.** With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, your Portfolio may be susceptible to operational, information security and related risks. Cybersecurity incidents involving your Portfolio and its service providers (including, without limitation, the Sponsor and the Trustee) have the ability to cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, impediments to trading, the inability of Unitholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, and/or additional compliance costs. Similar adverse consequences could result from cybersecurity incidents affecting issuers of securities in which your Portfolio invests, counterparties with which your Portfolio engages, governmental and other regulatory authorities, exchanges and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, other financial institutions and other parties. Your Portfolio and its Unitholders could be negatively impacted as a result.

**No FDIC Guarantee.** An investment in your Portfolio is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

## **PUBLIC OFFERING**

---

**General.** Units are offered at the Public Offering Price which consists of the net asset value per Unit plus organization costs plus the sales charge. The net asset value per Unit is the value of the securities, cash and other assets in your Portfolio reduced by the liabilities of the Portfolio divided by the total Units outstanding. The maximum sales charge equals 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit for the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio and 2.75% of the Public Offering Price per Unit for the Buyback Leaders Portfolio, Dividend Income & Value Portfolio and American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio (1.885% and 2.828% of the aggregate offering price of the Securities, respectively) at the time of purchase.

The initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge amount (maximum of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit for the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio and 2.75% of the Public Offering Price per Unit for the Buyback Leaders Portfolio, Dividend Income & Value Portfolio and American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio) and the sum of the remaining fixed dollar deferred sales charge and the fixed dollar creation and development fee (initially \$0.185 per Unit for the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio and \$0.275 per Unit for the Buyback Leaders Portfolio, Dividend Income & Value Portfolio and American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio). Depending on the Public Offering Price per Unit, you pay the initial sales charge at the time you buy Units. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.135 per Unit for the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio and \$0.225 per Unit for the Buyback Leaders Portfolio, Dividend Income & Value Portfolio and American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio. Your Portfolio pays the deferred sales charge in installments as described in the "Fee Table." If any deferred sales charge payment date is not a business day, we will charge the payment on the next business day. If you purchase Units after the initial deferred sales charge payment, you will only pay that portion of the payments not yet collected. If you redeem or sell your Units prior to

collection of the total deferred sales charge, you will pay any remaining deferred sales charge upon redemption or sale of your Units. The initial and deferred sales charges are referred to as the “transactional sales charge.” The transactional sales charge does not include the creation and development fee which compensates the Sponsor for creating and developing your Portfolio and is described under “Expenses.” The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit. Your Portfolio pays the creation and development fee as of the close of the initial offering period as described in the “Fee Table.” If you redeem or sell your Units prior to collection of the creation and development fee, you will not pay the creation and development fee upon redemption or sale of your Units. After the initial offering period the maximum sales charge will be reduced by 0.50%, reflecting the previous collection of the creation and development fee. Because the deferred sales charge and creation and development fee are fixed dollar amounts per Unit, the actual charges will exceed the percentages shown in the “Fee Table” if the Public Offering Price per Unit falls below \$10 and will be less than the percentages shown in the “Fee Table” if the Public Offering Price per Unit exceeds \$10. In no event will the maximum total sales charge exceed 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit for the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio or 2.75% of the Public Offering Price per Unit for the Buyback Leaders Portfolio, Dividend Income & Value Portfolio and American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio.

The “Fee Table” shows the sales charge calculation at a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. At a \$10 Public Offering Price, there is no initial sales charge during the initial offering period. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, you will pay an initial sales charge equal to the difference between the total sales charge and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. For example, with respect to the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio, if the Public Offering Price per Unit rose to \$14, the maximum sales charge would be \$0.259 (1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit), consisting of an initial sales charge of \$0.074, a deferred sales charge of \$0.135 and the creation and development fee of \$0.050. With respect to the Buyback Leaders Portfolio, Dividend Income & Value Portfolio and American

Infrastructure Growth Portfolio, if the Public Offering Price per Unit rose to \$14, the maximum sales charge would be \$0.385 (2.75% of the Public Offering Price per Unit), consisting of an initial sales charge of \$0.110, a deferred sales charge of \$0.225 and the creation and development fee of \$0.050. Since the deferred sales charge and creation and development fee are fixed dollar amounts per Unit, your Portfolio must charge these amounts per Unit regardless of any decrease in net asset value. However, if the Public Offering Price per Unit falls to the extent that the maximum sales charge percentage results in a dollar amount that is less than the combined fixed dollar amounts of the deferred sales charge and creation and development fee, your initial sales charge will be a credit equal to the amount by which these fixed dollar charges exceed your sales charge at the time you buy Units. In such a situation, the value of securities per Unit would exceed the Public Offering Price per Unit by the amount of the initial sales charge credit and the value of those securities will fluctuate, which could result in a benefit or detriment to Unitholders that purchase Units at that price. The initial sales charge credit is paid by the Sponsor and is not paid by your Portfolio. With respect to the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio, if the Public Offering Price per Unit fell to \$6, the maximum sales charge would be \$0.111 (1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit), which consists of an initial sales charge (credit) of -\$0.074, a deferred sales charge of \$0.135 and a creation and development fee of \$0.050. With respect to the Buyback Leaders Portfolio, Dividend Income & Value Portfolio and American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio, if the Public Offering Price per Unit fell to \$6, the maximum sales charge would be \$0.165 (2.75% of the Public Offering Price per Unit), which consists of an initial sales charge (credit) of -\$0.110, a deferred sales charge of \$0.225 and a creation and development fee of \$0.050.

The actual sales charge that may be paid by an investor may differ slightly from the sales charges shown herein due to rounding that occurs in the calculation of the Public Offering Price and in the number of Units purchased.

The minimum purchase is 100 Units (25 Units for retirement accounts) but may vary by selling firm. Certain broker-dealers or selling firms may charge an order handling fee for processing Unit purchases.



**Reducing Your Sales Charge.** The Sponsor offers ways for you to reduce the sales charge that you pay. It is your financial professional's responsibility to alert the Sponsor of any discount when you purchase Units. Before you purchase Units you must also inform your financial professional of your qualification for any discount to be eligible for a reduced sales charge. Since the deferred sales charges and creation and development fee are fixed dollar amounts per Unit, your Portfolio must charge these amounts per Unit regardless of any discounts. However, if you are eligible to receive a discount such that your total sales charge is less than the fixed dollar amounts of the deferred sales charges and creation and development fee, you will receive a credit equal to the difference between your total sales charge and these fixed dollar charges at the time you buy Units.

**Fee Accounts.** Investors may purchase Units through registered investment advisers, certified financial planners and registered broker-dealers who in each case either charge periodic fees for brokerage services, financial planning, investment advisory or asset management services, or provide such services in connection with the establishment of an investment account for which a comprehensive "fee based" charge ("Fee Based") is imposed ("Fee Accounts"). If Units of a Portfolio are purchased for a Fee Account and the Portfolio is subject to a Fee Based charge (i.e., the Portfolio is "Fee Based Eligible"), then the purchase will not be subject to the transactional sales charge but will be subject to the creation and development fee of \$0.05 per Unit that is retained by the Sponsor. Please refer to the section called "Fee Accounts" for additional information on these purchases. The Sponsor reserves the right to limit or deny purchases of Units described in this paragraph by investors or selling firms whose frequent trading activity is determined to be detrimental to a Portfolio. Fee Based Eligible Units are not eligible for any sales charge discounts in addition to that which is described in this paragraph and under the "Fee Accounts" section found below.

**Certain Self-Directed Brokerage Platforms.** Purchases of Units through E\*TRADE and/or any other Morgan Stanley self-directed brokerage platform will be executed at the Public Offering Price less the applicable dealer concession.

**Employees.** Employees, officers and directors (including their spouses (or the equivalent if recognized under local law) and children or step-children under 21 living in the same household, parents or step-parents and trustees, custodians or fiduciaries for the benefit of such persons) of Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. and its affiliates, and dealers and their affiliates may purchase Units at the Public Offering Price less the applicable dealer concession. All employee discounts are subject to the policies of the related selling firm, including any eligibility limitations enforced by the selling firm. Only employees, officers and directors of companies that allow their employees to participate in this employee discount program are eligible for the discounts.

**Distribution Reinvestments.** We do not charge any sales charge when you reinvest distributions from your Portfolio into additional Units of your Portfolio. Since the deferred sales charge and creation and development fee are fixed dollar amounts per unit, your Portfolio must charge these amounts per unit regardless of this discount. If you elect to reinvest distributions, the Sponsor will credit you with additional Units with a dollar value sufficient to cover the amount of any remaining deferred sales charge and creation and development fee that will be collected on such Units at the time of reinvestment. The dollar value of these Units will fluctuate over time.

**Unit Price.** The Public Offering Price of Units will vary from the amounts stated under "Essential Information" in accordance with fluctuations in the prices of the underlying Securities in your Portfolio. The initial price of the Securities upon deposit by the Sponsor was determined by the Evaluator. The Evaluator will generally determine the value of the Securities as of the Evaluation Time on each business day and will adjust the Public Offering Price of Units accordingly. The Evaluation Time is the close of the New York Stock Exchange on each business day. The term "business day", as used herein and under "Rights of Unitholders--Redemption of Units", means any day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for regular trading. The Public Offering Price per Unit will be effective for all orders received prior to the Evaluation Time on each business day. Orders received by the Sponsor prior to the Evaluation Time and orders received by authorized financial professionals prior to the Evaluation Time that are

properly transmitted to the Sponsor by the time designated by the Sponsor, are priced based on the date of receipt. Orders received by the Sponsor after the Evaluation Time, and orders received by authorized financial professionals after the Evaluation Time or orders received by such persons that are not transmitted to the Sponsor until after the time designated by the Sponsor, are priced based on the date of the next determined Public Offering Price per Unit provided they are received timely by the Sponsor on such date. It is the responsibility of authorized financial professionals to transmit orders received by them to the Sponsor so they will be received in a timely manner.

The value of portfolio securities is based on the securities' market price when available. When a market price is not readily available, including circumstances under which the Evaluator determines that a security's market price is not accurate, a portfolio security is valued at its fair value, as determined under procedures established by the Evaluator or an independent pricing service used by the Evaluator. In these cases, your Portfolio's net asset value will reflect certain portfolio securities' fair value rather than their market price. With respect to securities that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges, the value of the portfolio securities may change on days when you will not be able to purchase or sell Units. The value of any foreign securities is based on the applicable currency exchange rate as of the Evaluation Time. The Sponsor will provide price dissemination and oversight services to your Portfolio.

During the initial offering period, part of the Public Offering Price represents an amount that will pay the costs incurred in establishing your Portfolio. These costs include the costs of preparing documents relating to your Portfolio (such as the registration statement, prospectus, trust agreement and legal documents), federal and state registration fees, fees paid to the Portfolio Consultant by the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio for assisting the Sponsor in the selection process, the initial fees and expenses of the Trustee and the initial audit. Your Portfolio will sell securities to reimburse us for these costs at the end of the initial offering period or after six months, if earlier. The value of your Units will decline when your Portfolio pays these costs.

**Unit Distribution.** Units will be distributed to the public by the Sponsor, broker-dealers and others at the Public Offering Price. Units repurchased in the secondary market, if any, may be offered by this prospectus at the secondary market Public Offering Price in the manner described above.

*Unit Sales Concessions.* Brokers, dealers and others will be allowed a regular concession or agency commission in connection with the distribution of Units during the initial offering period of 1.25% of the Public Offering Price per Unit for the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio and 2.00% of the Public Offering Price per Unit for the Buyback Leaders Portfolio, Dividend Income & Value Portfolio and American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio.

*Volume Concession Based Upon Annual Sales.* As described below, broker-dealers and other selling agents may in certain cases be eligible for an additional concession based upon their annual eligible sales of all Invesco fixed income and equity unit investment trusts. Eligible sales include all units of any Invesco unit investment trust underwritten or purchased directly from Invesco during a trust's initial offering period. For purposes of this concession, trusts designated as either "Invesco Unit Trusts, Taxable Income Series" or "Invesco Unit Trusts, Municipal Series" are fixed income trusts, and trusts designated as "Invesco Unit Trusts Series" are equity trusts. In addition to the regular concessions or agency commissions described above in "Unit Sales Concessions" all broker-dealers and other selling firms will be eligible to receive additional compensation based on total initial offering period sales of all eligible Invesco unit investment trusts during the previous consecutive 12-month period through the end of the most recent month. The Volume Concession, as applicable to equity and fixed income trust units, is set forth in the following table:

### Volume Concession

| Total Sales<br>(in millions)  | Equity Trust<br>Units | Fixed Income<br>Trust Units |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| \$25 but less than \$100      | 0.035%                | 0.100%                      |
| \$100 but less than \$150     | 0.050                 | 0.100                       |
| \$150 but less than \$250     | 0.075                 | 0.100                       |
| \$250 but less than \$1,000   | 0.100                 | 0.100                       |
| \$1,000 but less than \$5,000 | 0.125                 | 0.100                       |
| \$5,000 but less than \$7,500 | 0.150                 | 0.100                       |
| \$7,500 or more               | 0.175                 | 0.100                       |

Broker-dealers and other selling firms will not receive the Volume Concession on the sale of units purchased in Fee Accounts, however, such sales will be included in determining whether a firm has met the sales level breakpoints set forth in the Volume Concession table above. Secondary market sales of all unit investment trusts are excluded for purposes of the Volume Concession. Eligible dealer firms and other selling agents include clearing firms that place orders with Invesco and provide Invesco with information with respect to the representatives who initiated such transactions. Eligible dealer firms and other selling agents will not include firms that solely provide clearing services to other broker-dealer firms or firms who place orders through clearing firms that are eligible dealers. We reserve the right to change the amount of the concessions or agency commissions from time to time. For a trust to be eligible for this additional compensation, the trust's prospectus must include disclosure related to this additional compensation.

*Additional Information.* Except as provided in this section, any sales charge discount provided to investors will be borne by the selling broker-dealer or agent. For all secondary market transactions the total concession or agency commission will amount to 80% of the applicable sales charge. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, in no case shall the total of any concessions, agency commissions and any additional compensation allowed or paid to any broker, dealer or other distributor of Units with respect to any individual transaction exceed the total sales charge applicable to such transaction. The Sponsor reserves the right to reject, in whole or in part, any order for the purchase of Units and to change the amount of the concession or agency commission to dealers and others from time to time.

We may provide, at our own expense and out of our own profits, additional compensation and benefits to broker-dealers who sell Units of your Portfolio and our other products. This compensation is intended to result in additional sales of our products and/or compensate broker-dealers and financial advisors for past sales. We may make these payments for marketing, promotional or related expenses, including, but not limited to, expenses of entertaining retail customers and financial advisors, advertising, sponsorship of events or seminars, obtaining shelf space in broker-dealer firms and similar activities designed to promote the sale of your Portfolio and our other products. Fees may include payment for travel expenses, including lodging, incurred in connection with trips taken by invited registered representatives for meetings or seminars of a business nature. These arrangements will not change the price you pay for your Units.

**Sponsor Compensation.** The Sponsor will receive the total sales charge applicable to each transaction. Except as provided under "Unit Distribution," any sales charge discount provided to investors will be borne by the selling dealer or agent. In addition, the Sponsor will realize a profit or loss as a result of the difference between the price paid for the Securities by the Sponsor and the cost of the Securities to your Portfolio on the Initial Date of Deposit as well as on subsequent deposits. The Sponsor has not participated as sole underwriter or as manager or as a member of the underwriting syndicates or as an agent in a private placement for any of the Securities. The Sponsor may realize profit or loss as a result of the possible fluctuations in the market value of Units held by the Sponsor for sale to the public. In maintaining a secondary market, the Sponsor will realize profits or losses in the amount of any difference between the price at which Units are purchased and the price at which Units are resold (which price includes the applicable sales charge) or from a redemption of repurchased Units at a price above or below the purchase price. Cash, if any, made available to the Sponsor prior to the date of settlement for the purchase of Units may be used in the Sponsor's business and may be deemed to be a benefit to the Sponsor, subject to the limitations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("1934 Act").

The Sponsor or an affiliate may have participated in a public offering of one or more of the Securities. The Sponsor, an affiliate or their employees may have a long or short position in these Securities or related securities. An affiliate may act as a specialist or market maker for these Securities. An officer, director or employee of the Sponsor or an affiliate may be an officer or director for issuers of the Securities.

**Market for Units.** Although it is not obligated to do so, the Sponsor may maintain a market for Units and to purchase Units at the secondary market repurchase price (which is described under “Right of Unitholders--Redemption of Units”). The Sponsor may discontinue purchases of Units or discontinue purchases at this price at any time. In the event that a secondary market is not maintained, a Unitholder will be able to dispose of Units by tendering them to the Trustee for redemption at the Redemption Price. See “Rights of Unitholders--Redemption of Units”. Unitholders should contact their broker to determine the best price for Units in the secondary market. Units sold prior to the time the entire deferred sales charge has been collected will be assessed the amount of any remaining deferred sales charge at the time of sale. The Trustee will notify the Sponsor of any Units tendered for redemption. If the Sponsor’s bid in the secondary market equals or exceeds the Redemption Price per Unit, it may purchase the Units not later than the day on which Units would have been redeemed by the Trustee. The Sponsor may sell repurchased Units at the secondary market Public Offering Price per Unit.

## **RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS**

---

Units are available for purchase in connection with certain types of tax-sheltered retirement plans, including Individual Retirement Accounts for individuals, Simplified Employee Pension Plans for employees, qualified plans for self-employed individuals, and qualified corporate pension and profit sharing plans for employees. The minimum purchase for these accounts is reduced to 25 Units but may vary by selling firm. The purchase of Units may be limited by the plans’ provisions and does not itself establish such plans.

## **FEE ACCOUNTS**

---

As described above, Units may be available for purchase by investors in Fee Accounts where the Portfolio is Fee Based Eligible. You should consult your financial professional to determine whether you can benefit from these accounts. This table illustrates the sales charge you will pay if the Portfolio is Fee Based Eligible as a percentage of the initial Public Offering Price per Unit on the Initial Date of Deposit (the percentage will vary thereafter).

|                              |              |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Initial sales charge         | 0.00%        |
| Deferred sales charge        | <u>0.00</u>  |
| Transactional sales charge   | <u>0.00%</u> |
| Creation and development fee | <u>0.50%</u> |
| Total sales charge           | <u>0.50%</u> |

You should consult the “Public Offering--Reducing Your Sales Charge” section for specific information on this and other sales charge discounts. That section governs the calculation of all sales charge discounts. The Sponsor reserves the right to limit or deny purchases of Units in Fee Accounts by investors or selling firms whose frequent trading activity is determined to be detrimental to the Portfolio. To purchase Units in these Fee Accounts, your financial professional must purchase Units designated with one of the Fee Based CUSIP numbers set forth under “Essential Information,” either Fee Based Cash for cash distributions or Fee Based Reinvest for the reinvestment of distributions in additional Units, if available. See “Rights of Unitholders--Reinvestment Option.”

## **RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS**

---

**Distributions.** Dividends and interest, and all other distributions of income received, net of expenses, and any net proceeds from the sale of Securities received by a Portfolio will generally be distributed to Unitholders on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date. These dates appear under “Essential Information”. Distributions made by the securities in your Portfolio include ordinary income, but may also include sources other than ordinary income such as returns of capital, loan proceeds, short-term

capital gains and long-term capital gains (see “Taxation--Distributions”). In addition, a Portfolio will generally make required distributions at the end of each year because it is structured as a “regulated investment company” for federal tax purposes. Unitholders will also receive a final distribution of income when their Portfolio terminates. A person becomes a Unitholder of record on the date of settlement (generally one business day after Units are ordered, or as otherwise may be required by the applicable rules under the 1934 Act). Unitholders may elect to receive distributions in cash or to have distributions reinvested into additional Units. See “Rights of Unitholders--Reinvestment Option”.

Dividends, interest and other distributions received by a Portfolio are credited to the Income Account of the Portfolio. Other receipts (e.g., capital gains, proceeds from the sale of Securities, etc.) are credited to the Capital Account. Proceeds received on the sale of any Securities, to the extent not used to meet redemptions of Units or pay deferred sales charges, fees or expenses, will be distributed to Unitholders. Proceeds received from the disposition of any Securities after a Record Date and prior to the following Distribution Date will be held in the Capital Account and not distributed until the next Distribution Date. Any distribution to Unitholders consists of each Unitholder’s pro rata share of the available cash in the Income and Capital Accounts as of the related Record Date.

**Historical 12 Month Distributions.** The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown under “Essential Information” is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio’s initial public offering price of \$10 per Unit. This amount is reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. Accordingly, the actual net annual income distributions you receive per Unit will vary from the Historical 12 Month Distributions amount per Unit due to changes in dividends and distribution amounts paid by issuers, currency fluctuations, the sale of securities to pay any deferred sales charge, Portfolio fees and

expenses, and with changes in your Portfolio such as the acquisition, call, maturity or sale of securities. The sale of securities to pay such fees and expenses may cause the amount of your distributions decrease over your Portfolio’s life. Due to these and various other factors, actual income received by your Portfolio will most likely differ from the most recent dividends or scheduled income payments of the underlying Portfolio securities.

**Reinvestment Option.** Unitholders may have distributions automatically reinvested in additional Units without a sales charge (to the extent Units may be lawfully offered for sale in the state in which the Unitholder resides). The CUSIP numbers for either “Cash” distributions or “Reinvest” for the reinvestment of distributions are set forth under “Essential Information”. Brokers and dealers can use the Dividend Reinvestment Service through Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) or purchase a Reinvest (or Fee Based Reinvest in the case of Fee Based Eligible Units held in Fee Accounts) CUSIP, if available. To participate in this reinvestment option, a Unitholder must file with the Trustee a written notice of election, together with any other documentation that the Trustee may then require, at least five days prior to the related Record Date. A Unitholder’s election will apply to all Units owned by the Unitholder and will remain in effect until changed by the Unitholder. The reinvestment option is not offered during the 30 calendar days prior to termination. If Units are unavailable for reinvestment or this reinvestment option is no longer available, distributions will be paid in cash. Distributions will be taxable to Unitholders if paid in cash or automatically reinvested in additional Units. See “Taxation”.

A participant may elect to terminate his or her reinvestment plan and receive future distributions in cash by notifying the Trustee in writing no later than five days before a Distribution Date. The Sponsor shall have the right to suspend or terminate the reinvestment plan at any time. The reinvestment plan is subject to availability or limitation by each broker-dealer or selling firm. Broker-dealers may suspend or terminate the offering of a reinvestment plan at any time. Please contact your financial professional for additional information.

**Redemption of Units.** All or a portion of your Units may be tendered to The Bank of New York Mellon, the

Trustee, for redemption at Unit Investment Trust Division, 111 Sanders Creek Parkway, East Syracuse, New York 13057, on any day the New York Stock Exchange is open. No redemption fee will be charged by the Sponsor or the Trustee, but you are responsible for applicable governmental charges, if any. Units redeemed by the Trustee will be canceled. You may redeem all or a portion of your Units by sending a request for redemption to your bank or broker-dealer through which you hold your Units. No later than one business day (or as otherwise may be required by the applicable rules under the 1934 Act) following satisfactory tender, the Unitholder will be entitled to receive in cash an amount for each Unit equal to the Redemption Price per Unit next computed on the date of tender. The “date of tender” is deemed to be the date on which Units are received by the Trustee, except that with respect to Units received by the Trustee after the Evaluation Time or on a day which is not a business day, the date of tender is deemed to be the next business day. Redemption requests received by the Trustee after the Evaluation Time, and redemption requests received by authorized financial professionals after the Evaluation Time or redemption requests received by such persons that are not transmitted to the Trustee until after the time designated by the Trustee, are priced based on the date of the next determined redemption price provided they are received timely by the Trustee on such date. It is the responsibility of authorized financial professionals to transmit redemption requests received by them to the Trustee so they will be received in a timely manner. Certain broker-dealers or selling firms may charge an order handling fee for processing redemption requests. Units redeemed directly through the Trustee are not subject to such fees.

Unitholders tendering 1,000 or more Units of a Portfolio (or such higher amount as may be required by your broker-dealer or selling agent) for redemption may request an in kind distribution of Securities equal to the Redemption Price per Unit on the date of tender. Unitholders may not request an in kind distribution during the initial offering period or within 30 calendar days of a Portfolio’s termination. A Portfolio generally will not offer in kind distributions of portfolio securities that are held in foreign markets. An in kind distribution will be made by

the Trustee through the distribution of each of the Securities in book-entry form to the account of the Unitholder’s broker-dealer at DTC. Amounts representing fractional shares will be distributed in cash. The Trustee may adjust the number of shares of any Security included in a Unitholder’s in kind distribution to facilitate the distribution of whole shares. The in kind distribution option may be modified or discontinued at any time without notice. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Unitholder requesting an in kind distribution is the Sponsor or an affiliated person of a Portfolio, the Trustee may make an in kind distribution to such Unitholder provided that no one with a pecuniary incentive to influence the in kind distribution may influence selection of the distributed securities, the distribution must consist of a pro rata distribution of all portfolio securities (with limited exceptions) and the in kind distribution may not favor such affiliated person to the detriment of any other Unitholder. Unitholders will incur transaction costs in liquidating securities received in an in-kind distribution, and any such securities received will be subject to market risk until sold. In the event that any securities received in-kind are illiquid, Unitholders will bear the risk of not being able to sell such securities in the near term, or at all.

The Trustee may sell Securities to satisfy Unit redemptions. To the extent that Securities are redeemed in kind or sold, the size of your Portfolio will be, and the diversity of your Portfolio may be, reduced. Sales may be required at a time when Securities would not otherwise be sold and may result in lower prices than might otherwise be realized. The price received upon redemption may be more or less than the amount paid by the Unitholder depending on the value of the Securities at the time of redemption. Special federal income tax consequences will result if a Unitholder requests an in kind distribution. See “Taxation”.

The Redemption Price per Unit and the secondary market repurchase price per Unit are equal to the pro rata share of each Unit in a Portfolio determined on the basis of (i) the cash on hand in the Portfolio, (ii) the value of the Securities in the Portfolio and (iii) dividends or other income distributions receivable on the Securities in the Portfolio trading ex-dividend as of the date of computation, less (a) amounts representing taxes or

other governmental charges payable out of the Portfolio, (b) the accrued expenses of the Portfolio (including costs associated with liquidating securities after the end of the initial offering period) and (c) any unpaid deferred sales charge payments. During the initial offering period, the redemption price and the secondary market repurchase price are not reduced by the estimated organization costs or the creation and development fee. For these purposes, the Evaluator will determine the value of the Securities as described under “Public Offering--Unit Price”.

The right of redemption may be suspended and payment postponed for any period during which the New York Stock Exchange is closed, other than for customary weekend and holiday closings, or any period during which the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) determines that trading on that Exchange is restricted or an emergency exists, as a result of which disposal or evaluation of the Securities is not reasonably practicable, or for other periods as the SEC may permit.

**Exchange Option.** When you redeem Units of your Portfolio or when your Portfolio terminates (see “Rollover” below), you may be able to exchange your Units for units of other Invesco unit trusts. You should contact your financial professional for more information about trusts currently available for exchanges. Before you exchange Units, you should read the prospectus of the new trust carefully and understand the risks and fees. You should then discuss this option with your financial professional to determine whether your investment goals have changed, whether current trusts suit you and to discuss tax consequences. A rollover or exchange is a taxable event to you. We may discontinue this option at any time.

**Rollover.** We may offer a subsequent series of your Portfolio, for a Rollover when the Portfolio terminates.

On the Mandatory Termination Date you will have the option to (1) participate in a Rollover and have your Units reinvested into a subsequent trust series or (2) receive a cash distribution.

If you elect to participate in a cash Rollover, your Units will be redeemed on the Mandatory Termination Date. As the redemption proceeds become available, the proceeds

(including dividends) will be invested in a new trust series at the public offering price for the new trust. The Trustee will attempt to sell Securities to satisfy the redemption as quickly as practicable on the Mandatory Termination Date. We do not anticipate that the sale period will be longer than one day, however, certain factors could affect the ability to sell the Securities and could impact the length of the sale period. The liquidity of any Security depends on the daily trading volume of the Security and the amount available for redemption and reinvestment on any day.

We may make subsequent trust series available for sale at various times during the year. Of course, we cannot guarantee that a subsequent trust or sufficient units will be available or that any subsequent trusts will offer the same investment strategy or objective as the current Portfolio. We cannot guarantee that a Rollover will avoid any negative market price consequences resulting from trading large volumes of securities. Market price trends may make it advantageous to sell or buy securities more quickly or more slowly than permitted by Portfolio procedures. We may, in our sole discretion, modify a Rollover or stop creating units of a trust at any time regardless of whether all proceeds of Unitholders have been reinvested in a Rollover. If we decide not to offer a subsequent series, Unitholders will be notified prior to the Mandatory Termination Date. Cash which has not been reinvested in a Rollover will be distributed to Unitholders shortly after the Mandatory Termination Date. Rollover participants may receive taxable dividends or realize taxable capital gains which are reinvested in connection with a Rollover but may not be entitled to a deduction for capital losses due to the “wash sale” tax rules. Due to the reinvestment in a subsequent trust, no cash will be distributed to pay any taxes. See “Taxation”.

**Units.** Ownership of Units is evidenced in book-entry form only and will not be evidenced by certificates. Units purchased or held through your bank or broker-dealer will be recorded in book-entry form and credited to the account of your bank or broker-dealer at DTC. Units are transferable by contacting your bank or broker-dealer through which you hold your Units. Transfer, and the requirements therefore, will be governed by the applicable procedures of DTC and your agreement with the DTC participant in whose name your Units are registered on the transfer records of DTC.

**Reports Provided.** Unitholders will receive a statement of dividends and other amounts received by a Portfolio for each distribution.

In addition, at the end of each calendar year, the Trustee will prepare a statement which contains the following information:

- A summary of transactions in your Portfolio for the year;
- A list of any Securities sold during the year and the Securities held at the end of that year by your Portfolio;
- The Redemption Price per Unit and the number of Units outstanding, computed on the 31st day of December of such year (or the last business day before); and
- Amounts of income and capital distributed during the year.

Annual statements are made available at [www.invesco.com/us/en/accounts/tax-center](http://www.invesco.com/us/en/accounts/tax-center) within a reasonable period of time after the end of each calendar year. You may also request an annual statement be sent to you by calling the Trustee at 800-856-8487. Unitholders may obtain evaluations of the Securities upon request to the Trustee.

If you have questions regarding your account or your Portfolio, please contact your financial advisor or the Trustee. The Sponsor does not have access to individual account information.

## **PORTFOLIO ADMINISTRATION**

---

**Portfolio Administration.** Your Portfolio is not a managed fund and, except as provided in the Trust Agreement, Securities generally will not be sold or replaced. The Sponsor may, however, direct that Securities be sold in certain limited circumstances to protect your Portfolio based on advice from the Supervisor. These situations may include events such as the issuer having defaulted on payment of any of its outstanding obligations or the price of a Security has declined to such an extent or other credit factors exist so that in the opinion of the Supervisor retention of the Security would be detrimental to your Portfolio. If a public

tender offer has been made for a Security or a merger or acquisition has been announced affecting a Security, the Trustee may either sell the Security or accept an offer if the Supervisor determines that the sale or exchange is in the best interest of Unitholders. The Trustee will distribute any cash proceeds to Unitholders. In addition, the Trustee may sell Securities to redeem Units or pay Portfolio expenses or deferred sales charges. If securities or property are acquired by your Portfolio, the Sponsor may direct the Trustee to sell the securities or property and distribute the proceeds to Unitholders or to accept the securities or property for deposit in the Portfolio. Should any contract for the purchase of any of the Securities fail, the Sponsor will (unless substantially all of the moneys held in the Portfolio to cover the purchase are reinvested in substitute Securities in accordance with the Trust Agreement) refund the cash and sales charge attributable to the failed contract to all Unitholders on or before the next Distribution Date.

The Sponsor may direct the reinvestment of proceeds of the sale of Securities if the sale is the direct result of serious adverse credit factors which, in the opinion of the Sponsor, would make retention of the Securities detrimental to your Portfolio. In such a case, the Sponsor may, but is not obligated to, direct the reinvestment of sale proceeds in any other securities that meet the criteria for inclusion in the Portfolio on the Initial Date of Deposit. In certain other limited circumstances outlined in the Trust Agreement, the Sponsor may also direct the reinvestment of sale proceeds into the remaining Securities within your Portfolio. The Sponsor may also instruct the Trustee to take action necessary to ensure that the Portfolio continues to satisfy the qualifications of a regulated investment company and to avoid imposition of tax on undistributed income of the Portfolio.

Due to its investments in MLPs that are considered to be “qualified publicly traded partnerships” the American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio is subject to certain limitations to maintain qualification as a regulated investment company. One such limitation is that, generally, at the close of each quarter of each taxable year, not more than 25 percent of the value of your Portfolio's assets may be invested in the securities of qualified publicly traded partnerships and certain other assets. The percentage of



assets in your Portfolio invested in securities of qualified publicly traded partnerships as of the Initial Date of Deposit is presented in “Notes to Portfolios”. If the portion of the qualified publicly traded partnerships exceeds 25% of the Portfolio following the Initial Date of Deposit, the Portfolio may need to sell securities or stop purchasing additional units of the qualified publicly traded partnerships which would alter the composition and diversity of the securities in the Portfolio.

The Sponsor will instruct the Trustee how to vote the securities held in your Portfolio. The Trustee will vote the securities in the same general proportion as shares held by other shareholders if the Sponsor fails to provide instructions.

When your Portfolio sells Securities, the composition and diversity of the Securities in the Portfolio may be altered. In order to obtain the best price for the Portfolio, it may be necessary for the Supervisor to specify minimum amounts (generally 100 shares) in which blocks of Securities are to be sold. In effecting purchases and sales of portfolio securities, the Sponsor may direct that orders be placed with and brokerage commissions be paid to brokers, including brokers which may be affiliated with the Portfolio, the Sponsor or dealers participating in the offering of Units.

Pursuant to an exemptive order, your Portfolio may be permitted to sell Securities to a new trust when it terminates if those Securities are included in the new trust. The exemption may enable your Portfolio to eliminate commission costs on these transactions. The price for those securities will be the closing sale price on the sale date on the exchange where the Securities are principally traded, as certified by the Sponsor.

**Amendment of the Trust Agreement.** The Trustee and the Sponsor may amend the Trust Agreement without the consent of Unitholders to correct any provision which may be defective or to make other provisions that will not materially adversely affect Unitholders (as determined in good faith by the Sponsor and the Trustee). The Trust Agreement may not be amended to increase the number of Units or permit acquisition of securities in addition to or substitution for the Securities (except as provided in the Trust

Agreement). The Trustee will notify Unitholders of any amendment.

**Termination.** Your Portfolio will terminate on the Mandatory Termination Date specified under “Essential Information” or upon the sale or other disposition of the last Security held in the Portfolio. A Portfolio may be terminated at any time with consent of Unitholders representing two-thirds of the outstanding Units or by the Trustee when the value of the Portfolio is less than \$500,000 (\$3,000,000 if the value of the Portfolio has exceeded \$15,000,000) (the “Minimum Termination Value”). A Portfolio will be liquidated by the Trustee in the event that a sufficient number of Units of the Portfolio not yet sold are tendered for redemption by the Sponsor, so that the net worth of the Portfolio would be reduced to less than 40% of the value of the Securities at the time they were deposited in the Portfolio. If a Portfolio is liquidated because of the redemption of unsold Units by the Sponsor, the Sponsor will refund to each purchaser of Units the entire sales charge paid by such purchaser. The Trustee may begin to sell Securities in connection with a Portfolio termination nine business days before, and no later than, the Mandatory Termination Date. Qualified Unitholders may elect an in kind distribution of Securities, provided that Unitholders may not request an in kind distribution of Securities within 30 calendar days of a Portfolio’s termination. Any in kind distribution of Securities will be made in the manner and subject to the restrictions described under “Rights of Unitholders--Redemption of Units”, provided that, in connection with an in kind distribution election more than 30 calendar days prior to termination, Unitholders tendering 1,000 or more Units of a Portfolio (or such higher amount as may be required by your broker-dealer or selling agent) may request an in kind distribution of Securities equal to the Redemption Price per Unit on the date of tender. Unitholders will receive a final cash distribution within a reasonable time after the Mandatory Termination Date. All distributions will be net of a Portfolio’s expenses and costs. Unitholders will receive a final distribution statement following termination. The Information Supplement contains further information regarding termination of your Portfolio. See “Additional Information”.

**Limitations on Liabilities.** The Sponsor, Evaluator, Supervisor and Trustee are under no liability for taking any action or for refraining from taking any action in good faith pursuant to the Trust Agreement, or for errors in judgment, but shall be liable only for their own willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence (negligence in the case of the Trustee) in the performance of their duties or by reason of their reckless disregard of their obligations and duties hereunder. The Trustee is not liable for depreciation or loss incurred by reason of the sale by the Trustee of any of the Securities. In the event of the failure of the Sponsor or Evaluator to act under the Trust Agreement, the Trustee may act thereunder and is not liable for any action taken by it in good faith under the Trust Agreement. The Trustee is not liable for any taxes or other governmental charges imposed on the Securities, on it as Trustee under the Trust Agreement or on a Portfolio which the Trustee may be required to pay under any present or future law of the United States of America or of any other taxing authority having jurisdiction. In addition, the Trust Agreement contains other customary provisions limiting the liability of the Trustee. The Sponsor and Supervisor may rely on any evaluation furnished by the Evaluator and have no responsibility for the accuracy thereof. Determinations by the Trustee shall be made in good faith upon the basis of the best information available to it.

**Sponsor.** Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. is the Sponsor and Evaluator of your Portfolio, and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Invesco Advisers, Inc. (“Invesco Advisers”). Invesco Advisers is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Invesco Ltd., a leading independent global investment manager that provides a wide range of investment strategies and vehicles to its retail, institutional and high net worth clients around the globe. Invesco Capital Market Inc.'s principal office is located at 11 Greenway Plaza, Houston, Texas 77046-1173. As of September 30, 2024, the total stockholders’ equity of Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. was \$61,376,783.89 (unaudited). The current assets under management and supervision by Invesco Ltd. and its affiliates were valued at approximately \$1,795.6 billion as of September 30, 2024.

Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. in its capacity as your Portfolio’s Sponsor and your Portfolio have adopted a

code of ethics requiring Invesco Ltd.’s employees who have access to information on Portfolio transactions to report personal securities transactions. The purpose of the code is to avoid potential conflicts of interest and to prevent fraud, deception or misconduct with respect to your Portfolio. The Information Supplement contains additional information about Invesco Capital Markets, Inc.

If the Sponsor shall fail to perform any of its duties under the Trust Agreement or become incapable of acting or shall become bankrupt or its affairs are taken over by public authorities, then the Trustee may (i) appoint a successor Sponsor and/or Evaluator at rates of compensation deemed by the Trustee to be reasonable and not exceeding amounts prescribed by the SEC, (ii) terminate the Trust Agreement and liquidate the Portfolio as provided therein or (iii) continue to act as Trustee without terminating the Trust Agreement.

**Trustee.** The Trustee is The Bank of New York Mellon, a trust company organized under the laws of New York. The Bank of New York Mellon has its principal unit investment trust division offices at 240 Greenwich Street - 22W, New York, New York 10286, (800) 856-8487. If you have questions regarding your account or your Portfolio, please contact the Trustee at its principal unit investment trust division offices or your financial adviser. The Sponsor does not have access to individual account information. The Bank of New York Mellon is subject to supervision and examination by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and its deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent permitted by law. Additional information regarding the Trustee is set forth in the Information Supplement, including the Trustee’s qualifications and duties, its ability to resign, the effect of a merger involving the Trustee and the Sponsor’s ability to remove and replace the Trustee. See “Additional Information”.

## **TAXATION**

---

This section summarizes some of the principal U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning Units of a Portfolio. Tax laws and interpretations are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. This summary

does not describe all of the tax consequences to all taxpayers. For example, this summary generally does not describe your situation if you are a corporation, a non-U.S. person, a broker/dealer, a tax-exempt entity, financial institution, person who marks to market their Units or other investor with special circumstances. In addition, this section does not describe your alternative minimum, state, local or foreign tax consequences of investing in your Portfolio.

This federal income tax summary is based in part on the advice of counsel to the Sponsor. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") could disagree with any conclusions set forth in this section. In addition, our counsel was not asked to review the federal income tax treatment of the assets to be deposited in your Portfolio.

Additional information related to taxes is contained in the Information Supplement. As with any investment, you should seek advice based on your individual circumstances from your own tax advisor.

**Portfolio Status.** Your Portfolio intends to elect and to qualify annually as a "regulated investment company" ("RIC") under the federal tax laws. If your Portfolio qualifies under the tax law as a RIC and distributes its income in the manner and amounts required by the RIC tax requirements, the Portfolio generally will not pay federal income taxes. But there is no assurance that the distributions made by your Portfolio will eliminate all taxes for every year at the level of your Portfolio.

**Distributions.** Portfolio distributions are generally taxable. However, investments in MLPs may lead to a portion of the distributions from the American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio qualifying as returns of capital in some years. Such returns of capital would lower the tax basis of your units. After the end of each year, you will receive a tax statement reporting your Portfolio's distributions, including the amounts of ordinary income distributions and capital gains dividends. Your Portfolio may make taxable distributions to you even in periods during which the value of your Units has declined. Ordinary income distributions are generally taxed at your federal tax rate for ordinary income, however, as further discussed below, certain ordinary income distributions received from your Portfolio may be taxed, under current federal law, at capital gains

tax rates. Certain ordinary income dividends on Units that are attributable to qualifying dividends received by your Portfolio from certain corporations may be reported by the Portfolio as being eligible for the dividends received deduction for corporate Unitholders provided certain holding period requirements are met. Income from the Portfolio and gains on the sale of your Units may also be subject to a 3.8% federal tax imposed on net investment income if your adjusted gross income exceeds certain threshold amounts, which currently are \$250,000 in the case of married couples filing joint returns and \$200,000 in the case of single individuals. In addition, your Portfolio may make distributions that represent a return of capital for tax purposes to the extent of the Unitholder's basis in the Units, and any additional amounts in excess of basis would be taxed as a capital gain. Generally, you will treat all capital gains dividends as long-term capital gains regardless of how long you have owned your Units. The tax status of your distributions from your Portfolio is not affected by whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Units or receive them in cash. The income from your Portfolio that you must take into account for federal income tax purposes is not reduced by amounts used to pay a deferred sales charge, if any. The tax laws may require you to treat certain distributions made to you in January as if you had received them on December 31 of the previous year.

A distribution paid by your Portfolio reduces the Portfolio's net asset value per Unit on the date paid by the amount of the distribution. Accordingly, a distribution paid shortly after a purchase of Units by a Unitholder would represent, in substance, a partial return of capital, however, it would be subject to income taxes.

Non-corporate taxpayers are generally eligible for a 20% deduction with respect to certain non-investment related income earned from a "qualified publicly traded partnership," a term which often includes MLPs and certain ETFs not registered under the 1940 Act. A Portfolio taxed as a RIC, however, is currently not permitted to pass the special character of the qualified publicly traded partnership income through to its shareholders. Currently, non-corporate taxpayers that invest in entities that often generate qualified publicly traded partnership income may be entitled to this 20% deduction, but non-corporate

taxpayers that invest in a RIC that invest in such entities will not. Unless later extended or made permanent, this 20% deduction will no longer be available for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025.

“Qualified REIT dividends” (i.e., ordinary REIT dividends other than capital gain dividends and portions of REIT dividends designated as qualified dividend income eligible for capital gain tax rates) are eligible for a 20% deduction by non-corporate taxpayers. This deduction, if allowed in full, equates to a maximum effective tax rate of 29.6% (37% top rate applied to income after 20% deduction). Distributions by a Portfolio to its shareholders that are attributable to qualified REIT dividends received by the Portfolio and which the Portfolio properly reports as “Section 199A Dividends,” are treated as “qualified REIT dividends” in the hands of non-corporate taxpayers. A Section 199A Dividend is treated as a qualified REIT dividend only if the unitholder receiving such dividend holds the dividend-paying RIC shares for at least 46 days of the 91-day period beginning 45 days before the shares become ex-dividend, and is not under an obligation to make related payments with respect to a position in substantially similar or related property. A Portfolio is permitted to report such part of its dividends as Section 199A Dividends as are eligible but is not required to do so. Unless later extended or made permanent, this 20% deduction will no longer be available for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025.

**Sale or Redemption of Units.** If you sell or redeem your Units, you will generally recognize a taxable gain or loss. To determine the amount of this gain or loss, you must subtract your adjusted tax basis in your Units from the amount you receive for the sale of the Units. Your initial tax basis in your Units is generally equal to the cost of your Units, generally including sales charges. In some cases, however, you may have to adjust your tax basis after you purchase your Units.

**Capital Gains and Losses and Certain Ordinary Income Dividends.** Net capital gain equals net long-term capital gain minus net short-term capital loss for the taxable year. Capital gain or loss is long-term if the holding period for the asset is more than one year and is short-term if the holding period for the asset is one year or less. You must exclude the date you purchase your Units to

determine your holding period. However, if you receive a capital gain dividend from your Portfolio and sell your Units at a loss after holding it for six months or less, the loss will be recharacterized as long-term capital loss to the extent of the capital gain dividend received. The tax rates for capital gains realized from assets held for one year or less are generally the same as for ordinary income.

In certain circumstances, ordinary income dividends received by an individual Unitholder from a RIC such as your Portfolio may be taxed at the same federal rates that apply to net capital gain (as discussed above), provided certain holding period requirements are satisfied and provided the dividends are attributable to qualified dividend income received by the Portfolio itself. Qualified dividend income means dividends paid to the Portfolio (a) by domestic corporations, (b) by foreign corporations that are either (i) incorporated in a possession of the United States or (ii) are eligible for benefits under certain income tax treaties with the United States that include an exchange of information program, or (c) with respect to stock of a foreign corporation that is readily tradeable on an established securities market in the United States. Both the Portfolio and the Unitholder must meet certain holding period requirements to qualify Portfolio dividends for this treatment. Income derived from investments in derivatives, fixed-income securities, U.S. real estate investment trusts, passive foreign investment companies, and income received “in lieu of” dividends in a securities lending transactions generally is not eligible for treatment as qualified dividend income. If the qualified dividend income received by the Portfolio is equal to 95% (or a greater percentage) of the Portfolio's gross income (exclusive of net capital gain) in any taxable year, all of the ordinary income dividends paid by the Portfolio will be qualified dividend income. Your Portfolio will provide notice to its Unitholders of the amount of any distribution which may be taken into account as qualified dividend income which is eligible for capital gains tax rates. There is no requirement that tax consequences be taken into account in administering your Portfolio.

**In Kind Distributions.** Under certain circumstances, as described in this prospectus, you may receive an in kind distribution of Portfolio securities when you redeem your Units. In general, this distribution will be treated as a sale

for federal income tax purposes and you will recognize gain or loss, based on the value at that time of the securities and the amount of cash received, and subject to certain limitations on the deductibility of losses under the tax law.

**Rollovers and Exchanges.** If you elect to have your proceeds from your Portfolio rolled over into a future trust, it would generally be considered a sale for federal income tax purposes and any gain on the sale will be treated as a capital gain, and, in general, any loss will be treated as a capital loss. However, any loss realized on a sale or exchange will be disallowed to the extent that Units disposed of are replaced (including through reinvestment of dividends) within a period of 61 days beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after disposition of Units or to the extent that the Unitholder, during such period, acquires or enters into an option or contract to acquire, substantially identical stock or securities. In such a case, the basis of the Units acquired will be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to other limitations in the tax law.

**Deductibility of Portfolio Expenses.** Expenses incurred and deducted by your Portfolio will generally not be treated as taxable income to you. In certain cases if your Portfolio is not considered "publicly offered" under the Code, each U.S. Unitholder that is either an individual, trust or estate will be treated as having received a taxable distribution from the Portfolio in the amount of that U.S. Unitholder's allocable share of certain of the Portfolio's expenses for the calendar year, and these fees and expenses will be treated as miscellaneous itemized deductions of those U.S. Unitholders. The deductibility of expenses that are characterized as miscellaneous itemized deductions, which include investment expenses, is suspended for tax years beginning prior to January 1, 2026.

**Foreign Investors.** If you are a foreign investor (i.e., an investor other than a U.S. citizen or resident or a U.S. corporation, partnership, estate or trust), generally, subject to applicable tax treaties, distributions to you from your Portfolio will be characterized as dividends for federal income tax purposes (other than dividends that your Portfolio reports as capital gain dividends) and will be subject to U.S. income taxes, including withholding taxes, subject to certain exceptions described below. You may be eligible under certain income tax treaties for a

reduction in withholding rates. However, distributions received by a foreign investor from your Portfolio that are properly reported by the trust as capital gain dividends, interest-related dividends paid by the Portfolio from its qualified net interest income from U.S. sources and short-term capital gain dividends, may not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes, provided that your Portfolio makes certain elections and certain other conditions are met.

**The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA").** A 30% withholding tax on your Portfolio's distributions generally applies if paid to a foreign entity unless: (i) if the foreign entity is a "foreign financial institution" as defined under FATCA, the foreign entity undertakes certain due diligence, reporting, withholding, and certification obligations, (ii) if the foreign entity is not a "foreign financial institution," it identifies certain of its U.S. investors or (iii) the foreign entity is otherwise excepted under FATCA. If required under the rules above and subject to the applicability of any intergovernmental agreements between the United States and the relevant foreign country, withholding under FATCA may apply. Under existing regulations, FATCA withholding on gross proceeds from the sale of Units and capital gain distributions from your Portfolio took effect on January 1, 2019; however, recently proposed U.S. tax regulations eliminate FATCA withholding on such types of payments. Taxpayers generally may rely on these proposed Treasury Regulations until final Treasury Regulations are issued. If withholding is required under FATCA on a payment related to your Units, investors that otherwise would not be subject to withholding (or that otherwise would be entitled to a reduced rate of withholding) on such payment generally will be required to seek a refund or credit from the IRS to obtain the benefit of such exemption or reduction. Your Portfolio will not pay any additional amounts in respect of amounts withheld under FATCA. You should consult your tax advisor regarding the effect of FATCA based on your individual circumstances.

**Foreign Tax Credit.** If your Portfolio invests in any foreign securities, the tax statement that you receive may include an item showing foreign taxes your Portfolio paid to other countries. In this case, dividends taxed to you will include your share of the taxes your Portfolio paid to other

countries. If more than 50% of the value of the Portfolio's total assets at the end of a fiscal year is invested in foreign securities, the Portfolio may elect to "pass-through" to the Unitholders the amount of foreign income tax paid by the Portfolio in lieu of deducting such amount in determining its investment company taxable income. In such a case, Unitholders will be required (i) to include in gross income, even though not actually received, their respective pro rata shares of the foreign income tax paid by the Portfolio that are attributable to any distributions they receive; and (ii) either to deduct their pro rata share of foreign tax in computing their taxable income or to use it (subject to various limitations) as a foreign tax credit against federal income tax (but not both). No deduction for foreign tax may be claimed by a non-corporate Unitholder who does not itemize deductions or who is subject to the alternative minimum tax. Unitholders may be unable to claim a credit for the full amount of their proportionate shares of the foreign income tax paid by the Portfolio due to certain limitations that may apply. Your Portfolio reserves the right not to pass-through to its Unitholders the amount of foreign income taxes paid by the Portfolio.

**Backup Withholding.** By law, your Portfolio must withhold as backup withholding a percentage (currently 24%) of your taxable distributions and redemption proceeds if you do not provide your correct social security or taxpayer identification number and certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or if the IRS instructs your Portfolio to do so.

Investors should consult their advisors concerning the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of investing in a Portfolio.

## **PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES**

---

**General.** The fees and expenses of your Portfolio will generally accrue on a daily basis. Portfolio operating fees and expenses are generally paid out of the Income Account to the extent funds are available, and then from the Capital Account. The deferred sales charge, creation and development fee and organization costs are generally paid out of the Capital Account of your Portfolio. It is expected that Securities will be sold to pay these amounts which will result in capital gains or losses to Unitholders.

See "Taxation". These sales will reduce future income distributions. The Sponsor's, Supervisor's and Trustee's fees may be increased without approval of the Unitholders by amounts not exceeding proportionate increases under the category "Services Less Rent of Shelter" in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers or, if this category is not published, in a comparable category.

**Organization Costs.** You and the other Unitholders will bear all or a portion of the organization costs and charges incurred in connection with the establishment of your Portfolio. These costs and charges will include the cost of the preparation, printing and execution of the trust agreement, registration statement and other documents relating to your Portfolio, fees paid to the Portfolio Consultant by the Turnaround Strategy Portfolio for assisting the Sponsor in the selection of the securities, federal and state registration fees and costs, the initial fees and expenses of the Trustee, and legal and auditing expenses. The Public Offering Price of Units includes the estimated amount of these costs. The Trustee will deduct these expenses from your Portfolio's assets at the end of the initial offering period.

**Creation and Development Fee.** The Sponsor will receive a fee from your Portfolio for creating and developing the Portfolio, including determining the Portfolio's objectives, policies, composition and size, selecting service providers and information services and for providing other similar administrative and ministerial functions. The creation and development fee is a charge of \$0.05 per Unit. The Trustee will deduct this amount from your Portfolio's assets as of the close of the initial offering period. No portion of this fee is applied to the payment of distribution expenses or as compensation for sales efforts. This fee will not be deducted from proceeds received upon a repurchase, redemption or exchange of Units before the close of the initial public offering period.

**Trustee's Fee.** For its services the Trustee will receive the fee from your Portfolio set forth in the "Fee Table" (which includes the estimated amount of miscellaneous Portfolio expenses). The Trustee benefits to the extent there are funds in the Capital and Income Accounts since these Accounts are non-interest bearing to Unitholders and the amounts earned by the Trustee are retained by the Trustee. Part of the Trustee's compensation for its

services to your Portfolio is expected to result from the use of these funds.

**Compensation of Sponsor and Supervisor.** The Sponsor and the Supervisor, which is an affiliate of the Sponsor, will receive the annual fees for providing bookkeeping and administrative services and portfolio supervisory services set forth in the “Fee Table”. These fees may exceed the actual costs of providing these services to your Portfolio but at no time will the total amount received for these services rendered to all Invesco unit investment trusts in any calendar year exceed the aggregate cost of providing these services in that year.

**Miscellaneous Expenses.** The following additional charges are or may be incurred by your Portfolio: (a) normal expenses (including the cost of mailing reports to Unitholders) incurred in connection with the operation of the Portfolio, (b) fees of the Trustee for extraordinary services, (c) expenses of the Trustee (including legal and auditing expenses) and of counsel designated by the Sponsor, (d) various governmental charges, (e) expenses and costs of any action taken by the Trustee to protect the Portfolio and the rights and interests of Unitholders, (f) indemnification of the Trustee for any loss, liability or expenses incurred in the administration of the Portfolio without negligence, bad faith or wilful misconduct on its part, (g) foreign custodial and transaction fees (which may include compensation paid to the Trustee or its subsidiaries or affiliates), (h) costs associated with liquidating the securities held in the Portfolio, (i) any offering costs incurred after the end of the initial offering period and (j) expenditures incurred in contacting Unitholders upon termination of the Portfolio. Your Portfolio may pay the expenses of updating its registration statement each year. The Buyback Leaders Portfolio will pay a license fee to S&P DJI for use of certain trademarks and other property. The Turnaround Strategy Portfolio will pay a license fee to Argus Investors’ Counsel, Inc. for the use of certain service marks and other intellectual property.

## **OTHER MATTERS**

---

**Legal Opinions.** The legality of the Units offered hereby has been passed upon by Morgan, Lewis &

Bockius LLP. Dorsey & Whitney LLP has acted as counsel to the Trustee.

**Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.** The financial statements included in this prospectus have been so included in reliance upon the report of Grant Thornton LLP, independent registered public accountants, upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

## **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

---

This prospectus does not contain all the information set forth in the registration statements filed by your Portfolio with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933 and the Investment Company Act of 1940 (file no. 811-02754). The Information Supplement, which has been filed with the SEC and is incorporated herein by reference, includes more detailed information concerning the Securities, investment risks and general information about your Portfolio. Reports and other information about your Portfolio are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC’s Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplication fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov) or by writing the SEC’s Public Reference Section, Washington, DC 20549-0102.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

---

| Title  | Page |
|--|------|
| Buyback Leaders Portfolio .....                                  | 2    |
| American Infrastructure Growth Portfolio.....                    | 6    |
| Dividend Income & Value Portfolio.....                           | 10   |
| Turnaround Strategy Portfolio .....                              | 14   |
| Notes to Portfolios .....  | 19   |
| Report of Independent Registered<br>Public Accounting Firm ..... | 20   |
| Statements of Condition .....                                    | 21   |
| The Portfolios .....   | A-1  |
| Objective and Securities Selection .....                         | A-2  |
| Risk Factors .....   | A-3  |
| Public Offering .....  | A-10 |
| Retirement Accounts .....  | A-15 |
| Fee Accounts .....   | A-15 |
| Rights of Unitholders .....                                      | A-15 |
| Portfolio Administration .....                                   | A-19 |
| Taxation .....   | A-21 |
| Portfolio Operating Expenses.....                                | A-25 |
| Other Matters .....  | A-26 |
| Additional Information .....                                     | A-26 |

---

When Units of the Portfolios are no longer available, this prospectus may be used as a preliminary prospectus for a future Portfolios. If this prospectus is used for future Portfolios you should note the following:

*The information in this prospectus is not complete with respect to future Portfolio series and may be changed. No person may sell Units of future Portfolios until a registration statement is filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell Units and is not soliciting an offer to buy Units in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.*

U-EMSPRO2403

## PROSPECTUS

---

*January 21, 2025*

**Buyback Leaders Portfolio 2025-1**

**American Infrastructure Growth  
Portfolio 2025-1**

**Dividend Income & Value  
Portfolio 2025-1**

**Turnaround Strategy  
Portfolio 2025-1**

Please retain this prospectus for future reference.

