Large Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

Mid Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

Small Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

PowerPicks Portfolio 2025-2

Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio 2025-2

NASDAQ-100 Growth Leaders Portfolio 2025-2

Each unit investment trust named above (the "Portfolios"), included in Invesco Unit Trusts, Series 2417, invests in a portfolio of stocks. Of course, we cannot guarantee that a Portfolio will achieve its objective.

April 16, 2025

You should read this prospectus and retain it for future reference.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved of the Units or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any contrary representation is a criminal offense.



All Cap Core Strategy

Investment Objective. The Portfolio seeks to provide capital appreciation.

Principal Investment Strategy. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by using 3 separate and unique enhanced index strategies¹ to select a portfolio of 120 stocks. The Large Cap Core Strategy will make up approximately 60% of the initial Portfolio, while the Mid Cap Core Strategy and Small Cap Core Strategy will each comprise approximately 20%. Each strategy will produce 40 stocks using the selection processes described below. Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor, implemented the Portfolio strategy using information available through FactSet as of the close of business on April 8, 2025 (the "Selection Date").

Large Cap Core Strategy. The selection process for this strategy selects 20 stocks derived from the S&P 500 Growth Index using the Large Cap Growth Strategy and 20 stocks derived from the S&P Value Index using the Large Cap Value Strategy.

Large Cap Growth Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P 500 Growth $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Index^2}}$

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on the *Price-to-Free Cash Flow* and exclude all but the lowest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Return on Invested Capital* and exclude all but the highest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the highest *3-Month Relative Sector Performance* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by S&P's Global Industry Classification Standard ("GICS")). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Large Cap Value Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P 500 Value $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Index^2}}$

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on the highest 6-Month Relative Sector Performance and exclude all but the highest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Cash Percentage of Market Capitalization* and exclude all but the highest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the lowest *Price-to-Free Cash Flow* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by GICS). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Mid Cap Core Strategy. The selection process for this strategy selects 20 stocks derived from the S&P Mid

Cap 400 Growth Index using the Mid Cap Growth Strategy and 20 stocks derived from the S&P Mid Cap 400 Value Index using the Mid Cap Value Strategy.

Mid Cap Growth Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P MidCap 400 Growth Index³

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on the Forward P/E and exclude all but the lowest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Cash Percentage of Market Capitalization* and exclude all but the highest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the highest *Long-Term Growth Rates* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by GICS). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Mid Cap Value Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P MidCap 400 Value Index³

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on the highest *1-Year Sales Growth* and exclude all but the highest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Operating Cash Flow-to-Net Income* and exclude all but the highest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the lowest *Price-to-Sales* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by GICS). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Small Cap Core Strategy. The selection process for this strategy selects 20 stocks derived from the S&P Small Cap 600 Growth Index using the Small Cap Growth Strategy and 20 stocks derived from the S&P Small Cap 600 Value Index using the Small Cap Value Strategy.

Small Cap Growth Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P SmallCap 600 Growth Index⁴

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on the *Enterprise Value to EBITDA* and exclude all but the lowest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Return on Invested Capital* and exclude all but the highest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the highest *6-Month Relative Sector Performance* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by GICS). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Small Cap Value Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P SmallCap 600 Value Index⁴

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on *Long-Term Growth Rates* and exclude all but the highest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Debt-to-Equity* and exclude all but the lowest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the lowest *Price/Operating Earnings* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by GICS). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

With respect to each strategy described above, if more than 8 stocks in the initial portfolio are from a single economic sector (as defined by GICS), any such additional stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank after Step 5 that is not in the same sector.

Of course, we cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective. The value of your Units may fall below the price you paid for the Units. You should read the "Risk Factors" section before you invest.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a Unitholder. For more information see "Rights of Unitholders--Rollover".

Factor Definitions:

Market Capitalization - A stock's share price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding.

Price-to-Free Cash Flow - Stock price divided by last twelve months free cash flow. "Free cash flow" is net income plus depreciation and amortization and deferred income taxes; and minus capital expenditures and common and preferred dividends; all from the cash flow statement. *Return on Invested Capital* - Last twelve months net income before extraordinary items divided by total capital (long-term debt plus common and preferred equity and minority interest).

3-Month Relative Sector Performance - The percentage return of the stock over the last three months relative to the median return of all stocks in its sector.

6-Month Relative Sector Performance - The percentage return of the stock over the last six months relative to the median return for all stocks in its sector. In other words, a positive value for this metric would reflect that during the time frame a stock generally outperformed stocks of other companies in its sector, while a negative value would reflect that a stock generally underperformed stocks of other companies in the same sector.

Cash Percentage of Market Capitalization - Cash divided by market capitalization.

Forward P/E - FactSet next year fiscal year earnings divided by price (prior to 12/31/13 data was provided by First Call, or if not available for a particular company, by I/B/E/S). "FactSet" and "I/B/E/S" are databases of security recommendations and estimates from many different contributing firms that translate the data into uniform consensus average recommendations and estimates from contributing firms. "First Call" is a database provided by Thompson Reuters that gathers research notes and earnings estimates from brokerage analysts.

Long-Term Growth Rates - FactSet mean growth rate estimate representing the expected annual increase in operating earnings over the next business cycle (prior to 12/31/13 data was provided by I/B/E/S).

1-Year Sales Growth - Percentage change in sales over the last twelve months.

Operating Cash Flow-to-Net Income - Last twelve months cash from operations divided by last twelve months net income.

Price-to-Sales - Price times shares outstanding divided by sales for the last twelve months.

Enterprise Value to EBITDA - Enterprise value divided by Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization ("EBITDA"). "Enterprise value" equals stock market capitalization plus sum of debt and preferred stock minus cash and cash equivalents.

Debt-to-Equity - Total debt (short-term plus long-term) dividend by equity (common plus preferred).

Price/Operating Earnings - Last twelve months operating earnings (sales (net) minus cost of goods sold and selling, general, and administrative expenses before deducting depreciation, depletion and amortization).

Principal Risks. As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- Security prices will fluctuate. The value of your investment may fall over time.
- An issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared. This may result in a reduction in the value of your Units.
- The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units. This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.
- You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.
- The Portfolio's performance might not sufficiently correspond to published hypothetical performance of the Portfolio's investment strategy. This can happen for reasons such as an inability to exactly replicate the weightings of stocks in the strategy or be fully invested, timing of the Portfolio offering

or timing of your investment, and Portfolio expenses. The hypothetical performance presented is not the past performance of the Portfolio.

- The Portfolio invests in stocks of large cap companies. Large cap companies are more mature and may grow more slowly than the economy as a whole and tend to go in and out of favor based on market and economic conditions.
- The Portfolio invests in stocks of smaller capitalization companies. These stocks are often more volatile and have lower trading volumes than stocks of larger companies. Smaller capitalization companies may have limited products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information.
- The Portfolio is concentrated in securities issued by companies in the financials sector. As further discussed in "Risk Factors -Sector Risks," financial services issuers are substantially affected by changes in economic and market conditions. Negative developments in the financials sector will affect the value of your investment more than would be the case for a more diversified investment.
- We do not actively manage the Portfolio. Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same securities even if their market value declines.

Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

| Sales Charge | As a % of Public Offering Price | Amount Per 100 Units |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| Initial sales charge | 0.000% | \$ 0.000 |
| Deferred sales charge | 1.350 | 13.500 |
| Creation and development fee | 0.500 | 5.000 |
| Maximum sales charge | 1.850% | \$18.500 |
| | As a % of Net Assets | Amount Per 100 Units |
| Estimated Organization Costs | 0.281% | \$2.749 |
| Estimated Annual Expenses | | |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses Supervisory, bookkeeping | 0.204% | \$1.990 |
| and administrative fees | 0.056 | 0.550 |
| Total | 0.260% | \$2.540* |

Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust each year subject to a sales charge of 1.85%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

| 1 year | \$ 238 |
|----------|-----------|
| 3 years | 732 |
| 5 years | 1,251 |
| 10 years | 2,666 |

The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above. The maximum sales charge is 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.135 per Unit and accrues daily from August 10, 2025 through January 9, 2026. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price -- General."

Essential Information Unit Price at Initial Date of Deposit \$10,0000 **Initial Date of Deposit** April 16, 2025 **Mandatory Termination Date** July 17, 2026 Historical 12 Month Distributions¹ \$0.1052 per Unit **Record Dates²** 10th day of August, November and February **Distribution Dates**² 25th day of August, November and February **CUSIP Numbers** Cash - 46151F544 Reinvest - 46151F551 Fee Based Cash - 46151F569 Fee Based Reinvest - 46151F577

1 As of close of business day prior to Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per Unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See Rights of Unitholders - Historical 12 Month Distributions.

2 The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit on such Record Date. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed on the next Distribution Date on which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.

Hypothetical Strategy Performance

The table below compares the hypothetical total return of stocks selected using the Portfolio's investment strategy (the "Hypothetical Strategy Stocks") with the stocks in the S&P 1500[®] Index and the S&P 500[®] Index. Hypothetical total return includes any dividends paid on the stocks together with any increase or decrease in the value of the stocks. The table illustrates a hypothetical investment in the Hypothetical Strategy Stocks at the beginning of each year -- similar to buying Units of the Portfolio, redeeming them after one year and reinvesting the proceeds in a new portfolio each year.

These hypothetical returns are not actual past performance of the Portfolio or prior series but do reflect the sales charge or expenses you will pay. Of course, these hypothetical returns are not guarantees of future results and the value of your Units will fluctuate. You should note that the returns shown below are hypothetical annual returns based on a calendar year investment. The performance of the Portfolio may differ because the Portfolio has a 15 month life that is not based on a calendar year investment cycle. For more information about the hypothetical total return calculations, see "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

| Year | Hypothetical Strategy Stocks | S&P 1500 Index | S&P 500 Index | H Year | lypothetical Strategy Stocks | S&P 1500 Index | S&P 500 Index |
|------|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1997 | 38.63% | 32.93% | 33.36% | 2011 | 1.58% | 1.74% | 2.11% |
| 1998 | 24.99 | 26.32 | 28.58 | 2012 | 15.43 | 16.14 | 16.00 |
| 1999 | 26.65 | 20.25 | 21.04 | 2013 | 39.24 | 32.79 | 32.38 |
| 2000 | 10.39 | (6.97) | (9.10) | 2014 | 11.24 | 13.07 | 13.68 |
| 2001 | 3.70 | (10.64) | (11.89) | 2015 | (0.46) | 1.00 | 1.37 |
| 2002 | (9.39) | (21.31) | (22.10) | 2016 | 13.19 | 13.02 | 11.95 |
| 2003 | 35.11 | 29.57 | 28.68 | 2017 | 20.87 | 21.12 | 21.82 |
| 2004 | 18.48 | 11.77 | 10.88 | 2018 | (14.08) | (4.97) | (4.39) |
| 2005 | 11.39 | 5.65 | 4.91 | 2019 | 19.10 | 30.89 | 31.48 |
| 2006 | 15.65 | 15.32 | 15.79 | 2020 | 12.76 | 17.91 | 18.39 |
| 2007 | 2.81 | 5.53 | 5.49 | 2021 | 32.77 | 28.42 | 28.68 |
| 2008 | (31.75) | (36.72) | (37.00) | 2022 | (17.83) | (17.80) | (18.13) |
| 2009 | 37.89 | 27.23 | 26.47 | 2023 | 17.46 | 25.43 | 26.26 |
| 2010 | 24.13 | 16.38 | 15.06 | 2024 | 11.21 | 23.93 | 25.00 |
| | | | | Through 3/31/2025 | (7.95) | (4.49) | (4.28) |

Hypothetical Total Return

See "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

Portfolio

| Num of Sl | nber hares | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|--------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | | Communication Services - 5.01% | | |
| | 78 | Fox Corporation - CL A | \$ 50.060 | \$ 3,904.68 |
| | 4 | Netflix, Inc. | 976.280 | 3,905.12 |
| | 27 | New York Times Company - CL A | 48.760 | 1,316.52 |
| | 9 | Nexstar Media Group, Inc. | 152.400 | 1,371.60 |
| | 39 | Yelp, Inc. | 33.880 | 1,321.32 |
| | 41 | Ziff Davis, Inc. | 31.400 | 1,287.40 |
| | | Consumer Discretionary - 14.88% | | |
| | 22 | Acushnet Holdings Corporation | 60.510 | 1,331.22 |
| | 40 | Aramark | 32.630 | 1,305.20 |
| | 1 | AutoZone, Inc. | 3,631.170 | 3,631.17 |
| | 47 | Bath & Body Works, Inc. | 27.630 | 1,298.61 |
| | 50 | BorgWarner, Inc. | 26.080 | 1,304.00 |
| | 20 | Five Below, Inc. | 62.670 | 1,253.40 |
| | 416 | Ford Motor Company | 9.450 | 3,931.20 |
| + | 20 | Garmin, Ltd. | 192.310 | 3,846.20 |
| + | 40 | Helen of Troy, Ltd. | 32.640 | 1,305.60 |
| | 34 | La-Z-Boy, Inc. | 38.040 | 1,293.36 |
| | 15 | lululemon athletica, Inc. | 255.640 | 3,834.60 |
| | 18 | Monarch Casino & Resort, Inc. | 75.160 | 1,352.88 |
| | 3 | O'Reilly Automotive, Inc. | 1,397.930 | 4,193.79 |
| | 50 | Perdoceo Education Corporation | 25.930 | 1,296.50 |
| | 23 | Signet Jewelers, Ltd. | 55.380 | 1,273.74 |
| | 9 | Stride, Inc. | 137.610 | 1,238.49 |
| | 30 | TJX Companies, Inc. | 128.500 | 3,855.00 |
| | 27 | Urban Outfitters, Inc. | 48.310 | 1,304.37 |
| | | Consumer Staples - 2.02% | | |
| | 11 | BJ's Wholesale Club Holdings, Inc. | 118.760 | 1,306.36 |
| | 14 | Cal-Maine Foods, Inc. | 96.550 | 1,351.70 |
| | 17 | Performance Food Group Company | 75.790 | 1,288.43 |
| | 21 | US Foods Holding Corporation | 63.130 | 1,325.73 |
| | | Energy - 5.49% | | |
| | 103 | Baker Hughes Company - CL A | 38.160 | 3,930.48 |
| | 15 | Chord Energy Corporation | 88.400 | 1,326.00 |
| | 36 | EOG Resources, Inc. | 107.480 | 3,869.28 |
| | 64 | Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation - CL A | 20.290 | 1,298.56 |
| | 108 | NOV, Inc. | 12.010 | 1,297.08 |
| | 60 | SM Energy Company | 21.720 | 1,303.20 |
| | 55 | World Kinect Corporation | 23.830 | 1,310.65 |
| | | | | |

Portfolio (continued)

| Number of Shares | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|
| | Financials - 27.49% | | |
| 40 | Ally Financial, Inc. | \$ 32.330 | \$ 1,293.20 |
| 48 | American International Group, Inc. | 81.950 | 3,933.60 |
| + 42 | Arch Capital Group, Ltd. | 92.460 | 3,883.32 |
| 22 | Axos Financial, Inc. | 58.970 | 1,297.34 |
| 21 | Bank of Hawaii Corporation | 63.330 | 1,329.93 |
| 7 | Berkshire Hathaway, Inc CL B | 528.170 | 3,697.19 |
| 29 | Cincinnati Financial Corporation | 133.330 | 3,866.57 |
| 12 | City Holding Company | 112.380 | 1,348.56 |
| 21 | Fidelity National Financial, Inc. | 62.440 | 1,311.24 |
| 21 | First American Financial Corporation | 60.760 | 1,275.96 |
| 8 | Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. | 507.890 | 4,063.12 |
| 8 | Hanover Insurance Group, Inc. | 159.800 | 1,278.40 |
| 9 | HCI Group, Inc. | 147.970 | 1,331.73 |
| 7 | Interactive Brokers Group, Inc CL A | 173.430 | 1,214.01 |
| 45 | Loews Corporation | 86.130 | 3,875.85 |
| 8 | Mastercard, Inc CL A | 517.380 | 4,139.04 |
| 35 | Morgan Stanley | 110.440 | 3,865.40 |
| 43 | Northern Trust Corporation | 89.270 | 3,838.61 |
| 14 | Progressive Corporation | 276.110 | 3,865.54 |
| 7 | Reinsurance Group of America, Inc. | 182.430 | 1,277.01 |
| 15 | Selective Insurance Group, Inc. | 88.240 | 1,323.60 |
| 19 | ServisFirst Bancshares, Inc. | 69.360 | 1,317.84 |
| 17 | Shift4 Payments, Inc CL A | 78.070 | 1,327.19 |
| 48 | SLM Corporation | 26.650 | 1,279.20 |
| 16 | Travelers Companies, Inc. | 249.660 | 3,994.56 |
| 12 | Visa, Inc CL A | 335.810 | 4,029.72 |
| 23 | Voya Financial, Inc. | 57.700 | 1,327.10 |
| 60 | Wells Fargo & Company | 64.540 | 3,872.40 |
| 20 | Western Alliance Bancorp | 66.070 | 1,321.40 |
| 20 | Health Care - 8.00% | 00.010 | 1,021110 |
| + 47 | Alkermes plc | 27.940 | 1,313.18 |
| 29 | Cardinal Health, Inc. | 134.250 | 3,893.25 |
| 57 | Catalyst Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | 23.230 | 1,324.11 |
| 14 | Cencora, Inc. | 284.540 | 3,983.56 |
| 14 | Ensign Group, Inc. | 129.090 | 1,290.90 |
| 10 | Globus Medical, Inc CL A | 72.350 | 1,302.30 |
| 21 | Halozyme Therapeutics, Inc. | 61.280 | 1,286.88 |
| 17 | Labcorp Holdings, Inc. | 226.020 | 3,842.34 |
| 17 | Labcorp Holdings, Inc. Lantheus Holdings, Inc. | 102.780 | 3,842.34 1,336.14 |
| 28 | Protagonist Therapeutics, Inc. | | |
| 28 | Frotagonist merapeutics, inc. | 46.950 | 1,314.60 |

Portfolio (continued)

| Number of Shares | Name of Issuer (1) | rket Value Share (2) | Se | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) | |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------|----|---|--|
| | Industrials - 17.05% | | | | |
| 29 | 3M Company | \$ 135.260 | \$ | 3,922.54 | |
| 14 | AECOM | 93.960 | | 1,315.44 | |
| 133 | American Airlines Group, Inc. | 9.850 | | 1,310.05 | |
| 21 | ArcBest Corporation | 60.620 | | 1,273.02 | |
| 10 | Armstrong World Industries, Inc. | 135.820 | | 1,358.20 | |
| 13 | Automatic Data Processing, Inc. | 298.060 | | 3,874.78 | |
| 19 | Brady Corporation - CL A | 67.340 | | 1,279.46 | |
| 15 | Brink's Company | 87.140 | | 1,307.10 | |
| 19 | Cintas Corporation | 208.200 | | 3,955.80 | |
| 30 | Flowserve Corporation | 42.810 | | 1,284.30 | |
| 25 | Gibraltar Industries, Inc. | 53.310 | | 1,332.75 | |
| 18 | Griffon Corporation | 69.970 | | 1,259.46 | |
| 38 | GXO Logistics, Inc. | 33.870 | | 1,287.06 | |
| 69 | Kennametal, Inc. | 19.040 | | 1,313.76 | |
| 33 | Knight-Swift Transportation Holdings, Inc CL A | 39.530 | | 1,304.49 | |
| 13 | Matson, Inc. | 100.610 | | 1,307.93 | |
| 71 | Rollins, Inc. | 55.360 | | 3,930.56 | |
| 25 | Rush Enterprises, Inc CL A | 52.720 | | 1,318.00 | |
| 12 | Snap-on, Inc. | 337.070 | | 4,044.84 | |
| 18 | Tennant Company | 71.070 | | 1,279.26 | |
| 53 | Uber Technologies, Inc. | 74.020 | | 3,923.06 | |
| 14 | XPO, Inc. | 95.780 | | 1,340.92 | |
| | Information Technology - 15.50% | | | | |
| 59 | Amphenol Corporation - CL A | 65.760 | | 3,879.84 | |
| 22 | Ciena Corporation | 59.380 | | 1,306.36 | |
| 55 | Cognizant Technology Solutions Corporation - CL A | 71.260 | | 3,919.30 | |
| 23 | Coherent Corporation | 56.540 | | 1,300.42 | |
| 22 | ePlus, Inc. | 58.520 | | 1,287.44 | |
| 15 | F5, Inc. | 263.530 | | 3,952.95 | |
| + 7 | Fabrinet | 188.510 | | 1,319.57 | |
| 40 | Fortinet, Inc. | 99.200 | | 3,968.00 | |
| 10 | Insight Enterprises, Inc. | 133.290 | | 1,332.90 | |
| 6 | InterDigital, Inc. | 202.930 | | 1,217.58 | |
| 6 | KLA Corporation | 676.210 | | 4,057.26 | |
| 7 | Monolithic Power Systems, Inc. | 544.250 | | 3,809.75 | |
| 9 | Motorola Solutions, Inc. | 430.640 | | 3,875.76 | |
| 11 | Onto Innovation, Inc. | 120.470 | | 1,325.17 | |
| 31 | Pure Storage, Inc CL A | 41.950 | | 1,300.45 | |
| 42 | ScanSource, Inc. | 31.350 | | 1,316.70 | |
| 66 | Ultra Clean Holdings, Inc. | 19.760 | | 1,304.16 | |
| 50 | | | | ,00.110 | |

Portfolio (continued)

| Number of Shares | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | Materials - 3.57% | | |
| 53 | Alcoa Corporation | \$ 24.680 | \$ 1,308.04 |
| 28 | ATI, Inc. | 47.230 | 1,322.44 |
| 23 | Minerals Technologies, Inc. | 56.760 | 1,305.48 |
| 13 | Quaker Chemical Corporation | 102.810 | 1,336.53 |
| 12 | Sherwin-Williams Company | 336.880 | 4,042.56 |
| | Utilities - 0.99% | | |
| 16 | Otter Tail Corporation | 79.790 | 1,276.64 |
| 30 | Portland General Electric Company | 43.200 | 1,296.00 |
| 3,796 | | | \$ 261,113.41 |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

Large Cap Core Strategy

Investment Objective. The Portfolio seeks to provide capital appreciation.

Principal Investment Strategy. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by using an enhanced index strategy' to select an equally weighted portfolio of 40 stocks. The selection process selects 20 stocks derived from the S&P 500 Growth Index using the Large Cap Growth Strategy and 20 stocks derived from the S&P 500 Value Index using the Large Cap Value Strategy. Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor, implemented the Portfolio strategy using information available through FactSet as of the close of business on April 8, 2025 (the "Selection Date").

Large Cap Growth Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P 500 Growth Index²

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on the *Price-to-Free Cash Flow* and exclude all but the lowest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Return on Invested Capital* and exclude all but the highest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the highest *3-Month Relative Sector Performance* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by S&P's Global Industry Classification Standard ("GICS")). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on

publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Large Cap Value Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P 500 Value Index²

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on the highest 6-Month Relative Sector Performance and exclude all but the highest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Cash Percentage of Market Capitalization* and exclude all but the highest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the lowest *Price-to-Free Cash Flow* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by GICS). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

With respect to each strategy described above, if more than 8 stocks in the initial portfolio are from a single economic sector (as defined by GICS), any such additional stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank after Step 5 that is not in the same sector.

Of course, we cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective. The value of your Units may fall

below the price you paid for the Units. You should read the "Risk Factors" section before you invest.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a Unitholder. For more information see "Rights of Unitholders--Rollover".

Factor Definitions:

Market Capitalization - A stock's share price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding.

Price-to-Free Cash Flow - Stock price divided by last twelve months free cash flow. "Free cash flow" is net income plus depreciation and amortization and deferred income taxes; and minus capital expenditures and common and preferred dividends; all from the cash flow statement.

Return on Invested Capital - Last twelve months net income before extraordinary items divided by total capital (long-term debt plus common and preferred equity and minority interest).

3-Month Relative Sector Performance - The percentage return of the stock over the last three months relative to the median return of all stocks in its sector.

6-Month Relative Sector Performance - The percentage return of the stock over the last six months relative to the median return for all stocks in its sector. In other words, a positive value for this metric would reflect that during the time frame a stock generally outperformed stocks of other companies in its sector, while a negative value would reflect that a stock generally underperformed stocks of other companies in the same sector.

Cash Percentage of Market Capitalization - Cash divided by market capitalization.

Principal Risks. As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- Security prices will fluctuate. The value of your investment may fall over time.
- An issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared. This may result in a reduction in the value of your Units.
- The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units. This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.
- You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.
- The Portfolio's performance might not sufficiently correspond to published hypothetical performance of the Portfolio's investment strategy. This can happen for reasons such as an inability to exactly replicate the weightings of stocks in the strategy or be fully invested, timing of the Portfolio offering or timing of your investment, and Portfolio expenses. The hypothetical performance presented is not the past performance of the Portfolio.
- The Portfolio is concentrated in securities issued by companies in the financials sector. As further discussed in "Risk Factors Sector Risks," financial services issuers are substantially affected by changes in economic and market conditions. Negative

developments in the financials sector will affect the value of your investment more than would be the case for a more diversified investment.

- The Portfolio invests primarily in stocks of large cap companies. Large cap companies are more mature and may grow more slowly than the economy as a whole and tend to go in and out of favor based on market and economic conditions.
- We do not actively manage the Portfolio. Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same securities even if their market value declines.

Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

| Sales Charge | As a % of Public Offering Price | Amount Per 100 Units |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| Initial sales charge | 0.000% | \$ 0.000 |
| Deferred sales charge | 1.350 | 13.500 |
| Creation and development fee | 0.500 | 5.000 |
| Maximum sales charge | 1.850% | \$18.500 |
| | As a % of Net Assets | Amount Per 100 Units |
| Estimated Organization Costs | 0.298% | \$2.919 |
| Estimated Annual Expenses | | |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses Supervisory, bookkeeping | 0.172% | \$1.689 |
| and administrative fees | 0.056 | 0.550 |
| Total | 0.228% | \$2.239* |

Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust each year subject to a sales charge of 1.85%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

| 1 year | \$ 237 |
|----------|-----------|
| 3 years | 729 |
| 5 years | 1,245 |
| 10 years | 2,654 |

The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above. The maximum sales charge is 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.135 per Unit and accrues daily from August 10, 2025 through January 9, 2026. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price -- General."

Essential Information Unit Price at Initial Date of Deposit \$10,0000 **Initial Date of Deposit** April 16, 2025 **Mandatory Termination Date** July 17, 2026 Historical 12 Month Distributions¹ \$0.1098 per Unit **Record Dates²** 10th day of August, November and February **Distribution Dates**² 25th day of August, November and February **CUSIP Numbers** Cash - 46151F627 Reinvest - 46151F635 Fee Based Cash - 46151F643 Fee Based Reinvest - 46151F650

1 As of close of business day prior to Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio ver the 12 months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per Unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See Rights of Unitholders - Historical 12 Month Distributions.

2 The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit on such Record Date. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed on the next Distribution Date on which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.

Hypothetical Strategy Performance

The table below compares the hypothetical total return of stocks selected using the Portfolio's investment strategy (the "Hypothetical Strategy Stocks") with the stocks in the S&P 500[®] Index. Hypothetical total return includes any dividends paid on the stocks together with any increase or decrease in the value of the stocks. The table illustrates a hypothetical investment in the Hypothetical Strategy Stocks at the beginning of each year -- similar to buying Units of the Portfolio, redeeming them after one year and reinvesting the proceeds in a new portfolio each year.

These hypothetical returns are not actual past performance of the Portfolio or prior series but do reflect the sales charge or expenses you will pay. Of course, these hypothetical returns are not guarantees of future results and the value of your Units will fluctuate. You should note that the returns shown below are hypothetical annual returns based on a calendar year investment. The performance of the Portfolio may differ because the Portfolio has a 15 month life that is not based on a calendar year investment cycle. For more information about the hypothetical total return calculations, see "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

| Year | Hypothetical Strategy Stocks | S&P 500 Index | Year | Hypothetical Strategy Stocks | S&P 500 Index |
|------|------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| 1995 | 35.00% | 37.58% | 2010 | 20.65% | 15.06% |
| 1996 | 22.60 | 22.96 | 2011 | 3.78 | 2.11 |
| 1997 | 44.12 | 33.36 | 2012 | 14.79 | 16.00 |
| 1998 | 34.68 | 28.58 | 2013 | 43.05 | 32.38 |
| 1999 | 36.02 | 21.04 | 2014 | 16.60 | 13.68 |
| 2000 | 3.61 | (9.10) | 2015 | (0.28) | 1.37 |
| 2001 | (11.74) | (11.89) | 2016 | 10.54 | 11.95 |
| 2002 | (9.90) | (22.10) | 2017 | 26.24 | 21.82 |
| 2003 | 28.09 | 28.68 | 2018 | (12.41) | (4.39) |
| 2004 | 17.90 | 10.88 | 2019 | 20.20 | 31.48 |
| 2005 | 11.59 | 4.91 | 2020 | 12.08 | 18.39 |
| 2006 | 19.70 | 15.79 | 2021 | 38.52 | 28.68 |
| 2007 | (0.19) | 5.49 | 2022 | (19.01) | (18.13) |
| 2008 | (33.71) | (37.00) | 2023 | 14.56 | 26.26 |
| 2009 | 25.30 | 26.47 | 2024 Through | 9.30 | 25.00 |
| | | | 3/31/2025 | (6.63) | (4.28) |

Hypothetical Total Return

See "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

Large Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

Portfolio

| Number of Shares | | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|---------------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | | Communication Services - 4.91% | | |
| | 142 | Fox Corporation - CL A | \$ 50.060 | \$ 7,108.52 |
| | 7 | Netflix, Inc. | 976.280 | 6,833.96 |
| | | Consumer Discretionary - 15.03% | | |
| | 2 | AutoZone, Inc. | 3,631.170 | 7,262.34 |
| | 754 | Ford Motor Company | 9.450 | 7,125.30 |
| + | 37 | Garmin, Ltd. | 192.310 | 7,115.47 |
| | 28 | lululemon athletica, Inc. | 255.640 | 7,157.92 |
| | 5 | O'Reilly Automotive, Inc. | 1,397.930 | 6,989.65 |
| | 55 | TJX Companies, Inc. | 128.500 | 7,067.50 |
| | | Energy - 4.99% | | |
| | 186 | Baker Hughes Company - CL A | 38.160 | 7,097.76 |
| | 66 | EOG Resources, Inc. | 107.480 | 7,093.68 |
| | | Financials - 32.36% | | |
| | 86 | American International Group, Inc. | 81.950 | 7,047.70 |
| + | 77 | Arch Capital Group, Ltd. | 92.460 | 7,119.42 |
| | 13 | Berkshire Hathaway, Inc CL B | 528.170 | 6,866.21 |
| | 53 | Cincinnati Financial Corporation | 133.330 | 7,066.49 |
| | 14 | Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. | 507.890 | 7,110.46 |
| | 82 | Loews Corporation | 86.130 | 7,062.66 |
| | 14 | Mastercard, Inc CL A | 517.380 | 7,243.32 |
| | 64 | Morgan Stanley | 110.440 | 7,068.16 |
| | 79 | Northern Trust Corporation | 89.270 | 7,052.33 |
| | 26 | Progressive Corporation | 276.110 | 7,178.86 |
| | 28 | Travelers Companies, Inc. | 249.660 | 6,990.48 |
| | 21 | Visa, Inc CL A | 335.810 | 7,052.01 |
| | 110 | Wells Fargo & Company | 64.540 | 7,099.40 |
| | | Health Care - 7.55% | | |
| | 53 | Cardinal Health, Inc. | 134.250 | 7,115.25 |
| | 25 | Cencora, Inc. | 284.540 | 7,113.50 |
| | 32 | Labcorp Holdings, Inc. | 226.020 | 7,232.64 |
| | | Industrials - 14.99% | | |
| | 52 | 3M Company | 135.260 | 7,033.52 |
| | 24 | Automatic Data Processing, Inc. | 298.060 | 7,153.44 |
| | 34 | Cintas Corporation | 208.200 | 7,078.80 |
| | 129 | Rollins, Inc. | 55.360 | 7,141.44 |
| | 21 | Snap-on, Inc. | 337.070 | 7,078.47 |
| | 96 | Uber Technologies, Inc. | 74.020 | 7,105.92 |

Large Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

Portfolio (continued)

| Number of Shares | Name of Issuer (1) | ket Value Share (2) | Se | ost of ecurities to ortfolio (2) |
|---------------------|---|----------------------------|------|--|
| | Information Technology - 17.68% | | | |
| 107 | Amphenol Corporation - CL A | \$ 65.760 | \$ | 7,036.32 |
| 100 | Cognizant Technology Solutions Corporation - CL A | 71.260 | | 7,126.00 |
| 27 | F5, Inc. | 263.530 | | 7,115.31 |
| 72 | Fortinet, Inc. | 99.200 | | 7,142.40 |
| 11 | KLA Corporation | 676.210 | | 7,438.31 |
| 13 | Monolithic Power Systems, Inc. | 544.250 | | 7,075.25 |
| 17 | Motorola Solutions, Inc. | 430.640 | | 7,320.88 |
| | Materials - 2.49% | | | |
| 21 | Sherwin-Williams Company | 336.880 | | 7,074.48 |
| 2,783 | | | \$ 2 | 284,191.53 |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

Mid Cap Core Strategy

Investment Objective. The Portfolio seeks to provide capital appreciation.

Principal Investment Strategy. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by using an enhanced index strategy' to select an equally weighted portfolio of 40 stocks. The selection process selects 20 stocks derived from the S&P Mid Cap 400 Growth Index using the Mid Cap Growth Strategy and 20 stocks derived from the S&P Mid Cap 400 Value Index using the Mid Cap Value Strategy. Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor, implemented the Portfolio strategy using information available through FactSet as of the close of business on April 8, 2025 (the "Selection Date").

Mid Cap Growth Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P MidCap 400 Growth Index²

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on the *Forward P/E* and exclude all but the lowest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Cash Percentage of Market Capitalization* and exclude all but the highest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the highest *Long-Term Growth Rates* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by S&P's Global Industry Classification Standard ("GICS")). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Mid Cap Value Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P MidCap 400 Value Index²

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on the highest *1-Year Sales Growth* and exclude all but the highest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Operating Cash Flow-to-Net Income* and exclude all but the highest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the lowest *Price-to-Sales* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by GICS). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

With respect to each strategy described above, if more than 8 stocks in the initial portfolio are from a single economic sector (as defined by GICS), any such additional stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank after Step 5 that is not in the same sector.

Of course, we cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective. The value of your Units may fall

below the price you paid for the Units. You should read the "Risk Factors" section before you invest.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a Unitholder. For more information see "Rights of Unitholders--Rollover".

Factor Definitions:

Market Capitalization - A stock's share price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding.

Forward P/E - FactSet next year fiscal year earnings divided by price (prior to 12/31/13 data was provided by First Call, or if not available for a particular company, by I/B/E/S). "FactSet" and "I/B/E/S" are databases of security recommendations and estimates from many different contributing firms that translate the data into uniform consensus average recommendations and estimates from contributing firms. "First Call" is a database provided by Thompson Reuters that gathers research notes and earnings estimates from brokerage analysts.

Cash Percentage of Market Capitalization - Cash divided by market capitalization.

Long-Term Growth Rates - FactSet mean growth rate estimate representing the expected annual increase in operating earnings over the next business cycle (prior to 12/31/13 data was provided by I/B/E/S).

1-Year Sales Growth - Percentage change in sales over the last twelve months.

Operating Cash Flow-to-Net Income - Last twelve months cash from operations divided by last twelve months net income.

Price-to-Sales - Price times shares outstanding divided by sales for the last twelve months.

Principal Risks. As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- Security prices will fluctuate. The value of your investment may fall over time.
- An issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared. This may result in a reduction in the value of your Units.
- The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units. This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.
- You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.
- The Portfolio's performance might not sufficiently correspond to published hypothetical performance of the Portfolio's investment strategy. This can happen for reasons such as an inability to exactly replicate the weightings of stocks in the strategy or be fully invested, timing of the Portfolio offering or timing of your investment, and Portfolio expenses. The hypothetical performance presented is not the past performance of the Portfolio.
- The Portfolio invests in stocks of smaller capitalization companies. These stocks are often more volatile and have lower trading volumes than stocks of larger companies. Smaller capitalization companies may have limited products or financial resources,

management inexperience and less publicly available information.

- The Portfolio is concentrated in securities issued by companies in the financials sector. As further discussed in "Risk Factors -Sector Risks," financial services issuers are substantially affected by changes in economic and market conditions. Negative developments in the financials sector will affect the value of your investment more than would be the case for a more diversified investment.
- We do not actively manage the Portfolio. Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same securities even if their market value declines.

Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

| Sales Charge | As a % of Public Offering Price | Amount Per 100 Units |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| Initial sales charge | 0.000% | \$ 0.000 |
| Deferred sales charge | 1.350 | 13.500 |
| Creation and development fee | 0.500 | 5.000 |
| Maximum sales charge | 1.850% | \$18.500 |
| | As a % of Net Assets | Amount Per 100 Units |
| Estimated Organization Costs | 0.666% | \$6.498 |
| Estimated Annual Expenses | | |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses Supervisory, bookkeeping | 0.266% | \$2.593 |
| and administrative fees | 0.056 | 0.550 |
| Total | 0.322% | \$3.143* |

Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust each year subject to a sales charge of 1.85%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

| 1 year | \$ 281 |
|----------|-----------|
| 3 years | 861 |
| 5 years | 1,465 |
| 10 years | 3,087 |

The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above. The maximum sales charge is 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.135 per Unit and accrues daily from August 10, 2025 through January 9, 2026. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price -- General."

Essential Information Unit Price at Initial Date of Deposit \$10,0000 **Initial Date of Deposit** April 16, 2025 **Mandatory Termination Date** July 17, 2026 Historical 12 Month Distributions¹ \$0.1076 per Unit **Record Dates²** 10th day of August, November and February **Distribution Dates**² 25th day of August, November and February **CUSIP Numbers** Cash - 46151F668 Reinvest - 46151F676 Fee Based Cash - 46151F684 Fee Based Reinvest - 46151F692

1 As of close of business day prior to Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per Unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See Rights of Unitholders - Historical 12 Month Distributions

2 The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit on such Record Date. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed on the next Distribution Date on which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.

Hypothetical Strategy Performance

The table below compares the hypothetical total return of stocks selected using the Portfolio's investment strategy (the "Hypothetical Strategy Stocks") with the stocks in the S&P MidCap 400[®] Index. Hypothetical total return includes any dividends paid on the stocks together with any increase or decrease in the value of the stocks. The table illustrates a hypothetical investment in the Hypothetical Strategy Stocks at the beginning of each year -- similar to buying Units of the Portfolio, redeeming them after one year and reinvesting the proceeds in a new portfolio each year.

These hypothetical returns are not actual past performance of the Portfolio or prior series but do reflect the sales charge or expenses you will pay. Of course, these hypothetical returns are not guarantees of future results and the value of your Units will fluctuate. You should note that the returns shown below are hypothetical annual returns based on a calendar year investment. The performance of the Portfolio may differ because the Portfolio has a 15 month life that is not based on a calendar year investment cycle. For more information about the hypothetical total return calculations, see "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

| Year | Hypothetical Strategy Stocks | S&P MidCap 400 Index | Year | Hypothetical Strategy Stocks | S&P MidCap 400 Index |
|-------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1995 | 25.95% | 30.95% | 2010 | 28.38% | 26.64% |
| 1996 | 37.05 | 19.23 | 2011 | (7.62) | (1.73) |
| 1997 | 41.60 | 32.24 | 2012 | 15.45 | 17.88 |
| 1998 | 15.14 | 19.09 | 2013 | 32.67 | 33.46 |
| 1999 | 5.20 | 14.70 | 2014 | 9.56 | 9.74 |
| 2000 | 14.24 | 17.51 | 2015 | (0.82) | (2.18) |
| 2001 | 22.48 | (0.60) | 2016 | 10.38 | 20.73 |
| 2002 | (11.81) | (14.51) | 2017 | 14.30 | 16.23 |
| 2003 | 41.53 | 35.62 | 2018 | (18.62) | (11.10) |
| 2004 | 21.76 | 16.49 | 2019 | 19.22 | 26.17 |
| 2005 | 10.31 | 12.56 | 2020 | 13.47 | 13.65 |
| 2006 | 7.59 | 10.32 | 2021 | 22.79 | 24.73 |
| 2007 | 10.37 | 7.98 | 2022 | (13.68) | (13.10) |
| 2008 | (36.40) | (36.23) | 2023 | 17.23 | 16.39 |
| 2009+ | 70.03 | 37.38 | 2024 Through | 15.31 | 13.89 |
| | | | 3/31/2025 | (10.57) | (6.11) |

Hypothetical Total Return

+ These returns are the result of extraordinary market events and are not expected to be repeated.

See "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

Mid Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

Portfolio

| Number of Shares | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| | Communication Services - 5.00% | | |
| 76 | New York Times Company - CL A | \$ 48.760 | \$ 3,705.76 |
| 24 | Nexstar Media Group, Inc. | 152.400 | 3,657.60 |
| | Consumer Discretionary - 7.47% | | |
| 113 | Aramark | 32.630 | 3,687.19 |
| 133 | Bath & Body Works, Inc. | 27.630 | 3,674.79 |
| 58 | Five Below, Inc. | 62.670 | 3,634.86 |
| | Consumer Staples - 7.46% | | |
| 31 | BJ's Wholesale Club Holdings, Inc. | 118.760 | 3,681.56 |
| 48 | Performance Food Group Company | 75.790 | 3,637.92 |
| 58 | US Foods Holding Corporation | 63.130 | 3,661.54 |
| | Energy - 5.02% | | |
| 42 | Chord Energy Corporation | 88.400 | 3,712.80 |
| 306 | NOV, Inc. | 12.010 | 3,675.06 |
| | Financials - 27.50% | | , |
| 114 | Ally Financial, Inc. | 32.330 | 3,685.62 |
| 59 | Fidelity National Financial, Inc. | 62.440 | 3,683.96 |
| 61 | First American Financial Corporation | 60.760 | 3,706.36 |
| 23 | Hanover Insurance Group, Inc. | 159.800 | 3,675.40 |
| 21 | Interactive Brokers Group, Inc CL A | 173.430 | 3,642.03 |
| 20 | Reinsurance Group of America, Inc. | 182.430 | 3,648.60 |
| 42 | Selective Insurance Group, Inc. | 88.240 | 3,706.08 |
| 47 | Shift4 Payments, Inc CL A | 78.070 | 3,669.29 |
| 137 | SLM Corporation | 26.650 | 3,651.05 |
| 64 | Voya Financial, Inc. | 57.700 | 3,692.80 |
| 56 | Western Alliance Bancorp | 66.070 | 3,699.92 |
| | Health Care - 10.07% | | |
| 29 | Ensign Group, Inc. | 129.090 | 3,743.61 |
| 51 | Globus Medical, Inc CL A | 72.350 | 3,689.85 |
| 60 | Halozyme Therapeutics, Inc. | 61.280 | 3,676.80 |
| 36 | Lantheus Holdings, Inc. | 102.780 | 3,700.08 |
| | Industrials - 17.46% | | |
| 39 | AECOM | 93.960 | 3,664.44 |
| 375 | American Airlines Group, Inc. | 9.850 | 3,693.75 |
| 42 | Brink's Company | 87.140 | 3,659.88 |
| 85 | Flowserve Corporation | 42.810 | 3,638.85 |
| 107 | GXO Logistics, Inc. | 33.870 | 3,624.09 |
| 93 | Knight-Swift Transportation Holdings, Inc CL A | 39.530 | 3,676.29 |
| 39 | XPO, Inc. | 95.780 | 3,735.42 |
| | | | |

Mid Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

Portfolio (continued)

| | Portfolio (2) |
|-----------|---|
| | |
| \$ 59.380 | \$ 3,681.56 |
| 56.54C | 3,675.10 |
| 188.510 | 3,581.69 |
| 120.470 | 3,734.57 |
| 41.950 | 3,691.60 |
| | |
| 24.680 | 3,677.32 |
| 47.230 | 3,731.17 |
| | |
| 43.200 | 3,672.00 |
| | \$ 147,138.26 |
| | \$ 59.380 56.540 188.510 120.470 41.950 24.680 47.230 43.200 |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

Small Cap Core Strategy

Investment Objective. The Portfolio seeks to provide capital appreciation.

Principal Investment Strategy. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by using an enhanced index strategy' to select an equally weighted portfolio of 40 stocks. The selection process selects 20 stocks derived from the S&P Small Cap 600 Growth Index using the Small Cap Growth Strategy and 20 stocks derived from the S&P 600 Value Index using the Small Cap Value Strategy. Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor, implemented the Portfolio strategy using information available through FactSet as of the close of business on April 8, 2025 (the "Selection Date").

Small Cap Growth Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P SmallCap 600 Growth Index²

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on the *Enterprise Value to EBITDA* and exclude all but the lowest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining 100 stocks from the previous step based on *Return on Invested Capital* and exclude all but the highest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the highest *6-Month Relative Sector Performance* for the Portfolio

No more than 8 of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by S&P's Global Industry Classification Standard ("GICS")). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Small Cap Value Strategy:

Step 1: Begin with the stocks in the S&P SmallCap 600 Value Index²

Step 2: Exclude the bottom 20% of stocks based on *Market Capitalization*

Step 3: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on *Long-Term Growth Rates* and exclude all but the highest 100

Step 4: Rank the remaining stocks from the previous step based on *Debt-to-Equity* and exclude all but the lowest 50

Step 5: From among the 50 stocks remaining from the previous step, select the 20 stocks with the lowest *Price/Operating Earnings* for the Portfolio

No more than eight of the stocks in the initial portfolio will be selected from any single economic sector (as defined by GICS). If any 2 stocks have the same rank after Step 5, the stock bearing the higher rank following Step 4 will be assigned the higher rank for purposes of selecting the final 20 stocks for the Portfolio. In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank through Step 5, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

With respect to each strategy described above, if more than 8 stocks in the initial portfolio are from a single economic sector (as defined by GICS), any such additional stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest rank after Step 5 that is not in the same sector.

Of course, we cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective. The value of your Units may fall

below the price you paid for the Units. You should read the "Risk Factors" section before you invest.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a Unitholder. For more information see "Rights of Unitholders--Rollover".

Factor Definitions:

Market Capitalization - A stock's share price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding.

Enterprise Value to EBITDA - Enterprise value divided by Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization ("EBITDA"). "Enterprise value" equals stock market capitalization plus sum of debt and preferred stock minus cash and cash equivalents.

Return on Invested Capital - Last twelve months net income before extraordinary items divided by total capital (long-term debt plus common and preferred equity and minority interest).

6-Month Relative Sector Performance - The percentage return of the stock over the last six months relative to the median return of all stocks in its sector. In other words, a positive value for this metric would reflect that during the time frame a stock generally outperformed stocks of other companies in its sector, while a negative value would reflect that a stock generally underperformed stocks of other companies in the same sector.

Long-Term Growth Rates - FactSet mean growth rate estimate representing the expected annual increase in operating earnings over the next business cycle (prior to 12/31/13 data was provided by I/B/E/S). "FactSet" and "I/B/E/S" are databases of security

recommendations and estimates from many different contributing firms that translate the data into uniform consensus average recommendations and estimates from contributing firms.

Debt-to-Equity - Total debt (short-term plus long-term) dividend by equity (common plus preferred).

Price/Operating Earnings - Last twelve months operating earnings (sales (net) minus cost of goods sold and selling, general, and administrative expenses before deducting depreciation, depletion and amortization).

Principal Risks. As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- Security prices will fluctuate. The value of your investment may fall over time.
- An issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared. This may result in a reduction in the value of your Units.
- The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units. This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.
- You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.
- The Portfolio invests in stocks of smaller capitalization companies. These stocks are often more volatile and have lower trading volumes than stocks of larger companies. Smaller capitalization companies may have limited products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information.

- The Portfolio is concentrated in securities issued by companies in the consumer discretionary and consumer staples sectors. As further discussed in "Risk Factors - Sector Risks," companies that manufacture and distribute consumer products face risks such as intense competition, substantial government regulation, increased impact from an economic recession, and changes in consumer spending trends. Negative developments in these sectors will affect the value of your investment more than would be the case in a more diversified investment.
- The Portfolio's performance might not sufficiently correspond to published hypothetical performance of the Portfolio's investment strategy. This can happen for reasons such as an inability to exactly replicate the weightings of stocks in the strategy or be fully invested, timing of the Portfolio offering or timing of your investment, and Portfolio expenses. The hypothetical performance presented is not the past performance of the Portfolio.
- We do not actively manage the Portfolio. Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same securities even if their market value declines.

Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

| Sales Charge | As a % of Public Offering Price | Amount Per 100 Units |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| Initial sales charge | 0.000% | \$ 0.000 |
| Deferred sales charge | 1.350 | 13.500 |
| Creation and development fee | 0.500 | 5.000 |
| Maximum sales charge | 1.850% | \$18.500 |
| | As a % of Net Assets | Amount Per 100 Units |
| Estimated Organization Costs | 0.666% | \$6.498 |
| Estimated Annual Expenses | | |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses Supervisory, bookkeeping | 0.266% | \$2.593 |
| and administrative fees | 0.056 | 0.550 |
| Total | 0.322% | \$3.143* |

Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust each year subject to a sales charge of 1.85%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

| 1 year | \$ 281 |
|----------|-----------|
| 3 years | 861 |
| 5 years | 1,465 |
| 10 years | 3,087 |

The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above. The maximum sales charge is 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.135 per Unit and accrues daily from August 10, 2025 through January 9, 2026. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price -- General."

Essential Information Unit Price at Initial Date of Deposit \$10,0000 **Initial Date of Deposit** April 16, 2025 **Mandatory Termination Date** July 17, 2026 Historical 12 Month Distributions¹ \$0.0969 per Unit **Record Dates²** 10th day of August, November and February **Distribution Dates**² 25th day of August, November and February **CUSIP Numbers** Cash - 46151F700 Reinvest - 46151F718 Fee Based Cash - 46151F726 Fee Based Reinvest - 46151F734

1 As of close of business day prior to Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per Unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See Rights of Unitholders - Historical 12 Month Distributions.

2 The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit on such Record Date. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed on the next Distribution Date on which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.

Hypothetical Strategy Performance

The table below compares the hypothetical total return of stocks selected using the Portfolio's investment strategy (the "Hypothetical Strategy Stocks") with the stocks in the S&P SmallCap 600[®] Index. Hypothetical total return includes any dividends paid on the stocks together with any increase or decrease in the value of the stocks. The table illustrates a hypothetical investment in the Hypothetical Strategy Stocks at the beginning of each year -- similar to buying Units of the Portfolio, redeeming them after one year and reinvesting the proceeds in a new portfolio each year.

These hypothetical returns are not actual past performance of the Portfolio or prior series but do reflect the sales charge or expenses you will pay. Of course, these hypothetical returns are not guarantees of future results and the value of your Units will fluctuate. You should note that the returns shown below are hypothetical annual returns based on a calendar year investment. The performance of the Portfolio may differ because the Portfolio has a 15 month life that is not based on a calendar year investment cycle. For more information about the hypothetical total return calculations, see "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

| Year | Hypothetical Strategy Stocks | S&P SmallCap 600 Index | Year | Hypothetical Strategy Stocks | S&P SmallCap 600 Index |
|------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1997 | 18.59% | 25.58% | 2011 | 3.61% | 1.01% |
| 1998 | 5.19 | (1.32) | 2012 | 16.75 | 16.33 |
| 1999 | 19.36 | 12.41 | 2013 | 33.81 | 41.31 |
| 2000 | 26.32 | 11.81 | 2014 | (3.74) | 5.74 |
| 2001 | 30.65 | 6.55 | 2015 | (1.25) | (2.01) |
| 2002 | (6.03) | (14.63) | 2016 | 23.37 | 26.46 |
| 2003 | 49.17 | 38.79 | 2017 | 10.74 | 13.15 |
| 2004 | 16.33 | 22.68 | 2018 | (15.15) | (8.52) |
| 2005 | 11.29 | 7.70 | 2019 | 15.07 | 22.74 |
| 2006 | 10.97 | 15.13 | 2020 | 13.50 | 11.24 |
| 2007 | 3.65 | (0.30) | 2021 | 24.91 | 26.74 |
| 2008 | (21.84) | (31.07) | 2022 | (19.04) | (16.15) |
| 2009 | 42.93 | 25.57 | 2023 | 25.79 | 15.94 |
| 2010 | 29.76 | 26.31 | 2024 Through | 12.22 | 8.65 |
| | | | 3/31/2025 | (9.88) | (8.94) |

Hypothetical Total Return

See "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

Portfolio

| | nber hares | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|---|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | | Communication Services - 4.97% | | |
| | 109 | Yelp, Inc. | \$ 33.880 | \$ 3,692.92 |
| | 117 | Ziff Davis, Inc. | 31.400 | 3,673.80 |
| | | Consumer Discretionary - 22.51% | | |
| | 61 | Acushnet Holdings Corporation | 60.510 | 3,691.11 |
| | 143 | BorgWarner, Inc. | 26.080 | 3,729.44 |
| + | 113 | Helen of Troy, Ltd. | 32.640 | 3,688.32 |
| | 97 | La-Z-Boy, Inc. | 38.040 | 3,689.88 |
| | 50 | Monarch Casino & Resort, Inc. | 75.160 | 3,758.00 |
| | 143 | Perdoceo Education Corporation | 25.930 | 3,707.99 |
| | 65 | Signet Jewelers, Ltd. | 55.380 | 3,599.70 |
| | 27 | Stride, Inc. | 137.610 | 3,715.47 |
| | 77 | Urban Outfitters, Inc. | 48.310 | 3,719.87 |
| | | Consumer Staples - 2.55% | | |
| | 39 | Cal-Maine Foods, Inc. | 96.550 | 3,765.45 |
| | | Energy - 7.48% | | |
| | 181 | Magnolia Oil & Gas Corporation - CL A | 20.290 | 3,672.49 |
| | 170 | SM Energy Company | 21.720 | 3,692.40 |
| | 155 | World Kinect Corporation | 23.830 | 3,693.65 |
| | | Financials - 12.49% | | |
| | 62 | Axos Financial, Inc. | 58.970 | 3,656.14 |
| | 59 | Bank of Hawaii Corporation | 63.330 | 3,736.47 |
| | 33 | City Holding Company | 112.380 | 3,708.54 |
| | 25 | HCI Group, Inc. | 147.970 | 3,699.25 |
| | 53 | ServisFirst Bancshares, Inc. | 69.360 | 3,676.08 |
| | | Health Care - 7.62% | | |
| + | 135 | Alkermes plc | 27.940 | 3,771.90 |
| | 161 | Catalyst Pharmaceuticals, Inc. | 23.230 | 3,740.03 |
| | 80 | Protagonist Therapeutics, Inc. | 46.950 | 3,756.00 |
| | | Industrials - 22.44% | | |
| | 60 | ArcBest Corporation | 60.620 | 3,637.20 |
| | 27 | Armstrong World Industries, Inc. | 135.820 | 3,667.14 |
| | 55 | Brady Corporation - CL A | 67.340 | 3,703.70 |
| | 70 | Gibraltar Industries, Inc. | 53.310 | 3,731.70 |
| | 52 | Griffon Corporation | 69.970 | 3,638.44 |
| | 195 | Kennametal, Inc. | 19.040 | 3,712.80 |
| | 37 | Matson, Inc. | 100.610 | 3,722.57 |
| | 70 | Rush Enterprises, Inc CL A | 52.720 | 3,690.40 |
| | 52 | Tennant Company | 71.070 | 3,695.64 |
| | | | | |

Portfolio (continued)

| Number of Shares | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | Information Technology - 12.46% | | |
| 63 | ePlus, Inc. | \$ 58.520 | \$ 3,686.76 |
| 28 | Insight Enterprises, Inc. | 133.290 | 3,732.12 |
| 18 | InterDigital, Inc. | 202.930 | 3,652.74 |
| 117 | ScanSource, Inc. | 31.350 | 3,667.95 |
| 187 | Ultra Clean Holdings, Inc. | 19.760 | 3,695.12 |
| | Materials - 5.00% | | |
| 65 | Minerals Technologies, Inc. | 56.760 | 3,689.40 |
| 36 | Quaker Chemical Corporation | 102.810 | 3,701.16 |
| | Utilities - 2.48% | | |
| 46 | Otter Tail Corporation | 79.790 | 3,670.34 |
| 3,333 | | | \$ 147,930.08 |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

PowerPicks Portfolio

Investment Objective. The Portfolio seeks above-average total return.

Principal Investment Strategy. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a portfolio of stocks selected by Invesco Capital Markets Inc., the Sponsor, based on information provided by CFRA, an independent research firm.¹

The stocks, referred to as the PowerPicks list, represent the collective "best ideas" by CFRA. The PowerPicks are drawn from all the economic sectors that comprise the S&P 500 Index. Creation of the PowerPicks annual portfolios began on January 1, 1997. In 2004, the mid-year PowerPicks list was introduced, followed by quarterly updates beginning in November 2008. The Portfolio contains companies that may be positioned for superior growth over the coming 12 months based on several factors, including proprietary research provided by CFRA. The Sponsor selected the final portfolio based upon the information supplied by CFRA.

Of course, we cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective. The value of your Units may fall below the price you paid for the Units. You should read the "Risk Factors" section before you invest.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a Unitholder. For more information see "Rights of Unitholders--Rollover". **Principal Risks.** As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- Security prices will fluctuate. The value of your investment may fall over time.
- An issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared. This may result in a reduction in the value of your Units.
- The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units. This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.
- You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.
- The Portfolio's performance might not sufficiently correspond to published performance hypothetical of the Portfolio's investment strategy. This can happen for reasons such as an inability to exactly replicate the composition and/or weightings of stocks in the strategy or be fully invested, the timing of the Portfolio offering or timing of your investment, regulatory restrictions and Portfolio hypothetical performance expenses. The presented is not the past performance of the Portfolio.

¹ CFRA is the registered operating name or "doing business as" for its legal entity Accounting Research & Analytics, LLC.

- The Portfolio is concentrated in securities issued by companies in the information technology sector. As further discussed in "Risk Factors – Sector Risks," the information technology sector faces risks related to rapidly changing technology, rapid product obsolescence, cyclical market patterns, evolving industry standards and frequent new product introductions. Negative developments in this sector will affect the value of your investment more than would be the case for a more diversified investment.
- We do not actively manage the Portfolio. Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same Securities even if their market value declines.

Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

| Sales Charge | As a % of Public Offering Price | Amount Per 100 Units |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| Initial sales charge | 0.000% | \$ 0.000 |
| Deferred sales charge | 1.350 | 13.500 |
| Creation and development fee | 0.500 | 5.000 |
| Maximum sales charge | 1.850% | \$18.500 |
| | As a % of Net Assets | Amount Per 100 Units |
| Estimated Organization Costs | 0.388% | \$3.791 |
| Estimated Annual Expenses | | |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses Supervisory, bookkeeping | 0.328% | \$3.208 |
| and administrative fees | 0.056 | 0.550 |
| Total | 0.384% | \$3.758* |

Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust each year subject to a sales charge of 1.85%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

| 1 year | \$ 260 |
|----------|-----------|
| 3 years | 798 |
| 5 years | 1,362 |
| 10 years | 2,887 |

The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above. The maximum sales charge is 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.135 per Unit and accrues daily from August 10, 2025 through January 9, 2026. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price -- General."

Essential Information Unit Price at Initial Date of Deposit \$10,0000 **Initial Date of Deposit** April 16, 2025 **Mandatory Termination Date** July 17, 2026 Historical 12 Month Distributions¹ \$0.0820 per Unit **Record Date²** 10th day of August, November and February **Distribution Date**² 25th day of August, November and February **CUSIP Numbers** Cash - 46151F742 Reinvest - 46151F759 Fee Based Cash - 46151F767 Fee Based Reinvest - 46151F775

1 As of close of business day prior to Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per Unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See Rights of Unitholders - Historical 12 Month Distributions.

2 The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit on such Record Date. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed on the next Distribution Date on which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.

Hypothetical Strategy Performance

The tables below compare the hypothetical total return of the stocks included and published in the PowerPicks lists with the actual total return of the stocks in the S&P 500 Index. PowerPicks lists are published at the beginning of each year (the "January PowerPicks"). The January PowerPicks have been published each year since 1997, and the Mid-Year PowerPicks began being published in 2004. The tables below show the hypothetical performance of the PowerPicks lists. Hypothetical total return includes any dividends paid on the stocks together with any increase or decrease in the value of the stocks. The tables illustrate a hypothetical investment in the January PowerPicks lists at the beginning of each year -- similar to buying Units of the Portfolio, redeeming them after one year and reinvesting the proceeds in a new portfolio each year.

These hypothetical returns are not actual past performance of the Portfolio or a prior series but do reflect the sales charge and expenses you will pay. Of course, these hypothetical returns are not guarantees of future results and the value of your Units will fluctuate. You should note that the returns shown below are hypothetical annual returns based on a calendar year investment or an investment from July 1 to June 30 or an investment for a time period as may be presented in the second table shown below. The performance of the Portfolio may differ because the Portfolio has a 15 month life that is not based on a calendar year investment cycle. Further, the stocks comprising the Portfolio may not necessarily represent the full list of stocks of a particular PowerPicks update. For more information about the hypothetical total return calculations, see "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

Hypothetical Total Return

| | | •• | | | |
|------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Year | January PowerPicks | S&P 500 Index | Year | January PowerPicks | S&P 500 Index |
| 1997 | 21.36% | 33.36% | 2011 | 0.94% | 2.11% |
| 1998 | 29.12 | 28.58 | 2012 | 15.08 | 16.00 |
| 1999 | 40.82 | 21.04 | 2013 | 41.56 | 32.38 |
| 2000 | (5.47) | (9.10) | 2014 | 5.71 | 13.68 |
| 2001 | (14.64) | (11.89) | 2015 | (9.52) | 1.37 |
| 2002 | (25.25) | (22.10) | 2016 | 5.35 | 11.95 |
| 2003 | 32.23 | 28.68 | 2017 | 21.78 | 21.82 |
| 2004 | 10.69 | 10.88 | 2018 | (15.96) | (4.39) |
| 2005 | 7.68 | 4.91 | 2019 | 29.18 | 31.48 |
| 2006 | 14.08 | 15.79 | 2020 | 10.73 | 18.39 |
| 2007 | 6.31 | 5.49 | 2021 | 23.71 | 28.68 |
| 2008 | (40.64) | (37.00) | 2022 | (17.91) | (18.13) |
| 2009 | 25.22 | 26.47 | 2023 | 18.83 | 26.26 |
| 2010 | 18.55 | 15.06 | 2024 Through | 20.35 | 25.00 |
| | | | 3/31/2025 | (9.75) | (4.28) |

See "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

Hypothetical Strategy Performance (continued)

| | | Hypothetic | al Total Return | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|
| Period | Mid-Year PowerPicks | S&P 500 Index | Period | Mid-Year PowerPicks | S&P 500 Index |
| July 1, 2004- June 30, 2005 | 1.57% | 7.43% | July 1, 2014- June 30, 2015 | 5.90% | 6.68% |
| July 1, 2005- June 30, 2006 | 18.73 | 8.33 | July 1, 2015- June 30, 2016 | (14.42) | 3.24 |
| July 1, 2006- June 30, 2007 | 14.97 | 19.62 | July 1, 2016- June 30, 2017 | 20.58 | 17.64 |
| July 1, 2007- June 30, 2008 | 2.82 | (13.98) | July 1, 2017- June 30, 2018 | 8.21 | 14.36 |
| July 1, 2008- June 30, 2009 | (31.76) | (26.51) | July 1, 2018- June 30, 2019 | 7.35 | 10.41 |
| July 1, 2009- June 30, 2010 | 13.01 | 13.91 | July 1, 2019- June 30, 2020 | (4.08) | 6.67 |
| July 1, 2010- June 30, 2011 | 36.67 | 31.10 | July 1, 2020- June 30, 2021 | 30.59 | 40.07 |
| July 1, 2011- June 30, 2012 | (1.83) | 3.93 | July 1, 2021- June 30, 2022 | (21.48) | (11.11) |
| July 1, 2012- June 30, 2013 | 19.07 | 20.28 | July 1, 2022- June 30, 2023 | 18.56 | 18.31 |
| July 1, 2013- June 30, 2014 | 23.81 | 23.91 | July 1, 2023- June 30, 2024 | 16.58 | 24.54 |
| | | | July 1, 2024- March 31, 2025 | (2.09) | 3.50 |

See "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

PowerPicks Portfolio 2025-2

Portfolio

| Number of Shares | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| | Communication Services - 10.18% | | |
| 15 | Meta Platforms, Inc CL A | \$ 521.520 | \$ 7,822.80 |
| 8 | Netflix, Inc. | 976.280 | 7,810.24 |
| 36 | Take-Two Interactive Software, Inc. | 214.600 | 7,725.60 |
| 29 | T-Mobile US, Inc. | 266.710 | 7,734.59 |
| | Consumer Discretionary - 9.97% | | |
| 108 | Abercrombie & Fitch Company - CL A | 70.500 | 7,614.00 |
| 42 | Amazon.com, Inc. | 179.590 | 7,542.78 |
| 155 | Chipotle Mexican Grill, Inc. | 48.800 | 7,564.00 |
| 111 | Visteon Corporation | 69.710 | 7,737.81 |
| | Consumer Staples - 7.44% | | |
| 45 | Procter & Gamble Company | 168.470 | 7,581.15 |
| 125 | Tyson Foods, Inc CL A | 60.990 | 7,623.75 |
| 80 | Walmart, Inc. | 93.970 | 7,517.60 |
| | Energy - 2.53% | | |
| 34 | Cheniere Energy, Inc. | 226.950 | 7,716.30 |
| | Financials - 14.90% | | |
| 39 | Allstate Corporation | 194.540 | 7,587.06 |
| 36 | Fiserv, Inc. | 212.830 | 7,661.88 |
| 15 | Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. | 507.890 | 7,618.35 |
| 68 | Morgan Stanley | 110.440 | 7,509.92 |
| 49 | PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. | 155.390 | 7,614.11 |
| + 23 | Willis Towers Watson plc | 327.160 | 7,524.68 |
| | Health Care - 10.03% | 005 000 | |
| 26 | Amgen, Inc. | 295.300 | 7,677.80 |
| 81 | Boston Scientific Corporation | 94.230 | 7,632.63 |
| 57 | Cardinal Health, Inc. | 134.250 | 7,652.25 |
| 106 | Globus Medical, Inc CL A | 72.350 | 7,669.10 |
| . 70 | Industrials - 7.45% | 00 700 | 7 040 00 |
| + 79 | AerCap Holdings N.V. | 96.720 | 7,640.88 |
| 34 79 | Union Pacific Corporation United Parcel Service, Inc CL B | 220.080 96,500 | 7,482.72 7,623.50 |
| 79 | United Farcer Service, Inc OL D | 96.500 | 1,023.30 |

PowerPicks Portfolio 2025-2

Portfolio (continued)

| | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | | ties to |
|-------|---|---|--|--|
| | Information Technology - 29.96% | | | |
| 26 | Accenture plc - CL A | \$ 288.660 | \$ 7,5 | 505.16 |
| 38 | Apple, Inc. | 202.140 | 7,6 | 81.32 |
| 105 | Arista Networks, Inc. | 73.200 | 7,6 | 686.00 |
| 11 | ASML Holding N.V ADR | 683.160 | 7,5 | 514.76 |
| 43 | Broadcom, Inc. | 178.950 | 7,6 | 694.85 |
| 90 | Dell Technologies, Inc CL C | 85.490 | 7,6 | 694.10 |
| 78 | Fortinet, Inc. | 99.200 | 7,7 | 737.60 |
| 20 | Microsoft Corporation | 385.730 | 7,7 | ′14.60 |
| 183 | Pure Storage, Inc CL A | 41.950 | 7,6 | 676.85 |
| 9 | ServiceNow, Inc. | 816.500 | 7,3 | 348.50 |
| 52 | Snowflake, Inc CL A | 146.540 | 7,6 | 620.08 |
| 128 | Trimble, Inc. | 59.590 | 7,6 | 627.52 |
| | Materials - 2.51% | | | |
| 156 | Silgan Holdings, Inc. | 49.010 | 7,6 | 645.56 |
| | Real Estate - 2.51% | | | |
| 49 | EastGroup Properties, Inc. | 156,740 | 7.6 | 80.26 |
| | | | 7 - | |
| 37 | Constellation Energy Corporation | 208.420 | 7,7 | '11.54 |
| 2.505 | | | \$ 305.4 | 24.20 |
| | 38 105 11 43 90 78 20 183 9 52 128 156 49 | Name of Issuer (1)Information Technology - 29.96%26Accenture plc - CL A38Apple, Inc.105Arista Networks, Inc.11ASML Holding N.V ADR43Broadcom, Inc.90Dell Technologies, Inc CL C78Fortinet, Inc.20Microsoft Corporation183Pure Storage, Inc CL A9ServiceNow, Inc.52Snowflake, Inc CL A128Trimble, Inc.Materials - 2.51%156Silgan Holdings, Inc.49EastGroup Properties, Inc.Utilities - 2.52%37Constellation Energy Corporation | Name of Issuer (1) per Share (2) Information Technology - 29.96% \$ 288.660 26 Accenture plc - CL A \$ 288.660 38 Apple, Inc. 202.140 105 Arista Networks, Inc. 73.200 11 ASML Holding N.V ADR 683.160 43 Broadcom, Inc. 178.950 90 Dell Technologies, Inc CL C 85.490 78 Fortinet, Inc. 99.200 20 Microsoft Corporation 385.730 183 Pure Storage, Inc CL A 41.950 9 ServiceNow, Inc. 816.500 52 Snowflake, Inc CL A 146.540 128 Trimble, Inc. 59.590 Materials - 2.51% 49.010 49 EastGroup Properties, Inc. 156.740 Utilities - 2.52% 156.740 37 Constellation Energy Corporation 208.420 | Name of Issuer (1) Market Value per Share (2) Securi Portfol 26 Accenture plc - CL A \$ 288.660 \$ 7,5 38 Apple, Inc. 202.140 7,6 105 Arista Networks, Inc. 73.200 7,6 11 ASML Holding N.V ADR 683.160 7,5 43 Broadcom, Inc. 178.950 7,6 90 Dell Technologies, Inc CL C 85.490 7,6 78 Fortinet, Inc. 99.200 7,7 20 Microsoft Corporation 385.730 7,7 18 Pure Storage, Inc CL A 41.950 7,6 9 ServiceNow, Inc. 59.590 7,6 128 Trimble, Inc. 59.590 7,6 128 Trimble, Inc. 59.590 7,6 146 Silgan Holdings, Inc. 49.010 7,6 149 EastGroup Properties, Inc. 156.740 7,6 141 156.740 7,6 7,7 149 EastGroup Properties, Inc. 208.420 |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio

Investment Objective. The Portfolio seeks to provide current income and the potential for capital appreciation.

Principal Investment Strategy. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by using an enhanced index strategy' to select an equally weighted portfolio of 33 dividend paying stocks derived from each sector of the S&P 1500[®] Index. The selection process seeks to identify the top dividend yielding stocks across the primary market sectors. Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor, implemented the following Portfolio strategy using information available as of the close of business on April 8, 2025 (the "Selection Date"):

Step 1- Begin with the stocks in the S&P 1500[®] Index

Step 2- Exclude stocks with a share price of less than \$5

Step 3- Exclude stocks with a market capitalization (share price multiplied by number of shares outstanding) of less than \$1 billion

Step 4- Select 3 stocks with the highest dividend yield from each of the economic sectors as defined by S&P's Global Industry Classification Standard ("GICS"). As of the Selection Date, the economic sectors as defined by GICS are Communication Services, Consumer Discretionary, Consumer Staples, Energy, Financials, Health Care, Industrials, Information Technology, Materials, Real Estate and Utilities.

A company will also be excluded, and its stock will be replaced with the next highest dividend yielding stock from the same GICS sector, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the Selection Date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Of course, we cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective. The value of your Units may fall below the price you paid for the Units. You should read the "Risk Factors" section before you invest.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a Unitholder. For more information see "Rights of Unitholders--Rollover".

Principal Risks. As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- Security prices will fluctuate. The value of your investment may fall over time.
- An issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared. This may result in a reduction in the value of your Units.
- The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units. This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.
- You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.
- The Portfolio's performance might not sufficiently correspond to published hypothetical performance of the Portfolio's investment strategy. This can happen for reasons such as an inability to exactly replicate the weightings of stocks in the strategy

or be fully invested, timing of the Portfolio offering or timing of your investment, and Portfolio expenses. The hypothetical performance presented is not the past performance of the Portfolio.

• We do not actively manage the Portfolio. Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same securities even if their market value declines.

Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

| Sales Charge | As a % of Public Offering Price | Amount Per 100 Units |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| Initial sales charge | 0.000% | \$ 0.000 |
| Deferred sales charge | 1.350 | 13.500 |
| Creation and development fee | 0.500 | 5.000 |
| Maximum sales charge | 1.850% | \$18.500 |
| | As a % of Net Assets | Amount Per 100 Units |
| Estimated Organization Costs | 0.667% | \$6.500 |
| Estimated Annual Expenses | | |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses Supervisory, bookkeeping | 0.258% | \$2.515 |
| and administrative fees | 0.056 | 0.550 |
| Total | 0.314% | \$3.065* |

Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust each year subject to a sales charge of 1.85%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

| 1 year | \$ 281 |
|----------|-----------|
| 3 years | 859 |
| 5 years | 1,462 |
| 10 years | 3,081 |

The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above. The maximum sales charge is 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.135 per Unit and accrues daily from August 10, 2025 through January 9, 2026. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price -- General."

Essential Information

| Unit Price at Initial Date of De Initial Date of Deposit | posit \$10.0000 April 16, 2025 |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Mandatory Termination Date | July 17, 2026 |
| Historical 12 Month Distribution | \$0.8678 per Unit |
| Record Dates | 10th day of each month |
| Distribution Dates | 25th day of each month |
| CUSIP Numbers | Cash – 46151F585 |
| | Reinvest – 46151F593 |
| | Fee Based Cash – 46151F601 |
| | Fee Based Reinvest - 46151F619 |

- 1 As of the opening of business on the Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio's fees and expenses, in actual income received by the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per Unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See Rights of Unitholders Historical 12 Month Distributions.
- 2 The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each monthly Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit on such Record Date. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed on the next Distribution Date on which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.

Hypothetical Strategy Performance

The table below compares the hypothetical total return of stocks selected using the Portfolio's investment strategy (the "Hypothetical Strategy Stocks") with the stocks in the S&P 1500[®] Index and the S&P 500[®] Index. Hypothetical total return includes any dividends paid on the stocks together with any increase or decrease in the value of the stocks. The table illustrates a hypothetical investment in the Hypothetical Strategy Stocks at the beginning of each year -- similar to buying Units of the Portfolio, redeeming them after one year and reinvesting the proceeds in a new portfolio each year.

These hypothetical returns are not actual past performance of the Portfolio or prior series but do reflect the sales charge or expenses you will pay. Of course, these hypothetical returns are not guarantees of future results and the value of your Units will fluctuate. You should note that the returns shown below are hypothetical annual returns based on a calendar year investment. The performance of the Portfolio may differ because the Portfolio has a 15 month life that is not based on a calendar year investment cycle. For more information about the hypothetical total return calculations, see "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

| Year | Hypothetical Strategy Stocks | S&P 1500 Index | S&P 500 Index | Year | Hypothetical Strategy Stocks | S&P 1500 Index | S&P 500 Index |
|------|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1995 | 31.18% | 33.23% | 37.58% | 2010 | 19.12% | 16.38% | 15.06% |
| 1996 | 15.87 | 24.47 | 22.96 | 2011 | 6.69 | 1.74 | 2.11 |
| 1997 | 28.54 | 32.93 | 33.36 | 2012 | 2.56 | 16.14 | 16.00 |
| 1998 | 10.72 | 26.32 | 28.58 | 2013 | 38.00 | 32.79 | 32.38 |
| 1999 | (8.25) | 20.25 | 21.04 | 2014 | 9.83 | 13.07 | 13.68 |
| 2000 | 8.06 | (6.97) | (9.10) | 2015 | (13.28) | 1.00 | 1.37 |
| 2001 | 9.72 | (10.64) | (11.89) | 2016 | 25.95 | 13.02 | 11.95 |
| 2002 | (12.45) | (21.31) | (22.10) | 2017 | 7.98 | 21.12 | 21.82 |
| 2003 | 31.05 | 29.57 | 28.68 | 2018 | (14.06) | (4.97) | (4.39) |
| 2004 | 16.97 | 11.77 | 10.88 | 2019 | 13.79 | 30.89 | 31.48 |
| 2005 | 6.14 | 5.65 | 4.91 | 2020 | (4.54) | 17.91 | 18.39 |
| 2006 | 20.49 | 15.32 | 15.79 | 2021 | 23.70 | 28.42 | 28.68 |
| 2007 | 6.92 | 5.53 | 5.49 | 2022 | (2.54) | (17.80) | (18.13) |
| 2008 | (32.98) | (36.72) | (37.00) | 2023 | 14.21 | 25.43 | 26.26 |
| 2009 | 44.13 | 27.23 | 26.47 | 2024 Through | (0.60) | 23.93 | 25.00 |
| | | | | 3/31/2025 | (6.16) | (4.49) | (4.28) |

Hypothetical Total Return

See "Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables".

Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio 2025-2

Portfolio

| Num of Sh | | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | Se | ost of ecurities to ortfolio (2) |
|--------------|-----|--|-------------------------------|----|--|
| | | Communication Services - 9.08% | | | |
| | 84 | Cogent Communications Holdings, Inc. | \$ 53.440 | \$ | 4,488.96 |
| | 29 | Nexstar Media Group, Inc. | 152.400 | | 4,419.60 |
| | 101 | Verizon Communications, Inc. | 44.480 | | 4,492.48 |
| | | Consumer Discretionary - 9.10% | | | |
| | 130 | Buckle, Inc. | 34.240 | | 4,451.20 |
| | 126 | Carter's, Inc. | 35.910 | | 4,524.66 |
| | 56 | Whirlpool Corporation | 79.430 | | 4,448.08 |
| | | Consumer Staples - 9.16% | | | |
| | 78 | Altria Group, Inc. | 57.520 | | 4,486.56 |
| | 47 | Cal-Maine Foods, Inc. | 96.550 | | 4,537.85 |
| | 88 | Universal Corporation | 51.070 | | 4,494.16 |
| | | Energy - 9.03% | | | |
| | 50 | Chord Energy Corporation | 88.400 | | 4,420.00 |
| | 169 | Civitas Resources, Inc. | 26.250 | | 4,436.25 |
| + | 142 | International Seaways, Inc. | 31.360 | | 4,453.12 |
| | | Financials - 9.09% | | | , |
| | 413 | Arbor Realty Trust, Inc. | 10.840 | | 4,476.92 |
| | 315 | ARMOUR Residential REIT, Inc. | 14.230 | | 4,482.45 |
| | 405 | Two Harbors Investment Corporation | 11.010 | | 4,459.05 |
| | | Health Care - 9.10% | | | |
| | 403 | Organon & Company | 11.050 | | 4,453.15 |
| | 200 | Pfizer, Inc. | 22.440 | | 4,488.00 |
| | 600 | Viatris, Inc. | 7.480 | | 4,488.00 |
| | | Industrials - 9.04% | | | |
| | 89 | ManpowerGroup, Inc. | 50.340 | | 4,480.26 |
| | 75 | Stanley Black & Decker, Inc. | 58.860 | | 4,414.50 |
| | 46 | United Parcel Service, Inc CL B | 96.500 | | 4,439.00 |
| | | Information Technology - 9.10% | | | , |
| | 190 | HP, Inc. | 23.740 | | 4,510.60 |
| | 116 | Microchip Technology, Inc. | 38.730 | | 4,492.68 |
| | 77 | Skyworks Solutions, Inc. | 57.400 | | 4,419.80 |
| | | Materials - 9.04% | | | ., |
| | 399 | Chemours Company | 11.110 | | 4,432.89 |
| | 160 | Dow, Inc. | 27.700 | | 4,432.00 |
| + | 79 | LyondellBasell Industries N.V. | 56.700 | | 4,479.30 |
| | , 0 | Real Estate - 9.13% | 00.100 | | 1, 11 0100 |
| | 600 | Global Net Lease, Inc. | 7.480 | | 4,488.00 |
| | 89 | Innovative Industrial Properties, Inc. | 50.480 | | 4,492.72 |
| | 463 | Park Hotels & Resorts, Inc. | 9.710 | | 4,495.73 |
| | 400 | | 9.710 | | +,+30.70 |

Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio 2025-2 Portfolio (continued)

| Number of Shares | Name of Issuer (1) | Market Value per Share (2) | Cost of Securities to Portfolio (2) |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | Utilities - 9.13% | | |
| 434 | AES Corporation | \$ 10.270 | \$ 4,457.18 |
| 166 | Clearway Energy, Inc CL A | 27.140 | 4,505.24 |
| 155 | Clearway Energy, Inc CL C | 29.070 | 4,505.85 |
| 6,574 | | | \$ 147,546.24 |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

NASDAQ-100 Growth Leaders Portfolio

Investment Objective. The Portfolio seeks to provide the potential for above average capital appreciation.

Principal Investment Strategy. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by principally investing in a portfolio of common stocks of companies derived from the NASDAQ-100 Index. The NASDAQ-100 Index includes securities of 100 of the largest domestic and international non-financial companies listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market based on market capitalization. The NASDAQ-100 Index reflects companies from all major industries, except for companies that are classified as "financials" according to the Industry Classification Benchmark ("ICB") (i.e., it excludes companies under ICB Industry Code 8000). Security types generally eligible for inclusion in the NASDAQ-100 Index are common stocks, ordinary shares, tracking stocks, shares of beneficial interest, limited partnership interests, as well as American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs") that represent securities of non-U.S. issuers.

Since its inception in 1985, the NASDAQ-100 Index has become the world's preeminent large-cap growth index. Featuring some of the world's most iconic companies, today the NASDAQ-100 Index defines modern day industrials. Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor, selects the securities for the Portfolio from among the NASDAQ-100 Index component list as most recently made available to the Sponsor prior to the Initial Date of Deposit. Although the NASDAQ-100 Index weights its component securities using a "modified market capitalization-weighted" methodology, which is a hybrid between equal weighting and conventional capitalization weighting, the Portfolio will be approximately equally weighted.

The Portfolio aims to invest in constituent securities of the NASDAQ-100 Index that are issued by companies that the Sponsor identifies as "growth leaders" using the following selection criteria. An initial universe of investable securities is created by quantitively screening the NASDAQ-100 Index by: (1) eliminating companies with a share price below \$5 at the time of selection; (2) eliminating companies whose three-year average revenue compound annual growth rate ("CAGR") is less than 5%; and (3) eliminating companies whose threeyear average earnings per share ("EPS") CAGR is less than 10%. Our process utilizes both generally accepted accounting procedures ("GAAP") and non-GAAP EPS figures. If the screens do not produce an adequate number of initial investable stocks, the Sponsor may either reduce or increase the percentage thresholds of screens 2 and 3 to adjust the initial universe size.

The final portfolio is then selected by the Sponsor based on fundamental factors including, but not limited to: relative valuations such as price/earnings, price/cash flow, price/sales and price/book; growth prospects of sales, earnings, and cash flows; cash flow generation; balance sheet strength; and third party analyst ratings.

Our selection process attempts to find the stocks with the best prospects for above-average capital appreciation by identifying companies that have a history of compound annual growth of sales and earnings, trade at attractive valuations, and, in our opinion, are likely to continue to grow faster than their peers.

The final portfolio of stocks principally consists of common stocks and is approximately equally weighted as of the day of deposit.

Of course, we cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective. The value of your Units may fall below the price you paid for the Units. You should read the "Risk Factors" section before you invest.

The Portfolio is designed as part of a long-term investment strategy. The Sponsor may offer a subsequent series of the portfolio when the current Portfolio terminates. As a result, you may achieve more consistent overall results by following the strategy through reinvestment of your proceeds over several years if subsequent series are available. Repeatedly rolling over an investment in a unit investment trust may differ from long-term investments in other investment products when considering the sales charges, fees, expenses and tax consequences attributable to a Unitholder. For more information see "Rights of Unitholders--Rollover".

Principal Risks. As with all investments, you can lose money by investing in this Portfolio. The Portfolio also might not perform as well as you expect. This can happen for reasons such as these:

- Security prices will fluctuate. The value of your investment may fall over time.
- While the Portfolio seeks to invest in securities focused on growth, several of those securities also pay dividends. To the extent an issuer currently pays dividends, an issuer may be unwilling or unable to declare dividends in the future, or may reduce the level of dividends declared. This may result in a reduction in the value of your Units.
- The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units. This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.
- You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.
- The Portfolio does not replicate all of the components of the NASDAQ-100 Index or its component weightings and the stocks in the Portfolio will not change or rebalance if the index components, or their weightings within the index, change or rebalance. The performance of the Portfolio will not correspond with the NASDAQ-100 Index for this reason and because the Portfolio incurs a sales charge and expenses. The Portfolio is not intended to replicate the performance of the index.

- The Portfolio is concentrated in securities issued by companies in the information technology sector. As further discussed in "Risk Factors – Sector Risks," the information technology sector faces risks related to rapidly changing technology, rapid product obsolescence, cyclical market patterns, evolving industry standards and frequent new product introductions. Negative developments in this sector will affect the value of your investment more than would be the case for a more diversified investment.
- We do not actively manage the Portfolio. Except in limited circumstances, the Portfolio will hold, and may continue to buy, shares of the same securities even if their market value declines.

Fee Table

The amounts below are estimates of the direct and indirect expenses that you may incur based on a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. Actual expenses may vary.

| Sales Charge | As a % of Public Offering Price | Amount Per 100 Units |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| Initial sales charge | 0.000% | \$ 0.000 |
| Deferred sales charge | 1.350 | 13.500 |
| Creation and development fee | 0.500 | 5.000 |
| Maximum sales charge | 1.850% | \$18.500 |
| | As a % of Net Assets | Amount Per 100 Units |
| Estimated Organization Costs | 0.296% | \$2.894 |
| Estimated Annual Expenses | | |
| Trustee's fee and operating expenses Supervisory, bookkeeping | 0.231% | \$2.259 |
| and administrative fees | 0.056 | 0.550 |
| Total | 0.287% | \$2.809* |

Example

This example helps you compare the cost of the Portfolio with other unit trusts and mutual funds. In the example we assume that the expenses do not change and that the Portfolio's annual return is 5%. Your actual returns and expenses will vary. This example also assumes that you continue to follow the Portfolio strategy and roll your investment, including all distributions, into a new trust each year subject to a sales charge of 1.85%. Based on these assumptions, you would pay the following expenses for every \$10,000 you invest in the Portfolio:

| 1 year | \$ 242 |
|----------|-----------|
| 3 years | 744 |
| 5 years | 1,271 |
| 10 years | 2,706 |

The estimated annual expenses are based upon the estimated trust size for the Portfolio determined as of the initial date of deposit. Because certain of the operating expenses are fixed amounts, if the Portfolio does not reach the estimated size, or if the value of the Portfolio or number of outstanding units decline over the life of the trust, or if the actual amount of the operating expenses exceeds the estimated amounts, the actual amount of the operating expenses per 100 units would exceed the estimated amounts. In some cases, the actual amount of operating expenses may substantially differ from the amounts reflected above. The maximum sales charge is 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit. There is no initial sales charge at a Public Offering Price of \$10 or less. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, the initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge (maximum of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price) and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.135 per Unit and accrues daily from August 10, 2025 through January 9, 2026. Your Portfolio pays a proportionate amount of this charge on the 10th day of each month beginning in the accrual period until paid in full. The combination of the initial and deferred sales charges comprises the "transactional sales charge". The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit and is paid at the earlier of the end of the initial offering period (anticipated to be three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit. For more detail, see "Public Offering Price -- General."

Essential Information

| Unit Price at Initial Date of Dep Initial Date of Deposit Mandatory Termination Date Historical 12 Month Distribution | April 16, 2025 July 17, 2026 |
|--|--|
| Record Dates ² | 10th day of August, November and February |
| Distribution Dates ² | 25th day of August, November and February |
| CUSIP Numbers | Cash – 46151F783 Reinvest – 46151F791 |
| - | Fee Based Cash – 46151F809 Fee Based Reinvest – 46151F817 |

- 1 As of close of business day prior to Initial Date of Deposit. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. The actual distributions you receive will vary from this per Unit amount due to changes in the Portfolio, currency fluctuations and with changes in the Portfolio such as the acquisition or liquidation of securities. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio ver the 12 months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per Unit, and reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. See Rights of Unitholders Historical 12 Month Distributions.
- 2 The Trustee will make distributions of income and capital on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date, provided that the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit. Undistributed income and capital will be distributed in the next Distribution Date in which the total cash held for distribution equals at least \$0.01 per Unit.

NASDAQ-100 Growth Leaders Portfolio 2025-2

Portfolio

| Communication Services - 10.98% 58 Alphabet, Inc CL A \$ 17 Meta Platforms, Inc CL A \$ 9 Netflix, Inc. Consumer Discretionary - 14.91% 50 Amazon.com, Inc. 2 2 Booking Holdings, Inc. 35 35 Lululemon Athletica, Inc. 41 Marriott International, Inc CL A | 5 156.310 521.520 976.280 179.590 4,612.440 255.640 222.580 976.920 | \$ | 9,065.98 8,865.84 8,786.52 8,979.50 9,224.88 8,947.40 9,125.78 |
|---|---|------|--|
| Meta Platforms, Inc CL A Netflix, Inc. Consumer Discretionary - 14.91% Amazon.com, Inc. Booking Holdings, Inc. Lululemon Athletica, Inc. | 521.520 976.280 179.590 4,612.440 255.640 222.580 | \$ | 8,865.84 8,786.52 8,979.50 9,224.88 8,947.40 |
| 9 Netflix, Inc. Consumer Discretionary - 14.91% 50 Amazon.com, Inc. 2 Booking Holdings, Inc. 35 Lululemon Athletica, Inc. | 976.280 179.590 4,612.440 255.640 222.580 | | 8,786.52 8,979.50 9,224.88 8,947.40 |
| Consumer Discretionary - 14.91%50Amazon.com, Inc.2Booking Holdings, Inc.35Lululemon Athletica, Inc. | 179.590 4,612.440 255.640 222.580 | | 8,979.50 9,224.88 8,947.40 |
| 50 Amazon.com, Inc. 2 Booking Holdings, Inc. 35 Lululemon Athletica, Inc. | 4,612.440 255.640 222.580 | | 9,224.88 8,947.40 |
| Booking Holdings, Inc. Lululemon Athletica, Inc. | 4,612.440 255.640 222.580 | | 9,224.88 8,947.40 |
| 35 Lululemon Athletica, Inc. | 255.640 222.580 | | 8,947.40 |
| · | 222.580 | | |
| 41 Marriott International Inc CLA | | | 9,125.78 |
| | 976.920 | | |
| Consumer Staples - 3.62% | 976.920 | | |
| 9 Costco Wholesale Corporation | | | 8,792.28 |
| Energy - 7.44% | | | |
| 238 Baker Hughes Company - CL A | 38.160 | | 9,082.08 |
| 71 Diamondback Energy, Inc. | 127.140 | | 9,026.94 |
| Health Care - 7.55% | | | |
| + 134 AstraZeneca plc - ADR | 67.870 | | 9,094.58 |
| 19 Intuitive Surgical, Inc. | 488.270 | | 9,277.13 |
| Industrials - 7.40% | | | |
| 30 Automatic Data Processing, Inc. | 298.060 | | 8,941.80 |
| 150 Copart, Inc. | 60.450 | | 9,067.50 |
| Information Technology - 44.36% | | | |
| 26 Adobe, Inc. | 350.380 | | 9,109.88 |
| 34 Autodesk, Inc. | 265.340 | | 9,021.56 |
| 50 Broadcom, Inc. | 178.950 | | 8,947.50 |
| 23 CrowdStrike Holdings, Inc CL A | 392.800 | | 9,034.40 |
| 92 Fortinet, Inc. | 99.200 | | 9,126.40 |
| 15 Intuit, Inc. | 594.080 | | 8,911.20 |
| 13 KLA Corporation | 676.210 | | 8,790.73 |
| 23 Microsoft Corporation | 385.730 | | 8,871.79 |
| 80 NVIDIA Corporation | 112.200 | | 8,976.00 |
| 16 Roper Technologies, Inc. | 567.080 | | 9,073.28 |
| 21 Synopsys, Inc. | 425.650 | | 8,938.65 |
| 39 Workday, Inc CL A | 233.320 | | 9,099.48 |
| Utilities - 3.74% | | | |
| 194 Exelon Corporation | 46.740 | | 9,067.56 |
| 1,489 | | \$ 2 | 243,246.64 |

See "Notes to Portfolios".

Notes to Hypothetical Performance Tables

The hypothetical strategy stocks for each applicable time period in a table were identified by applying the respective Portfolio strategy on the last trading day of the prior period on the principal trading exchange. It should be noted that the stocks in the tables are not the same stocks from year to year and may not be the same stocks as those included in your Portfolio. Hypothetical total return for each period was calculated by (1) subtracting the closing sale price of the stocks on the last trading day of the prior period from the closing sale price of the stocks on the last trading day of the prior period and (3) dividing the result by the closing sale price of the stocks on the last trading day of the prior period and reducing this amount by typical annual Portfolio operating expenses and sales charges. Average annual total return reflects annualized change while total return reflects aggregate change and is not annualized. The sales charge used for the hypothetical total returns at the beginning of each period is 1.85%. Adjustments were made to reflect events such as stock splits and corporate spinoffs. Hypothetical total return does not take into consideration commissions or taxes that will be incurred by Unitholders. With respect to foreign securities, all values are converted into U.S. dollars using the applicable currency exchange rate.

The tables represent hypothetical past performance of the related Portfolio strategies (not the Portfolios) and are not guarantees or indications of future performance of any Portfolio. The hypothetical performance is the retroactive application of a strategy designed with the full benefit of hindsight. Unitholders will not necessarily realize as high a total return as the hypothetical returns in the tables for several reasons including, among others: the total return figures in the tables do not reflect commissions paid by a Portfolio on the purchase of Securities or taxes incurred by Unitholders; the Portfolios are established at different times of the year; a Portfolio may not be able to invest equally in the Securities according to the strategy weightings and may not be fully invested at all times; a Portfolio may be subject to specific investment exclusions or restrictions; the Securities are often purchased or sold at prices different from the closing prices used in buying and selling Units; the stock prices on a strategy's implementation date may be different from prices on the Initial Date of Deposit; extraordinary market events that are not expected to be repeated and may have affected performance; and currency exchange rates will be different. In addition, both stock prices (which may appreciate or depreciate) and dividends (which may be increased, reduced or eliminated) will affect actual returns. There can be no assurance that your Portfolio will outperform its comparison stock index(es) over its life or future rollover periods, if available. The Sponsor uses data furnished by Bloomberg L.P., CFRA, Standard & Poor's and FactSet to implement the strategies and to generate the information contained in the tables. These data sources are applied in a consistent manner without the use of discretion. The Sponsor has not independently verified the data obtained from these sources but has no reason to believe that this data is incorrect in any material respect.

The S&P 500 Index consists of 500 stocks chosen by S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC to be representative of the leaders of various industries.

The S&P 1500[®] Index is a broad-based, capitalization-weighted index comprised of 1,500 stocks of large-cap, mid-cap, and small-cap U.S. companies.

The S&P MidCap 400 Index measures the performance of the mid-size company segment of the U.S. stock market. The market value weighted index is based on 400 stocks chosen on the basis of market capitalization, liquidity and industry group representation.

The S&P SmallCap 600 Index measures the performance of 600 small-cap companies within the U.S. equity universe.

These indices are unmanaged, are not subject to fees and are not available for direct investment.

Notes to Portfolios

- (1) The Securities are initially represented by "regular way" contracts to purchase the Securities. A letter of credit has been deposited with the Trustee covering the funds necessary for the purchase of the Securities as of the close of business on the last business day prior to the inception date of the Portfolio. The Sponsor has instructed the Trustee to purchase the securities on behalf of the Portfolio at the opening of business on the inception date of the Portfolio and are expected to settle within one business day (see "The Portfolios").
- (2) The valuation of the Securities has been determined by the Evaluator as of the close of business on the last business day prior to the inception date of the Portfolio. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820, "Fair Value Measurement," the Portfolio's investments are classified as Level 1, which refers to securities traded in an active market.
- "+" indicates that the security was issued by a foreign company.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Sponsor and Unitholders of Invesco Unit Trusts, Series 2417:

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of condition (including the related portfolio schedules) of All Cap Core Strategy 2025-2; Large Cap Core Strategy 2025-2; Mid Cap Core Strategy 2025-2; Small Cap Core Strategy 2025-2; PowerPicks Portfolio 2025-2; Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio 2025-2 and NASDAQ-100 Growth Leaders Portfolio 2025-2 (included in Invesco Unit Trusts, Series 2417 (the "Trust")) as of April 16, 2025, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as of April 16, 2025, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., the Sponsor. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Trust's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Trust in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Trust is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the Sponsor, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of cash or irrevocable letters of credit deposited for the purchase of securities as shown in the statements of condition as of April 16, 2025 by correspondence with The Bank of New York Mellon, Trustee. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

GRANT THORNTON LLP

We have served as the auditor of one or more of the unit investment trusts, sponsored by Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. and its predecessors, since 1976.

New York, New York April 16, 2025

STATEMENTS OF CONDITION As of April 16, 2025

| INVESTMENT IN SECURITIES | All Cap Core Strategy | arge Cap Core Strategy | Vid Cap Core Strategy |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Contracts to purchase Securities (1) | \$ 261,113 | \$ 284,192 | \$ 147,138 |
| Total | \$ 261,113 | \$ 284,192 | \$ 147,138 |
| LIABILITIES AND INTEREST OF UNITHOLDERS | | | |
| Organization costs (2) | \$ 718 | \$ 830 | \$ 956 |
| Deferred sales charge liability (3) | 3,525 | 3,837 | 1,986 |
| Creation and development fee liability (4) | 1,306 | 1,421 | 736 |
| Cost to investors (5)Less: deferred sales charge, creation and development | 261,113 | 284,192 | 147,138 |
| fee and organization costs (2)(4)(5)(6) | 5,549 | 6,088 | 3,678 |
| Net interest to Unitholders (5) | 255,564 | 278,104 | 143,460 |
| Total | \$ 261,113 | \$ 284,192 | \$ 147,138 |
| Units outstanding | 26,112 | 28,420 | 14,714 |
| Net asset value per Unit | \$ 9.788 | \$ 9.786 | \$ 9.750 |

⁽¹⁾ The value of the Securities is determined by the Evaluator on the bases set forth under "Public Offering--Unit Price". The contracts to purchase Securities are collateralized by separate irrevocable letters of credit which have been deposited with the Trustee.

⁽²⁾ A portion of the Public Offering Price represents an amount sufficient to pay for all or a portion of the costs incurred in establishing a Portfolio. The amount of these costs are set forth in the "Fee Table". A distribution will be made as of the earlier of the close of the initial offering period (approximately three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit to an account maintained by the Trustee from which the organization expense obligation of the investors will be satisfied. To the extent that actual organization costs of a Portfolio are greater than the estimated amount, only the estimated organization costs added to the Public Offering Price will be reimbursed to the Sponsor and deducted from the assets of the Portfolio.

⁽³⁾ Represents the amount of mandatory distributions from a Portfolio on the bases set forth under "Public Offering".

⁽⁴⁾ The creation and development fee is payable by a Portfolio on behalf of Unitholders out of the assets of the Portfolio as of the close of the initial offering period. If Units are redeemed prior to the close of the initial public offering period, the fee will not be deducted from the proceeds.

⁽⁵⁾ The aggregate public offering price and the aggregate sales charge are computed on the bases set forth under "Public Offering".

⁽⁶⁾ Assumes the maximum sales charge.

STATEMENTS OF CONDITION (continued) As of April 16, 2025

| INVESTMENT IN SECURITIES | mall Cap Core Strategy | werPicks Portfolio | I L S | Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio | I | SDAQ-100 Growth Leaders Portfolio |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--|----|--|
| Contracts to purchase Securities (1) | \$ 147,930 | \$ 305,424 | \$ | 147,546 | \$ | 243,247 |
| Total | \$ 147,930 | \$ 305,424 | \$ | 147,546 | \$ | 243,247 |
| LIABILITIES AND INTEREST OF UNITHOLDERS | | | | | | |
| Organization costs (2) | \$ 961 | \$ 1,158 | \$ | 959 | \$ | 704 |
| Deferred sales charge liability (3) | 1,997 | 4,123 | | 1,992 | | 3,284 |
| Creation and development fee liability (4) | 740 | 1,527 | | 738 | | 1,216 |
| Interest of Unitholders | | | | | | |
| Cost to investors (5) | 147,930 | 305,424 | | 147,546 | | 243,247 |
| Less: deferred sales charge, creation and development fee and organization | | | | | | |
| costs (2)(4)(5)(6) | 3,698 | 6,808 | | 3,689 | | 5,204 |
| Net interest to Unitholders (5) | 144,232 | 298,616 | | 143,857 | | 238,043 |
| Total | \$ 147,930 | \$ 305,424 | \$ | 147,546 | \$ | 243,247 |
| Units outstanding | 14,794 | 30,543 | | 14,755 | | 24,325 |
| Net asset value per Unit | \$ 9.750 | \$ 9.777 | \$ | 9.750 | \$ | 9.786 |

⁽¹⁾ The value of the Securities is determined by the Evaluator on the bases set forth under "Public Offering--Unit Price". The contracts to purchase Securities are collateralized by separate irrevocable letters of credit which have been deposited with the Trustee.

(6) Assumes the maximum sales charge.

⁽²⁾ A portion of the Public Offering Price represents an amount sufficient to pay for all or a portion of the costs incurred in establishing a Portfolio. The amount of these costs are set forth in the "Fee Table". A distribution will be made as of the earlier of the close of the initial offering period (approximately three months) or six months following the Initial Date of Deposit to an account maintained by the Trustee from which the organization expense obligation of the investors will be satisfied. To the extent that actual organization costs of a Portfolio are greater than the estimated amount, only the estimated organization costs added to the Public Offering Price will be reimbursed to the Sponsor and deducted from the assets of the Portfolio.

⁽³⁾ Represents the amount of mandatory distributions from a Portfolio on the bases set forth under "Public Offering".

⁽⁴⁾ The creation and development fee is payable by a Portfolio on behalf of Unitholders out of the assets of the Portfolio as of the close of the initial offering period. If Units are redeemed prior to the close of the initial public offering period, the fee will not be deducted from the proceeds.

⁽⁵⁾ The aggregate public offering price and the aggregate sales charge are computed on the bases set forth under "Public Offering".

THE PORTFOLIOS

The Portfolios were created under the laws of the State of New York pursuant to a Trust Indenture and Trust Agreement (the "Trust Agreement"), dated the date of this prospectus (the "Initial Date of Deposit"), among Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., as Sponsor and Evaluator, Invesco Investment Advisers LLC, as Supervisor, and The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee.

The Portfolios offer investors the opportunity to purchase Units representing proportionate interests in portfolios of securities. Each Portfolio may be an appropriate medium for investors who desire to participate in a portfolio of securities with greater diversification than they might be able to acquire individually.

On the Initial Date of Deposit, the Sponsor deposited contracts to purchase Securities and an irrevocable letter of credit in the amount required for these purchases with the Trustee. In exchange for these contracts, the Trustee delivered to the Sponsor documentation evidencing the ownership of Units of the Portfolios. Unless otherwise terminated as provided in the Trust Agreement, the Portfolios will terminate on the Mandatory Termination Date and any remaining Securities will be liquidated or distributed by the Trustee within a reasonable time. As used in this prospectus the term "Securities" means the securities (including contracts to purchase these securities) listed in each "Portfolio" and any additional securities deposited into each Portfolio.

Additional Units of a Portfolio may be issued at any time by depositing in the Portfolio (i) additional Securities, (ii) contracts to purchase Securities together with cash or irrevocable letters of credit or (iii) cash (or a letter of credit or the equivalent) with instructions to purchase additional Securities. As additional Units are issued by a Portfolio, the aggregate value of the Securities will be increased and the fractional undivided interest represented by each Unit may be decreased. The Sponsor may continue to make additional deposits into a Portfolio following the Initial Date of Deposit provided that the additional deposits will be in amounts which will maintain, as nearly as practicable, the same percentage relationship among the number of shares of each Security in the Portfolio that existed immediately prior to the subsequent deposit. Investors may experience a dilution of their investments and a reduction in their anticipated income because of fluctuations in the prices of the Securities between the time of the deposit and the purchase of the Securities and because the Portfolios will pay the associated brokerage or acquisition fees. In addition, during the initial offering of Units it may not be possible to buy a particular Security due to regulatory or trading restrictions, or corporate actions. While such limitations are in effect, additional Units would be created by purchasing each of the Securities in your Portfolio that are not subject to those limitations. This would also result in the dilution of the investment in any such Security not purchased and potential variances in anticipated income. Purchases and sales of Securities by your Portfolio may impact the value of the Securities. This may especially be the case during the initial offering of Units, upon Portfolio termination and in the course of satisfying large Unit redemptions.

Each Unit of your Portfolio initially offered represents an undivided interest in the Portfolio. At the close of the New York Stock Exchange on the Initial Date of Deposit, the number of Units may be adjusted so that the Public Offering Price per Unit equals \$10. The number of Units, fractional interest of each Unit in your Portfolio, and the per Unit amount of "Historical 12 Month Distributions," as presented under "Essential Information," will increase or decrease to the extent of any adjustment. To the extent that any Units are redeemed to the Trustee or additional Units are issued as a result of additional Securities being deposited by the Sponsor, the fractional undivided interest in your Portfolio represented by each unredeemed Unit will increase or decrease accordingly, although the actual interest in your Portfolio will remain unchanged. Units will remain outstanding until redeemed upon tender to the Trustee by Unitholders, which may include the Sponsor, or until the termination of the Trust Agreement.

Each Portfolio consists of (a) the Securities (including contracts for the purchase thereof) listed under the applicable "Portfolio" as may continue to be held from time to time in the Portfolio, (b) any additional Securities acquired and held by the Portfolio pursuant to the provisions of the Trust Agreement and (c) any cash held in the related Income and Capital Accounts. Neither the Sponsor nor the Trustee shall be liable in any way for any contract failure in any of the Securities.

OBJECTIVES AND SECURITIES SELECTION

The objective of each Portfolio is described in the individual Portfolio sections. There is no assurance that a Portfolio will achieve its objective.

The Portfolios seek to achieve better performance than their related indices. The investment strategies are designed to be implemented on an annual basis. Investors who hold Units through Portfolio termination may have investment results that differ significantly from a Unit investment that is reinvested into a new trust every twelve months.

Except as described herein, the publishers of the indices have not participated in any way in the creation of the Portfolios or in the selection of stocks included in the Portfolios and have not approved any information herein relating thereto. The publishers of these indices are not affiliated with the Sponsor.

PowerPicks Portfolio. The Sponsor, on behalf of the PowerPicks Portfolio has entered into a license agreement with CFRA, an independent research firm, under which the PowerPicks Portfolio is granted licenses to use certain trademarks and trade names, to the extent the Sponsor deems appropriate and desirable under federal and state securities laws to indicate the source of the index as a basis for determining the composition of the PowerPicks Portfolio. CFRA is the registered operating name or "doing business as" for its legal entity Accounting Research & Analytics, LLC. The PowerPicks Portfolio is not sponsored, managed, sold or promoted by CFRA and its affiliates.

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RISK FACTORS

All investments involve risk. This section describes the main risks that can impact the value of the securities in your Portfolio. You should understand these risks before you invest. If the value of the securities falls, the value of your Units will also fall. We cannot guarantee that your Portfolio will achieve its objective or that your investment return will be positive over any period.

Market Risk. Market risk is the risk that the value of the securities in your Portfolio will fluctuate. This could cause the value of your Units to fall below your original purchase price. Market value fluctuates in response to various factors. These can include changes in interest rates, inflation, the financial condition of a security's issuer, perceptions of the issuer, or ratings on a security of the issuer. For NASDAQ-100 Growth Leaders, the value of a security may also fluctuate if trading in the security is limited or absent. The market for certain investments may become less liquid or illiquid due to adverse changes in the conditions of a particular issuer or due to adverse market or economic conditions. In the absence of a liquid trading market for a particular security, the price at which such security may be sold to meet redemptions, as well as the value of the Units of your Portfolio, may be adversely affected. Certain geopolitical and other events, including environmental events and public health events such as epidemics and pandemics, may have a global impact and add to instability in world economies and markets generally. Changing economic, political or financial market conditions in one country or geographic region could adversely affect the market value of the securities held by your Portfolio in a different country or geographic region due to increasingly interconnected global economies and financial markets.

For example, following Russia's invasion of Ukraine in late February 2022, various countries, including the United States and members of NATO and the European Union ("EU"), issued broad-ranging economic sanctions against Russia and Belarus. The resulting responses to the military actions (and potential further sanctions in response to continued military activity), the potential for military escalation and other corresponding events have had, and could continue to have, severe negative effects on regional and global economic and financial markets, including increased volatility, reduced liquidity and overall uncertainty. The negative impacts may be particularly acute in certain sectors including, but not limited to, energy, financials, commodities, engineering, and defense. Russia may take additional counter measures or retaliatory actions (including cyberattacks), which could exacerbate negative consequences on global financial markets. Furthermore, the more recent hostilities by Hamas and Iran against Israel, and the possibility of further military escalation in the Middle East, may negatively impact certain sectors and possibly certain securities in your Portfolio. The duration of ongoing hostilities and corresponding sanctions and related events cannot be predicted. The foregoing may result in a negative impact on your Portfolio's performance and the value of an investment in your Portfolio, even beyond any direct investment exposure your Portfolio may have to issuers located or operating in the affected or adjoining geographic regions.

Even though your Portfolio is supervised, you should remember that we do not manage your Portfolio. Your Portfolio will not sell a security solely because the market value falls as is possible in a managed fund.

Dividend Payment Risk. Dividend payment risk is the risk that an issuer of a security is unwilling or unable to pay dividends on a security. Stocks represent ownership interests in the issuers and are not obligations of the issuers. Common stockholders have a right to receive dividends only after the company has provided for payment of its creditors, bondholders and preferred stockholders. Common stocks do not assure dividend payments. Dividends are paid only when declared by an issuer's board of directors and the amount of any dividend may vary over time. If dividends received by your Portfolio are insufficient to cover expenses, redemptions or other Portfolio costs, it may be necessary for a Portfolio to sell Securities to cover such expenses, redemptions or other costs. Any such sales may result in capital gains or losses to you. See "Taxation".

Strategy Correlation. The Portfolios each involve the risk that their performance will not sufficiently correspond with the published hypothetical performance of a Portfolio's investment strategy. This can happen for reasons such as:

- the impracticability of owning each of the strategy stocks with the exact weightings at a given time,
- strategy performance is based on a calendar year strategy while the portfolios are created at various times during the year and have 15 month terms,
- a Portfolio may not be fully invested at all times, and
- fees and expenses of a Portfolio.

Index Correlation. The NASDAQ-100 Growth Leaders Portfolio will consist of stocks selected by the Sponsor from the NASDAQ-100 Index. The Portfolio does not seek to replicate all of the components of the index or its component weightings, and the stocks in the Portfolio will not change or rebalance if the index components, or their weightings within the index, change or rebalance. The performance of your Portfolio will not correspond with the index for this reason and because the Portfolio incurs a sales charge and expenses.

Smaller Capitalization Companies. The All Cap Core Strategy, Mid Cap Core Strategy, and Small Cap Core Strategy invest significantly in stocks of small capitalization and mid capitalization (collectively "smaller cap") companies. Investing in stocks of smaller cap companies may involve greater risk than investing in stocks of larger capitalization companies, since they can be subject to more abrupt or erratic price movements. Many smaller cap companies will have had their securities publicly traded, if at all, for only a short period of time and will not have had the opportunity to establish a reliable trading pattern through economic cycles. The price volatility of smaller cap companies is relatively higher than larger, older and more mature companies. This greater price volatility of smaller cap companies may result from the fact that there may be less market liquidity, less information publicly available or fewer investors who monitor the activities of these companies. In addition, the market prices of these securities may exhibit more sensitivity to changes in industry or general economic conditions. Some smaller cap companies will not have been in existence long enough to experience economic cycles or to demonstrate whether they are sufficiently well managed to survive downturns or inflationary periods. Further, a variety of factors may affect the success of a company's business beyond the ability of its management to prepare or compensate for them, including domestic and international political developments, government trade and fiscal policies, patterns of trade and war or other military conflict which may affect sectors or markets or the economy generally.

Sector Risks. The Portfolios each invest significantly in certain sectors. Any negative impact on these sectors will have a greater impact on the value of Units than on a portfolio diversified over several sectors. You should understand the risks of these sectors before you invest.

The relative weighting or composition of your Portfolio may change during the life of your Portfolio. Following the Initial Date of Deposit, the Sponsor intends to issue additional Units by depositing in your Portfolio additional securities in a manner consistent with the provisions described in the above section entitled "The Portfolios". As described in that section, it may not be possible to retain or continue to purchase one or more Securities in your Portfolio. In addition, due to certain limited circumstances described under "Portfolio Administration", the composition of the Securities in your Portfolio may change. Accordingly, the fluctuations in the relative weighting or composition of your Portfolio may result in concentrations (25% or more of a Portfolio's assets) in securities of a particular type, sector and/or geographic region. As of the Initial Date of Deposit, each Portfolio was significantly invested in the following to the extent described below.

Consumer Discretionary and Consumer Staples Issuers. The Large Cap Core Strategy, the All Cap Core Strategy, the Mid Cap Core Strategy, PowerPicks Portfolio, the NASDAQ-100 Growth Leaders Portfolio, and the Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio invest significantly, and the Small Cap Core Strategy is concentrated, in companies that manufacture or sell various consumer products. General risks of these companies include the overall state of the economy. intense competition and consumer spending trends. A decline in the economy which results in a reduction of consumers' disposable income can negatively impact spending habits. Global factors including political developments, imposition of import controls, fluctuations in oil prices, and changes in exchange rates may adversely affect issuers of consumer products and services.

Competitiveness in the retail industry may require large capital outlays for the installation of automated checkout equipment to control inventory, track the sale of items and gauge the success of sales campaigns. Retailers who sell their products over the Internet have the potential to access more consumers, but may require sophisticated technology to remain competitive. Changes in demographics and consumer tastes can also affect the demand for, and the success of, consumer products and services in the marketplace. Consumer products and services companies may be subject to government regulation affecting their products and operations which may negatively impact performance. Tobacco companies may be adversely affected by new laws, regulations and litigation.

Financial Services Issuers. The Mid Cap Core Strategy, the Large Cap Core Strategy and the All Cap Core Strategy are concentrated, and the PowerPicks Portfolio invests significantly, in financial services companies. Companies in the financial services sector include, but are not limited to, companies involved in activities such as banking, mortgage finance, consumer finance, specialized finance, industrial finance and leasing, investment banking and brokerage, asset management and custody, corporate lending, insurance, and financial investment. In general, financial services issuers are substantially affected by changes in economic and market conditions, including: the liquidity and volatility levels in the global financial markets; interest rates, as well as currency and commodities prices; investor sentiment; the rate of corporate and consumer defaults; inflation and unemployment; the availability and cost of capital and credit; exposure to various geographic markets or in commercial and residential real estate; competition from new entrants in their fields of business: extensive government regulation; and the overall health of the U.S. and international economies. Due to the wide variety of companies in the financial services sector, they may behave and react in different ways in response to changes in economic and market conditions.

Companies in the financial services sector are subject to several distinct risks. Such companies may be subject to systematic risk, which may result due to factors outside the control of a particular financial institution — like the failure of another, significant financial institution or material disruptions to the credit markets — that could adversely affect the ability of the financial institution to operate normally or may impair its financial condition. Financial services companies are typically affected by changes in interest rates, and may be disproportionally affected as a result of volatile and/ or rising interest rates.

Certain financial services companies may themselves have concentrated portfolios, which makes them vulnerable to economic conditions that affect that sector. Companies in this sector are often subject to credit risk, meaning they may have exposure to investments or agreements which under certain circumstances may lead to losses. The financial services sector may be adversely affected by global developments including recessionary conditions, deterioration in the credit markets and concerns over sovereign debt. This may increase the credit risk, and possibility of default, of bonds issued by such institutions faced with these problems. In addition, the liquidity of certain debt instruments may be reduced or eliminated due to the lack of available market makers. There can be no assurance that the risks associated with investment in financial services issuers will decrease even assuming that the U.S. and/or foreign governments and agencies take steps to address problems that may arise.

Most financial services companies are subject to extensive governmental regulation, which limits their activities and may affect their ability to earn a profit from a given line of business. This also exposes financial services issuers to regulatory risk, where certain financial services companies may suffer setbacks if regulators change the rules under which they operate. Challenging economic and political conditions, along with increased public scrutiny during the past several years, led to new legislation and increased regulation in the U.S. and abroad, creating additional difficulties for financial institutions. Regulatory initiatives and requirements that were proposed around the world may be inconsistent or may conflict with previous regulations to which financial services issuers were subject, thereby resulting in higher compliance and legal costs, as well as the potential for higher operational, capital and liquidity costs. Proposed or enacted regulations may further limit the amounts and types of loans and other financial commitments certain financial services issuers can make, and further, may limit the interest rates and fees they can charge, the prices they can charge and the amount of capital they must maintain. These laws and regulations may affect the manner in which a particular financial institution does business and the products and services it may provide. Increased regulation may restrict a company's ability to compete in its current businesses or to enter into or acquire new businesses. New regulations may reduce or limit a company's revenue or impose additional fees, limit the scope of their activities, increase assessments or taxes on those companies and intensify regulatory supervision, adversely affecting business operations or leading to other negative consequences.

Among the most prominent pieces of U.S. legislation following the 2008 financial crisis was the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act"), enacted into federal law on July 21, 2010. The Dodd-Frank Act included reforms and refinements to modernize existing laws to address emerging risks and issues in the nation's evolving financial system. It also established entirely new regulatory regimes, including in areas such as systemic risk regulation, over-the-counter derivatives market oversight, and federal consumer protection. The Dodd-Frank Act intended to cover virtually all participants in the financial services sector for years to come, including banks, thrifts, depository institution holding companies, mortgage lenders, insurance companies, industrial loan companies, broker-dealers and other securities and investment advisory firms, private equity and hedge funds, consumers, numerous federal agencies and the federal regulatory structure. In particular, certain provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act increased the capital requirements of certain financial services companies supervised by the Federal Reserve, resulting in such companies incurring generally higher deposit premiums. These types of regulatory changes led to some adverse effects on certain financial services issuers and decreases in such issuers' profits or revenues.

The Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief and Consumer Protection Act (the "Relief Act"), enacted into federal law on May 23, 2018, introduced changes on several aspects of the U.S. financial sector. The Relief Act dilutes some of the stringent regulations imposed by the Dodd-Frank Act and aims to make things easier for smalland medium-sized U.S. banks – however, all banks will remain regulated. Although the Relief Act has resulted in the roll-back of certain provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act, the Sponsor is unable to predict whether financial services issuers will be further impacted by this law.

Financial services companies operating in foreign countries are also subject to regulatory and interest rate concerns. In particular, government regulation in certain foreign countries may include controls on interest rates, credit availability, prices and currency transfers. The departure of any EU member from use of the Euro could lead to serious disruptions to foreign exchanges, operations and settlements, which may have an adverse effect on financial services issuers. More recently, there is particular uncertainty regarding the state of the EU following the United Kingdom's ("U.K.") official exit from the EU on January 31, 2020 ("Brexit"). While a trade deal was negotiated and provisionally went into effect on January 1, 2021, Brexit marks the first time that a significant member of the EU will have left. The precise impact of the Brexit decision will only become clearer as Brexit progresses. The effect that Brexit may have on the global financial markets is uncertain. No one can predict the impact that these factors could have on the securities held by your Portfolio.

Commercial banks (including "money center" regional and community banks), savings and loan associations and holding companies of the foregoing are especially subject to adverse effects of volatile interest rates, concentrations of loans in particular sectors or classifications (such as real estate, energy, or sub-prime mortgages), and significant competition. The profitability of these businesses is to a significant degree dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds. Economic conditions in the real estate market may have a particularly strong effect on certain banks and savings associations. Commercial banks and savings associations are subject to extensive federal and, in many instances, state regulation. Neither such extensive regulation nor the federal insurance of deposits ensures the solvency or profitability of companies in this industry, and there is no assurance against losses in securities issued by such companies.

Insurance companies are particularly subject to government regulation and rate setting, potential antitrust and tax law changes, and industry-wide pricing and competition cycles. Property and casualty insurance companies also may be affected by weather, terrorism, long-term climate changes, and other catastrophes. Life and health insurance companies may be affected by mortality and morbidity rates, including the effects of epidemics. Individual insurance companies may be exposed to reserve inadequacies, problems in investment portfolios (for example, real estate or "junk" bond holdings) and failures of reinsurance carriers. Many of the investment considerations discussed in connection with banks and insurance companies also apply to other financial services companies. These companies are subject to extensive regulation, rapid business changes, and volatile performance dependent on the availability and cost of capital and prevailing interest rates and significant competition. General economic conditions significantly affect these companies. Credit and other losses resulting from the financial difficulty of borrowers or other third parties have a potentially adverse effect on companies in this industry. Investment banking, securities brokerage and investment advisory companies are particularly subject to government regulation and the risks inherent in securities trading and underwriting activities.

The financial condition of customers, clients and counterparties, including other financial institutions, could adversely affect financial services issuers. Financial services issuers are interrelated as a result of market making, trading, clearing or other counterparty relationships. Many of these transactions expose financial services issuers to credit risk as a result of the actions of, or deterioration in, the commercial soundness of other counterparty financial institutions. Economic and market conditions may increase credit exposures due to the increased risk of customer, client or counterparty default.

Downgrades to the credit ratings of financial services issuers could have a negative effect on liquidity, cash flows, competitive position, financial condition and results of operations by significantly limiting access to funding or capital markets, increasing borrowing costs or triggering increased collateral requirements. Financial services issuers face significant legal risk, both from regulatory investigations and proceedings, as well as private actions. Profit margins of these companies continue to shrink due to the commoditization of traditional businesses, new competitors, capital expenditures on new technology and the pressure to compete globally.

Industrials Issuers. The All Cap Core Strategy, the Large Cap Core Strategy, the Mid Cap Core Strategy and the Small Cap Core Strategy invest significantly in industrials companies. General risks of industrials companies include the general state of the economy, intense competition, imposition of import controls, volatility in commodity prices, currency exchange rate fluctuation, consolidation, labor relations, domestic and international politics, excess capacity and consumer spending trends. Companies in the industrials sector may be adversely affected by liability for environmental damage and product liability claims. Capital goods companies may also be significantly affected by overall capital spending and leverage levels, economic cycles, technical obsolescence, delays in modernization, limitations on supply of key materials, depletion of resources, government regulations, government contracts and e-commerce initiatives.

Industrials companies may also be affected by factors more specific to their individual industries. Industrial machinery manufacturers may be subject to declines in commercial and consumer demand and the need for modernization. Aerospace and defense companies may be influenced by decreased demand for new equipment, aircraft order cancellations, disputes over or ability to obtain or retain government contracts, changes in government budget priorities, changes in aircraft-leasing contracts and cutbacks in profitable business travel. The number of housing starts, levels of public and nonresidential construction including weakening demand for new office and retail space, and overall construction spending may adversely affect construction materials and equipment manufacturers. Stocks of transportation companies are cyclical and can be significantly affected by economic changes, fuel prices and insurance costs. Transportation companies in certain countries may also be subject to significant government regulation and oversight, which may negatively impact their businesses.

Information Technology Issuers. The NASDAQ-100 Growth Leaders Portfolio and the PowerPicks Portfolio are concentrated, and the All Cap Core Strategy and the Large Cap Core Strategy invest significantly, in companies in the information technology sector. These companies include companies that are involved in business computer and services. enterprise software/technical software, Internet and computer software, Internet-related services, networking and telecommunications equipment, telecommunications services, electronics products, server hardware, computer hardware and peripherals, semiconductor capital equipment and semiconductors. These

companies face risks related to rapidly changing technology, rapid product obsolescence, cyclical market patterns, evolving industry standards and frequent new product introductions.

Companies in this sector face risks from rapid changes in technology, competition, dependence on certain suppliers and supplies, rapid obsolescence of products or services, patent termination, frequent new products and government regulation. These companies can also be adversely affected by interruption or reduction in supply of components or loss of key customers and failure to comply with certain industry standards.

An unexpected change in technology can have a significant negative impact on a company. The failure of a company to introduce new products or technologies or keep pace with rapidly changing technology can have a negative impact on the company's results. Information technology companies may also be smaller and/or less experienced companies with limited product lines, markets or resources. Stocks of some Internet companies have high price-to-earnings ratios with little or no earnings histories. Information technology stocks tend to experience substantial price volatility and speculative tradina. Announcements about new products, technologies, operating results or marketing alliances can cause stock prices to fluctuate dramatically. At times, however, extreme price and volume fluctuations are unrelated to the operating performance of a company. This can impact your ability to redeem your Units at a price equal to or greater than what you paid.

Cybersecurity Risk. With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, your Portfolio may be susceptible to operational, information security and related risks. Cybersecurity incidents involving your Portfolio and its service providers (including, without limitation, the Sponsor and the Trustee) have the ability to cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, impediments to trading, the inability of Unitholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, and/or additional compliance costs. Similar adverse consequences could result from cybersecurity incidents

affecting issuers of securities in which your Portfolio invests, counterparties with which your Portfolio engages, governmental and other regulatory authorities, exchanges and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, other financial institutions and other parties. Your Portfolio and its Unitholders could be negatively impacted as a result.

Liquidity Risk. Liquidity risk is the risk that the value of a security will fall if trading in the security is limited or absent. The market for certain investments may become less liquid or illiquid due to adverse changes in the conditions of a particular issuer or due to adverse market or economic conditions. In the absence of a liquid trading market for a particular security, the price at which such security may be sold to meet redemptions, as well as the value of the Units of your Portfolio, may be adversely affected. No one can guarantee that a liquid trading market will exist for any security.

Legislation/Litigation. From time to time, various legislative initiatives are proposed in the United States and abroad which may have a negative impact on certain of the companies represented in your Portfolio, or on the tax treatment of your Portfolio or of your investment in a Portfolio. In addition, litigation regarding any of the issuers of the Securities, or of the sectors represented by these issuers may negatively impact the share prices of these Securities. No one can predict what impact any pending or threatened litigation will have on the share prices of the Securities.

No FDIC Guarantee. An investment in your Portfolio is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

PUBLIC OFFERING

General. Units are offered at the Public Offering Price which consists of the net asset value per Unit plus organization costs plus the sales charge. The net asset value per Unit is the value of the securities, cash and other assets in your Portfolio reduced by the liabilities of the Portfolio divided by the total Units outstanding. The maximum sales charge equals 1.85% of the Public

Offering Price per Unit (1.885% of the aggregate offering price of the Securities) at the time of purchase.

The initial sales charge is the difference between the total sales charge amount (maximum of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit) and the sum of the remaining fixed dollar deferred sales charge and the fixed dollar creation and development fee (initially \$0.185 per Unit). Depending on the Public Offering Price per Unit, you pay the initial sales charge at the time you buy Units. The deferred sales charge is fixed at \$0.135 per Unit. Your Portfolio pays the deferred sales charge in installments as described in the "Fee Table." If any deferred sales charge payment date is not a business day, we will charge the payment on the next business day. If you purchase Units after the initial deferred sales charge payment, you will only pay that portion of the payments not yet collected. If you redeem or sell your Units prior to collection of the total deferred sales charge, you will pay any remaining deferred sales charge upon redemption or sale of your Units. The initial and deferred sales charges are referred to as the "transactional sales charge." The transactional sales charge does not include the creation and development fee which compensates the Sponsor for creating and developing your Portfolio and is described under "Expenses." The creation and development fee is fixed at \$0.05 per Unit. Your Portfolio pays the creation and development fee as of the close of the initial offering period as described in the "Fee Table." If you redeem or sell your Units prior to collection of the creation and development fee, you will not pay the creation and development fee upon redemption or sale of your Units. After the initial offering period the maximum sales charge will be reduced by 0.50%, reflecting the previous collection of the creation and development fee. Because the deferred sales charge and creation and development fee are fixed dollar amounts per Unit, the actual charges will exceed the percentages shown in the "Fee Table" if the Public Offering Price per Unit falls below \$10 and will be less than the percentages shown in the "Fee Table" if the Public Offering Price per Unit exceeds \$10. In no event will the maximum total sales charge exceed 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit.

The "Fee Table" shows the sales charge calculation at a \$10 Public Offering Price per Unit. At a \$10 Public Offering Price, there is no initial sales charge during the

initial offering period. If the Public Offering Price exceeds \$10 per Unit, you will pay an initial sales charge equal to the difference between the total sales charge and the sum of the remaining deferred sales charge and the creation and development fee. For example, if the Public Offering Price per Unit rose to \$14, the maximum sales charge would be \$0.259 (1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit), consisting of an initial sales charge of \$0.074, a deferred sales charge of \$0.135 and the creation and development fee of \$0.050. Since the deferred sales charge and creation and development fee are fixed dollar amounts per Unit, your Portfolio must charge these amounts per Unit regardless of any decrease in net asset value. However, if the Public Offering Price per Unit falls to the extent that the maximum sales charge percentage results in a dollar amount that is less than the combined fixed dollar amounts of the deferred sales charge and creation and development fee, your initial sales charge will be a credit equal to the amount by which these fixed dollar charges exceed your sales charge at the time you buy Units. In such a situation, the value of securities per Unit would exceed the Public Offering Price per Unit by the amount of the initial sales charge credit and the value of those securities will fluctuate, which could result in a benefit or detriment to Unitholders that purchase Units at that price. The initial sales charge credit is paid by the Sponsor and is not paid by the Portfolio. If the Public Offering Price per Unit fell to \$6, the maximum sales charge would be \$0.111 (1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit), which consists of an initial sales charge (credit) of -\$0.074, a deferred sales charge of \$0.135 and a creation and development fee of \$0.050.

The actual sales charge that may be paid by an investor may differ slightly from the sales charges shown herein due to rounding that occurs in the calculation of the Public Offering Price and in the number of Units purchased.

The minimum purchase is 100 Units (25 Units for retirement accounts) but may vary by selling firm. Certain broker-dealers or selling firms may charge an order handling fee for processing Unit purchases.

Reducing Your Sales Charge. The Sponsor offers ways for you to reduce the sales charge that you pay. It is your financial professional's responsibility to alert the Sponsor of any discount when you purchase Units. Before you purchase Units you must also inform your financial professional of your qualification for any discount to be eligible for a reduced sales charge. Since the deferred sales charges and creation and development fee are fixed dollar amounts per Unit, your Portfolio must charge these amounts per Unit regardless of any discounts. However, if you are eligible to receive a discount such that your total sales charge is less than the fixed dollar amounts of the deferred sales charges and creation and development fee, you will receive a credit equal to the difference between your total sales charge and these fixed dollar charges at the time you buy Units.

Fee Accounts. Investors may purchase Units through registered investment advisers, certified financial planners and registered broker-dealers who in each case either charge periodic fees for brokerage services, financial planning, investment advisory or asset management services, or provide such services in connection with the establishment of an investment account for which a comprehensive "fee based" charge ("Fee Based") is imposed ("Fee Accounts"). If Units of a Portfolio are purchased for a Fee Account and the Portfolio is subject to a Fee Based charge (i.e., the Portfolio is "Fee Based Eligible"), then the purchase will not be subject to the transactional sales charge but will be subject to the creation and development fee of \$0.05 per Unit that is retained by the Sponsor. Please refer to the section called "Fee Accounts" for additional information on these purchases. The Sponsor reserves the right to limit or deny purchases of Units described in this paragraph by investors or selling firms whose frequent trading activity is determined to be detrimental to a Portfolio. Fee Based Eligible Units are not eligible for any sales charge discounts in addition to that which is described in this paragraph and under the "Fee Accounts" section found below.

Certain Self-Directed Brokerage Platforms. Purchases of Units through E*TRADE and/or any other Morgan Stanley self-directed brokerage platform will be executed at the Public Offering Price less the applicable dealer concession.

Employees. Employees, officers and directors (including their spouses (or the equivalent if recognized under local law) and children or step-children under 21

living in the same household, parents or step-parents and trustees, custodians or fiduciaries for the benefit of such persons) of Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. and its affiliates, and dealers and their affiliates may purchase Units at the Public Offering Price less the applicable dealer concession. All employee discounts are subject to the policies of the related selling firm, including any eligibility limitations enforced by the selling firm. Only employees, officers and directors of companies that allow their employees to participate in this employee discount program are eligible for the discounts.

Distribution Reinvestments. We do not charge any sales charge when you reinvest distributions from your Portfolio into additional Units of your Portfolio. Since the deferred sales charge and creation and development fee are fixed dollar amounts per unit, your Portfolio must charge these amounts per unit regardless of this discount. If you elect to reinvest distributions, the Sponsor will credit you with additional Units with a dollar value sufficient to cover the amount of any remaining deferred sales charge and creation and development fee that will be collected on such Units at the time of reinvestment. The dollar value of these Units will fluctuate over time.

Unit Price. The Public Offering Price of Units will vary from the amounts stated under "Essential Information" in accordance with fluctuations in the prices of the underlying Securities in the Portfolios. The initial price of the Securities upon deposit by the Sponsor was determined by the Evaluator. The Evaluator will generally determine the value of the Securities as of the Evaluation Time on each business day and will adjust the Public Offering Price of Units accordingly. The Evaluation Time is the close of the New York Stock Exchange on each business day. The term "business day", as used herein and under "Rights of Unitholders--Redemption of Units", means any day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for regular trading. The Public Offering Price per Unit will be effective for all orders received prior to the Evaluation Time on each business day. Orders received by the Sponsor prior to the Evaluation Time and orders received by authorized financial professionals prior to the Evaluation Time that are properly transmitted to the Sponsor by the time designated by the Sponsor, are priced based on the date of receipt. Orders received by the Sponsor after the

Evaluation Time, and orders received by authorized financial professionals after the Evaluation Time or orders received by such persons that are not transmitted to the Sponsor until after the time designated by the Sponsor, are priced based on the date of the next determined Public Offering Price per Unit provided they are received timely by the Sponsor on such date. It is the responsibility of authorized financial professionals to transmit orders received by them to the Sponsor so they will be received in a timely manner.

The value of portfolio securities is based on the securities' market price when available. When a market price is not readily available, including circumstances under which the Evaluator determines that a security's market price is not accurate, a portfolio security is valued at its fair value, as determined under procedures established by the Evaluator or an independent pricing service used by the Evaluator. In these cases, a Portfolio's net asset value will reflect certain portfolio securities' fair value rather than their market price. With respect to securities that are primarily listed on foreign exchanges, the value of the portfolio securities may change on days when you will not be able to purchase or sell Units. The value of any foreign securities is based on the applicable currency exchange rate as of the Evaluation Time. The Sponsor will provide price dissemination and oversight services to the Portfolios.

During the initial offering period, part of the Public Offering Price represents an amount that will pay the costs incurred in establishing your Portfolio. These costs include the costs of preparing documents relating to your Portfolio (such as the registration statement, prospectus, trust agreement and legal documents), federal and state registration fees, fees paid to CFRA (with respect solely to the PowerPicks Portfolio) for assisting the Sponsor and providing research in the selection of securities, the initial fees and expenses of the Trustee and the initial audit. Your Portfolio will sell securities to reimburse us for these costs at the end of the initial offering period or after six months, if earlier. The value of your Units will decline when your Portfolio pays these costs.

Unit Distribution. Units will be distributed to the public by the Sponsor, broker-dealers and others at the Public Offering Price. Units repurchased in the secondary market, if any, may be offered by this prospectus at the

secondary market Public Offering Price in the manner described above.

Unit Sales Concessions. Brokers, dealers and others will be allowed a regular concession or agency commission in connection with the distribution of Units during the initial offering period of 1.25% of the Public Offering Price per Unit.

Volume Concession Based Upon Annual Sales. As described below, broker-dealers and other selling agents may in certain cases be eligible for an additional concession based upon their annual eligible sales of all Invesco fixed income and equity unit investment trusts. Eligible sales include all units of any Invesco unit investment trust underwritten or purchased directly from Invesco during a trust's initial offering period. For purposes of this concession, trusts designated as either "Invesco Unit Trusts, Taxable Income Series" or "Invesco Unit Trusts, Municipal Series" are fixed income trusts, and trusts designated as "Invesco Unit Trusts Series" are equity trusts. In addition to the regular concessions or agency commissions described above in "Unit Sales Concessions" all broker-dealers and other selling firms will be eligible to receive additional compensation based on total initial offering period sales of all eligible Invesco unit investment trusts during the previous consecutive 12month period through the end of the most recent month. The Volume Concession, as applicable to equity and fixed income trust units, is set forth in the following table:

| | Volume C | oncession | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Total Sales (in millions) | Equity Trust Units | Fixed Income Trust Units | | | |
| \$25 but less than \$100 | 0.035% | 0.100% | | | |
| \$100 but less than \$150 | 0.050 | 0.100 | | | |
| \$150 but less than \$250 | 0.075 | 0.100 | | | |
| \$250 but less than \$1,000 | 0.100 | 0.100 | | | |
| \$1,000 but less than \$5,000 | 0.125 | 0.100 | | | |
| \$5,000 but less than \$7,500 | 0.150 | 0.100 | | | |
| \$7,500 or more | 0.175 | 0.100 | | | |

Broker-dealers and other selling firms will not receive the Volume Concession on the sale of units purchased in Fee Accounts, however, such sales will be included in determining whether a firm has met the sales level breakpoints set forth in the Volume Concession table above. Secondary market sales of all unit investment trusts are excluded for purposes of the Volume Concession. Eligible dealer firms and other selling agents include clearing firms that place orders with Invesco and provide Invesco with information with respect to the representatives who initiated such transactions. Eligible dealer firms and other selling agents will not include firms that solely provide clearing services to other broker-dealer firms or firms who place orders through clearing firms that are eligible dealers. We reserve the right to change the amount of the concessions or agency commissions from time to time. For a trust to be eligible for this additional compensation, the trust's prospectus must include disclosure related to this additional compensation.

Additional Information. Except as provided in this section, any sales charge discount provided to investors will be borne by the selling broker-dealer or agent. For all secondary market transactions the total concession or agency commission will amount to 80% of the applicable sales charge. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, in no case shall the total of any concessions, agency commissions and any additional compensation allowed or paid to any broker, dealer or other distributor of Units with respect to any individual transaction exceed the total sales charge applicable to such transaction. The Sponsor reserves the right to reject, in whole or in part, any order for the purchase of Units and to change the amount of the concession or agency commission to dealers and others from time to time.

We may provide, at our own expense and out of our own profits, additional compensation and benefits to broker-dealers who sell Units of these Portfolios and our other products. This compensation is intended to result in additional sales of our products and/or compensate brokerdealers and financial advisors for past sales. We may make these payments for marketing, promotional or related expenses, including, but not limited to, expenses of entertaining retail customers and financial advisors, advertising, sponsorship of events or seminars, obtaining shelf space in broker-dealer firms and similar activities designed to promote the sale of the Portfolios and our other products. Fees may include payment for travel expenses, including lodging, incurred in connection with trips taken by invited registered representatives for meetings or seminars of a business nature. These arrangements will not change the price you pay for your Units.

Sponsor Compensation. The Sponsor will receive the total sales charge applicable to each transaction. Except as provided under "Unit Distribution," above, any sales charge discount provided to investors will be borne by the selling dealer or agent. In addition, the Sponsor will realize a profit or loss as a result of the difference between the price paid for the Securities by the Sponsor and the cost of the Securities to each Portfolio on the Initial Date of Deposit as well as on subsequent deposits. The Sponsor has not participated as sole underwriter or as manager or as a member of the underwriting syndicates or as an agent in a private placement for any of the Securities. The Sponsor may realize profit or loss as a result of the possible fluctuations in the market value of Units held by the Sponsor for sale to the public. In maintaining a secondary market, the Sponsor will realize profits or losses in the amount of any difference between the price at which Units are purchased and the price at which Units are resold (which price includes the applicable sales charge) or from a redemption of repurchased Units at a price above or below the purchase price. Cash, if any, made available to the Sponsor prior to the date of settlement for the purchase of Units may be used in the Sponsor's business and may be deemed to be a benefit to the Sponsor, subject to the limitations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("1934 Act").

The Sponsor or an affiliate may have participated in a public offering of one or more of the Securities. The Sponsor, an affiliate or their employees may have a long or short position in these Securities or related securities. An affiliate may act as a specialist or market maker for these Securities. An officer, director or employee of the Sponsor or an affiliate may be an officer or director for issuers of the Securities.

Market for Units. Although it is not obligated to do so, the Sponsor may maintain a market for Units and to purchase Units at the secondary market repurchase price (which is described under "Right of Unitholders--Redemption of Units"). The Sponsor may discontinue purchases of Units or discontinue purchases at this price at any time. In the event that a secondary market is not maintained, a Unitholder will be able to dispose of Units by

tendering them to the Trustee for redemption at the Redemption Price. See "Rights of Unitholders--Redemption of Units". Unitholders should contact their broker to determine the best price for Units in the secondary market. Units sold prior to the time the entire deferred sales charge has been collected will be assessed the amount of any remaining deferred sales charge at the time of sale. The Trustee will notify the Sponsor of any Units tendered for redemption. If the Sponsor's bid in the secondary market equals or exceeds the Redemption Price per Unit, it may purchase the Units not later than the day on which Units would have been redeemed by the Trustee. The Sponsor may sell repurchased Units at the secondary market Public Offering Price per Unit.

RETIREMENT ACCOUNTS

Units are available for purchase in connection with certain types of tax-sheltered retirement plans, including Individual Retirement Accounts for individuals, Simplified Employee Pension Plans for employees, qualified plans for self-employed individuals, and qualified corporate pension and profit sharing plans for employees. The minimum purchase for these accounts is reduced to 25 Units but may vary by selling firm. The purchase of Units may be limited by the plans' provisions and does not itself establish such plans.

FEE ACCOUNTS

As described above, Units may be available for purchase by investors in Fee Accounts where a Portfolio is Fee Based Eligible. You should consult your financial professional to determine whether you can benefit from these accounts. This table illustrates the sales charge you will pay if a Portfolio is Fee Based Eligible as a percentage of the initial Public Offering Price per Unit on the Initial Date of Deposit (the percentage will vary thereafter).

| Initial sales charge | 0.00% |
|------------------------------|-------|
| Deferred sales charge | 0.00 |
| Transactional sales charge | 0.00% |
| Creation and development fee | 0.50% |
| Total sales charge | 0.50% |

You should consult the "Public Offering--Reducing Your Sales Charge" section for specific information on this and other sales charge discounts. That section governs the calculation of all sales charge discounts. The Sponsor reserves the right to limit or deny purchases of Units in Fee Accounts by investors or selling firms whose frequent trading activity is determined to be detrimental to a Portfolio. To purchase Units in these Fee Accounts, your financial professional must purchase Units designated with one of the Fee Based CUSIP numbers set forth under "Essential Information," either Fee Based Cash for cash distributions or Fee Based Reinvest for the reinvestment of distributions in additional Units, if available. See "Rights of Unitholders--Reinvestment Option."

RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS

Distributions. With respect to all Portfolios, dividends, interest (for the Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio, pro rated on an annual basis), net of expenses, and any net proceeds from the sale of Securities received by a Portfolio will generally be distributed to Unitholders on each Distribution Date to Unitholders of record on the preceding Record Date. These dates appear under "Essential Information". Distributions made by the REITs in the PowerPicks Portfolio and the Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio include ordinary income, but may also include sources other than ordinary income such as returns of capital, loan proceeds, short-term capital gains and longterm capital gains (see "Taxation--Distributions"). In addition, the Portfolios will generally make required distributions at the end of each year because each is structured as a "regulated investment company" for federal tax purposes. Unitholders will also receive a final distribution of income when their Portfolio terminates. A person becomes a Unitholder of record on the date of settlement (generally one business day after Units are ordered, or as otherwise may be required by the applicable rules under the 1934 Act). Unitholders may elect to receive distributions in cash or to have distributions reinvested into additional Units. See "Rights of Unitholders--Reinvestment Option".

Dividends and interest received by a Portfolio are credited to the Income Account of the Portfolio. Other

receipts (e.g., capital gains, proceeds from the sale of Securities, etc.) are credited to the Capital Account. Proceeds received on the sale of any Securities, to the extent not used to meet redemptions of Units or pay deferred sales charges, fees or expenses, will be distributed to Unitholders. Proceeds received from the disposition of any Securities after a Record Date and prior to the following Distribution Date will be held in the Capital Account and not distributed until the next Distribution Date. Any distribution to Unitholders consists of each Unitholder's pro rata share of the available cash in the Income and Capital Accounts as of the related Record Date.

With respect to the Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio, the income distribution to the Unitholders of the Portfolio as of each Record Date will be made on the following Distribution Date or shortly thereafter and shall consist of an amount substantially equal to such portion of each Unitholder's pro rata share of the balance in the Income Account. Because income payments are not received by the Portfolio at a constant rate throughout the year, such distributions to Unitholders may be more or less than the amount credited to the Income Account as of the Record Date. For the purpose of minimizing fluctuation in the distributions from the Income Account. the Trustee is authorized to advance such amounts as may be necessary to provide income distributions of approximately equal amounts. The Trustee shall be reimbursed, without interest, for any such advances from funds in the Income Account on the ensuing Record Date.

Historical 12 Month Distributions. The Historical 12 Month Distributions per Unit amount shown under "Essential Information" is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in your Portfolio over the 12 months preceding the Initial Date of Deposit, divided by the Portfolio's initial public offering price of \$10 per Unit. This amount is reduced by the anticipated per Unit fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in your Portfolio. Dividend payments are not assured and therefore the amount of future dividend income to your Portfolio is uncertain. Accordingly, the actual net annual income distributions you receive per Unit will vary from the Historical 12 Month Distributions amount per Unit due to

changes in dividends and distribution amounts paid by issuers, currency fluctuations, the sale of securities to pay any deferred sales charge, Portfolio fees and expenses, and with changes in your Portfolio such as the acquisition, call, maturity or sale of securities. The sale of securities to pay such fees and expenses may cause the amount of your distributions decrease over your Portfolio's life. Due to these and various other factors, actual income received by your Portfolio will most likely differ from the most recent dividends or scheduled income payments of the underlying Portfolio securities.

Reinvestment Option. Unitholders may have distributions automatically reinvested in additional Units without a sales charge (to the extent Units may be lawfully offered for sale in the state in which the Unitholder resides). The CUSIP numbers for either "Cash" distributions or "Reinvest" for the reinvestment of distributions are set forth under "Essential Information". Brokers and dealers can use the Dividend Reinvestment Service through Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or purchase a Reinvest (or Fee Based Reinvest in the case of Fee Based Eligible Units held in Fee Accounts) CUSIP, if available. To participate in this reinvestment option, a Unitholder must file with the Trustee a written notice of election, together with any other documentation that the Trustee may then require, at least five days prior to the related Record Date. A Unitholder's election will apply to all Units owned by the Unitholder and will remain in effect until changed by the Unitholder. The reinvestment option is not offered during the 30 calendar days prior to termination. If Units are unavailable for reinvestment or this reinvestment option is no longer available, distributions will be paid in cash. Distributions will be taxable to Unitholders if paid in cash or automatically reinvested in additional Units. See "Taxation".

A participant may elect to terminate his or her reinvestment plan and receive future distributions in cash by notifying the Trustee in writing no later than five days before a Distribution Date. The Sponsor shall have the right to suspend or terminate the reinvestment plan at any time. The reinvestment plan is subject to availability or limitation by each broker-dealer or selling firm. Broker-dealers may suspend or terminate the offering of a reinvestment plan at any time. Please contact your financial professional for additional information.

Redemption of Units. All or a portion of your Units may be tendered to The Bank of New York Mellon, the Trustee, for redemption at Unit Investment Trust Division. 111 Sanders Creek Parkway, East Syracuse, New York 13057, on any day the New York Stock Exchange is open. No redemption fee will be charged by the Sponsor or the Trustee, but you are responsible for applicable governmental charges, if any. Units redeemed by the Trustee will be canceled. You may redeem all or a portion of your Units by sending a request for redemption to your bank or broker-dealer through which you hold your Units. No later than one business day (or as otherwise may be required by the applicable rules under the 1934 Act) following satisfactory tender, the Unitholder will be entitled to receive in cash an amount for each Unit equal to the Redemption Price per Unit next computed on the date of tender. The "date of tender" is deemed to be the date on which Units are received by the Trustee, except that with respect to Units received by the Trustee after the Evaluation Time or on a day which is not a business day, the date of tender is deemed to be the next business day. Redemption requests received by the Trustee after the Evaluation Time, and redemption requests received by authorized financial professionals after the Evaluation Time or redemption requests received by such persons that are not transmitted to the Trustee until after the time designated by the Trustee, are priced based on the date of the next determined redemption price provided they are received timely by the Trustee on such date. It is the responsibility of authorized financial professionals to transmit redemption requests received by them to the Trustee so they will be received in a timely manner. Certain broker-dealers or selling firms may charge an order handling fee for processing redemption requests. Units redeemed directly through the Trustee are not subject to such fees.

Unitholders tendering 1,000 or more Units (or such higher amount as may be required by your broker-dealer or selling agent) for redemption may request an in kind distribution of Securities equal to the Redemption Price per Unit on the date of tender. Unitholders may not request an in kind distribution during the initial offering period or within 30 calendar days of a Portfolio's termination. The Portfolios generally will not offer in kind distributions of portfolio securities that are held in foreign markets. An in kind distribution will be made by the Trustee through the distribution of each of the Securities in book-entry form to the account of the Unitholder's broker-dealer at DTC. Amounts representing fractional shares will be distributed in cash. The Trustee may adjust the number of shares of any Security included in a Unitholder's in kind distribution to facilitate the distribution of whole shares. The in kind distribution option may be modified or discontinued at any time without notice. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Unitholder requesting an in kind distribution is the Sponsor or an affiliated person of the Portfolio, the Trustee may make an in kind distribution to such Unitholder provided that no one with a pecuniary incentive to influence the in kind distribution may influence selection of the distributed securities, the distribution must consist of a pro rata distribution of all portfolio securities (with limited exceptions) and the in kind distribution may not favor such affiliated person to the detriment of any other Unitholder. Unitholders will incur transaction costs in liquidating securities received in an in-kind distribution, and any such securities received will be subject to market risk until sold. In the event that any securities received in-kind are illiquid, Unitholders will bear the risk of not being able to sell such securities in the near term, or at all.

The Trustee may sell Securities to satisfy Unit redemptions. To the extent that Securities are redeemed in kind or sold, the size of a Portfolio will be, and the diversity of a Portfolio may be, reduced. Sales may be required at a time when Securities would not otherwise be sold and may result in lower prices than might otherwise be realized. The price received upon redemption may be more or less than the amount paid by the Unitholder depending on the value of the Securities at the time of redemption. Special federal income tax consequences will result if a Unitholder requests an in kind distribution. See "Taxation".

The Redemption Price per Unit and the secondary market repurchase price per Unit are equal to the pro rata share of each Unit in each Portfolio determined on the basis of (i) the cash on hand in the Portfolio, (ii) the value of the Securities in the Portfolio and (iii) dividends or other income distributions receivable on the Securities in the Portfolio trading ex-dividend as of the date of computation, less (a) amounts representing taxes or other governmental charges payable out of the Portfolio, (b) the accrued expenses of the Portfolio (including costs associated with liquidating securities after the end of the initial offering period) and (c) any unpaid deferred sales charge payments. During the initial offering period, the redemption price and the secondary market repurchase price are not reduced by estimated organization costs or the creation and development fee. For these purposes, the Evaluator will determine the value of the Securities as described under "Public Offering--Unit Price".

The right of redemption may be suspended and payment postponed for any period during which the New York Stock Exchange is closed, other than for customary weekend and holiday closings, or any period during which the SEC determines that trading on that Exchange is restricted or an emergency exists, as a result of which disposal or evaluation of the Securities is not reasonably practicable, or for other periods as the SEC may permit.

Exchange Option. When you redeem Units of your Portfolio or when your Portfolio terminates (see "Rollover" below), you may be able to exchange your Units for units of other Invesco unit trusts. You should contact your financial professional for more information about trusts currently available for exchanges. Before you exchange Units, you should read the prospectus of the new trust carefully and understand the risks and fees. You should then discuss this option with your financial professional to determine whether your investment goals have changed, whether current trusts suit you and to discuss tax consequences. A rollover or exchange is a taxable event to you. We may discontinue this option at any time.

Rollover. We may offer a subsequent series of each Portfolio for a Rollover when the Portfolios terminate.

On the Mandatory Termination Date you will have the option to (1) participate in a Rollover and have your Units reinvested into a subsequent trust series or (2) receive a cash distribution.

If you elect to participate in a cash Rollover, your Units will be redeemed on the Mandatory Termination Date. As

the redemption proceeds become available, the proceeds (including dividends) will be invested in a new trust series at the public offering price for the new trust. The Trustee will attempt to sell Securities to satisfy the redemption as quickly as practicable on the Mandatory Termination Date. We do not anticipate that the sale period will be longer than one day, however, certain factors could affect the ability to sell the Securities and could impact the length of the sale period. The liquidity of any Security depends on the daily trading volume of the Security and the amount available for redemption and reinvestment on any day.

We may make subsequent trust series available for sale at various times during the year. Of course, we cannot guarantee that a subsequent trust or sufficient units will be available or that any subsequent trusts will offer the same investment strategies or objectives as the current Portfolios. We cannot guarantee that a Rollover will avoid any negative market price consequences resulting from trading large volumes of securities. Market price trends may make it advantageous to sell or buy securities more quickly or more slowly than permitted by the Portfolio procedures. We may, in our sole discretion, modify a Rollover or stop creating units of a trust at any time regardless of whether all proceeds of Unitholders have been reinvested in a Rollover. If we decide not to offer a subsequent series. Unitholders will be notified prior to the Mandatory Termination Date. Cash which has not been reinvested in a Rollover will be distributed to Unitholders shortly after the Mandatory Termination Date. Rollover participants may receive taxable dividends or realize taxable capital gains which are reinvested in connection with a Rollover but may not be entitled to a deduction for capital losses due to the "wash sale" tax rules. Due to the reinvestment in a subsequent trust, no cash will be distributed to pay any taxes. See "Taxation".

Units. Ownership of Units is evidenced in book-entry form only and will not be evidenced by certificates. Units purchased or held through your bank or broker-dealer will be recorded in book-entry form and credited to the account of your bank or broker-dealer at DTC. Units are transferable by contacting your bank or broker-dealer through which you hold your Units. Transfer, and the requirements therefore, will be governed by the applicable

procedures of DTC and your agreement with the DTC participant in whose name your Units are registered on the transfer records of DTC.

Reports Provided. Unitholders will receive a statement of dividends and other amounts received by a Portfolio for each distribution.

In addition, at the end of each calendar year, the Trustee will prepare a statement which contains the following information:

- A summary of transactions in your Portfolio for the year;
- A list of any Securities sold during the year and the Securities held at the end of that year by your Portfolio;
- The Redemption Price per Unit and the number of Units outstanding, computed on the 31st day of December of such year (or the last business day before); and
- Amounts of income and capital distributed during the year.

Annual statements are available at *www.invesco.com/us/en/tax-center* within a reasonable period of time after the end of each calendar year. You may also request an annual statement be sent to you by calling the Trustee at 800-856-8487. Unitholders may obtain evaluations of the Securities upon request to the Trustee.

If you have questions regarding your account or your Portfolio, please contact your financial advisor or the Trustee. The Sponsor does not have access to individual account information.

PORTFOLIO ADMINISTRATION

Portfolio Administration. The Portfolios are not managed funds and, except as provided in the Trust Agreement, Securities generally will not be sold or replaced. The Sponsor may, however, direct that Securities be sold in certain limited circumstances to protect your Portfolio based on advice from the Supervisor. These situations may include events such as the issuer having defaulted on payment of any of its outstanding obligations or the price of a Security has

declined to such an extent or other credit factors exist so that in the opinion of the Supervisor retention of the Security would be detrimental to your Portfolio. If a public tender offer has been made for a Security or a merger or acquisition has been announced affecting a Security, the Trustee may either sell the Security or accept an offer if the Supervisor determines that the sale or exchange is in the best interest of Unitholders. The Trustee will distribute any cash proceeds to Unitholders. In addition, the Trustee may sell Securities to redeem Units or pay Portfolio expenses or deferred sales charges. If securities or property are acquired by a Portfolio, the Sponsor may direct the Trustee to sell the securities or property and distribute the proceeds to Unitholders or to accept the securities or property for deposit in the Portfolio. Should any contract for the purchase of any of the Securities fail, the Sponsor will (unless substantially all of the moneys held in the Portfolio to cover the purchase are reinvested in substitute Securities in accordance with the Trust Agreement) refund the cash and sales charge attributable to the failed contract to all Unitholders on or before the next Distribution Date.

For all Portfolios the Sponsor may direct the reinvestment of proceeds of the sale of Securities if the sale is the direct result of serious adverse credit factors which, in the opinion of the Sponsor, would make retention of the Securities detrimental to your Portfolio. In such a case, the Sponsor may, but is not obligated to, direct the reinvestment of sale proceeds in any other securities that meet the criteria for inclusion in your Portfolio on the Initial Date of Deposit. In certain other limited circumstances outlined in the Trust Agreement, the Sponsor may also direct the reinvestment of sale proceeds into the remaining Securities within your Portfolio. The Sponsor may also instruct the Trustee to take action necessary to ensure that your Portfolio continues to satisfy the qualifications of a regulated investment company and to avoid imposition of tax on undistributed income of the Portfolio.

When your Portfolio sells Securities, the composition and diversity of the Securities in the Portfolio may be altered. In order to obtain the best price for a Portfolio, it may be necessary for the Supervisor to specify minimum amounts (generally 100 shares) in which blocks of Securities are to be sold. In effecting purchases and sales of portfolio securities, the Sponsor may direct that orders be placed with and brokerage commissions be paid to brokers, including brokers which may be affiliated with the Portfolios, the Sponsor or dealers participating in the offering of Units.

Pursuant to an exemptive order, your Portfolio may be permitted to sell Securities to a new trust when it terminates if those Securities are included in the new trust. The exemption may enable your Portfolio to eliminate commission costs on these transactions. The price for those securities will be the closing sale price on the sale date on the exchange where the Securities are principally traded, as certified by the Sponsor.

Amendment of the Trust Agreement. The Trustee and the Sponsor may amend the Trust Agreement without the consent of Unitholders to correct any provision which may be defective or to make other provisions that will not materially adversely affect Unitholders (as determined in good faith by the Sponsor and the Trustee). The Trust Agreement may not be amended to increase the number of Units or permit acquisition of securities in addition to or substitution for the Securities (except as provided in the Trust Agreement). The Trustee will notify Unitholders of any amendment.

Termination. Your Portfolio will terminate on the Mandatory Termination Date specified under "Essential Information" or upon the sale or other disposition of the last Security held in the Portfolio. Your Portfolio may be terminated at any time with consent of Unitholders representing two-thirds of the outstanding Units or by the Trustee when the value of the Portfolio is less than \$500,000 (\$3,000,000 if the value of the Portfolio has exceeded \$15,000,000) (the "Minimum Termination Value"). Your Portfolio will be liquidated by the Trustee in the event that a sufficient number of Units of the Portfolio not yet sold are tendered for redemption by the Sponsor, so that the net worth of the Portfolio would be reduced to less than 40% of the value of the Securities at the time they were deposited in the Portfolio. If your Portfolio is liquidated because of the redemption of unsold Units by the Sponsor, the Sponsor will refund to each purchaser of Units the entire sales charge paid by such purchaser. The Trustee may begin to sell Securities in connection

with a Portfolio termination nine business days before, and no later than, the Mandatory Termination Date. Qualified Unitholders may elect an in kind distribution of Securities, provided that Unitholders may not request an in kind distribution of Securities within 30 calendar days of a Portfolio's termination. Any in kind distribution of Securities will be made in the manner and subject to the restrictions described under "Rights of Unitholders--Redemption of Units", provided that, in connection with an in kind distribution election more than 30 calendar days prior to termination, Unitholders tendering 1,000 or more Units of a Portfolio (or such higher amount as may be required by your broker-dealer or selling agent) may request an in kind distribution of Securities equal to the Redemption Price per Unit on the date of tender. Unitholders will receive a final cash distribution within a reasonable time after the Mandatory Termination Date. All distributions will be net of Portfolio expenses and costs. Unitholders will receive a final distribution statement following termination. The Information Supplement contains further information regarding termination of your Portfolio. See "Additional Information".

Limitations on Liabilities. The Sponsor, Evaluator, Supervisor and Trustee are under no liability for taking any action or for refraining from taking any action in good faith pursuant to the Trust Agreement, or for errors in judgment, but shall be liable only for their own willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence (negligence in the case of the Trustee) in the performance of their duties or by reason of their reckless disregard of their obligations and duties hereunder. The Trustee is not liable for depreciation or loss incurred by reason of the sale by the Trustee of any of the Securities. In the event of the failure of the Sponsor or Evaluator to act under the Trust Agreement, the Trustee may act thereunder and is not liable for any action taken by it in good faith under the Trust Agreement. The Trustee is not liable for any taxes or other governmental charges imposed on the Securities, on it as Trustee under the Trust Agreement or on a Portfolio which the Trustee may be required to pay under any present or future law of the United States of America or of any other taxing authority having jurisdiction. In addition, the Trust Agreement contains other customary provisions limiting the liability of the Trustee. The Sponsor and Supervisor may rely on any evaluation furnished by the Evaluator and have no responsibility for the accuracy thereof. Determinations by the Trustee shall be made in good faith upon the basis of the best information available to it.

Sponsor. Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. is the Sponsor and Evaluator of your Portfolio, and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Invesco Advisers, Inc. ("Invesco Advisers"). Invesco Advisers is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Invesco Ltd., a leading independent global investment manager that provides a wide range of investment strategies and vehicles to its retail, institutional and high net worth clients around the globe. Invesco Capital Market Inc.'s principal office is located at 11 Greenway Plaza, Houston, Texas 77046-1173. As of March 31, 2025, the total stockholders' equity of Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. was \$50,068,062.44 (unaudited). The current assets under management and supervision by Invesco Ltd. and its affiliates were valued at approximately \$1,844.8 billion as of March 31, 2025.

Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. in its capacity as your Portfolio's Sponsor and your Portfolio have adopted a code of ethics requiring Invesco Ltd.'s employees who have access to information on Portfolio transactions to report personal securities transactions. The purpose of the code is to avoid potential conflicts of interest and to prevent fraud, deception or misconduct with respect to your Portfolio. The Information Supplement contains additional information about Invesco Capital Markets, Inc.

If Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. shall fail to perform any of its duties under the Trust Agreement or become incapable of acting or shall become bankrupt or its affairs are taken over by public authorities, then the Trustee may (i) appoint a successor Sponsor and/or Evaluator at rates of compensation deemed by the Trustee to be reasonable and not exceeding amounts prescribed by the SEC, (ii) terminate the Trust Agreement and liquidate the Portfolios as provided therein or (iii) continue to act as Trustee without terminating the Trust Agreement.

Trustee. The Trustee is The Bank of New York Mellon, a trust company organized under the laws of New York. The Bank of New York Mellon has its principal unit investment trust division offices at 240 Greenwich Street - 22W, New York, New York 10286, (800) 856-8487. If you

have questions regarding your account or your Portfolio, please contact the Trustee at its principal unit investment trust division offices or your financial adviser. The Sponsor does not have access to individual account information. The Bank of New York Mellon is subject to supervision and examination by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and its deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent permitted by law. Additional information regarding the Trustee is set forth in the Information Supplement, including the Trustee's qualifications and duties, its ability to resign, the effect of a merger involving the Trustee and the Sponsor's ability to remove and replace the Trustee. See "Additional Information".

TAXATION - ALL PORTFOLIOS

This section summarizes some of the principal U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning Units of a Portfolio. Tax laws and interpretations are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. This summary does not describe all of the tax consequences to all taxpayers. For example, this summary generally does not describe your situation if you are a corporation, a non-U.S. person, a broker/dealer, a tax-exempt entity, financial institution, person who marks to market their Units or other investor with special circumstances. In addition, this section does not describe your alternative minimum, state, local or foreign tax consequences of investing in a Portfolio.

This federal income tax summary is based in part on the advice of counsel to the Sponsor. The Internal Revenue Service could disagree with any conclusions set forth in this section. In addition, our counsel was not asked to review the federal income tax treatment of the assets to be deposited in your Portfolio.

Additional information related to taxes is contained in the Information Supplement. As with any investment, you should seek advice based on your individual circumstances from your own tax advisor.

Portfolio Status. Your Portfolio intends to elect and to qualify annually as a "regulated investment company" ("RIC") under the federal tax laws. If your Portfolio qualifies under the tax law as a RIC and distributes its income in

the manner and amounts required by the RIC tax requirements, the Portfolios generally will not pay federal income taxes. But there is no assurance that the distributions made by your Portfolio will eliminate all taxes for every year at the level of your Portfolio.

Distributions. Portfolio distributions are generally taxable. After the end of each year, you will receive a tax statement reporting your Portfolio's distributions. including the amounts of ordinary income distributions and capital gains dividends. Your Portfolio may make taxable distributions to you even in periods during which the value of your Units has declined. Ordinary income distributions are generally taxed at your federal tax rate for ordinary income, however, as further discussed below, certain ordinary income distributions received from your Portfolio may be taxed, under current federal law, at capital gains tax rates. Certain ordinary income dividends on Units that are attributable to gualifying dividends received by your Portfolio from certain corporations may be reported by a Portfolio as being eligible for the dividends received deduction for corporate Unitholders provided certain holding period requirements are met. Income from a Portfolio and gains on the sale of your Units may also be subject to a 3.8% federal tax imposed on net investment income if your adjusted gross income exceeds certain threshold amounts, which currently are \$250,000 in the case of married couples filing joint returns and \$200,000 in the case of single individuals. In addition, your Portfolio may make distributions that represent a return of capital for tax purposes to the extent of the Unitholder's basis in the Units, and any additional amounts in excess of basis would be taxed as a capital gain. Generally, you will treat all capital gains dividends as long-term capital gains regardless of how long you have owned your Units. The tax status of your distributions from your Portfolio is not affected by whether you reinvest your distributions in additional Units or receive them in cash. The income from your Portfolio that you must take into account for federal income tax purposes is not reduced by amounts used to pay a deferred sales charge, if any. The tax laws may require you to treat certain distributions made to you in January as if you had received them on December 31 of the previous year.

A distribution paid by your Portfolio reduces the Portfolio's net asset value per Unit on the date paid by the amount of the distribution. Accordingly, a distribution paid shortly after a purchase of Units by a Unitholder would represent, in substance, a partial return of capital, however, it would be subject to income taxes.

Sale or Redemption of Units. If you sell or redeem your Units, you will generally recognize a taxable gain or loss. To determine the amount of this gain or loss, you must subtract your adjusted tax basis in your Units from the amount you receive for the sale of the Units. Your initial tax basis in your Units is generally equal to the cost of your Units, generally including sales charges. In some cases, however, you may have to adjust your tax basis after you purchase your Units.

Capital Gains and Losses and Certain Ordinary Income Dividends. Net capital gain equals net longterm capital gain minus net short-term capital loss for the taxable year. Capital gain or loss is long-term if the holding period for the asset is more than one year and is shortterm if the holding period for the asset is one year or less. You must exclude the date you purchase your Units to determine your holding period. However, if you receive a capital gain dividend from your Portfolio and sell your Units at a loss after holding it for six months or less, the loss will be recharacterized as long-term capital loss to the extent of the capital gain dividend received. The tax rates for capital gains realized from assets held for one year or less are generally the same as for ordinary income.

In certain circumstances, ordinary income dividends received by an individual Unitholder from a RIC such as your Portfolio may be taxed at the same federal rates that apply to net capital gain (as discussed above), provided certain holding period requirements are satisfied and provided the dividends are attributable to qualified dividend income received by the Portfolio itself. Qualified dividend income means dividends paid to the Portfolio (a) by domestic corporations, (b) by foreign corporations that are either (i) incorporated in a possession of the United States or (ii) are eligible for benefits under certain income tax treaties with the United States that include an exchange of information program, or (c) with respect to stock of a foreign corporation that is readily tradeable on an established securities market in the United States. Both a Portfolio and the Unitholder must meet certain holding period requirements to qualify Portfolio dividends for this treatment. Income derived from investments in derivatives. fixed-income securities. U.S. real estate investment trusts. passive foreign investment companies, and income received "in lieu of" dividends in a securities lending transactions generally is not eligible for treatment as qualified dividend income. If the qualified dividend income received by a Portfolio is equal to 95% (or a greater percentage) of the Portfolio's gross income (exclusive of net capital gain) in any taxable year, all of the ordinary income dividends paid by the Portfolio will be gualified dividend income. Your Portfolio will provide notice to its Unitholders of the amount of any distribution which may be taken into account as gualified dividend income which is eligible for capital gains tax rates. There is no requirement that tax consequences be taken into account in administering your Portfolio.

In Kind Distributions. Under certain circumstances, as described in this prospectus, you may receive an in kind distribution of Portfolio securities when you redeem your Units. In general, this distribution will be treated as a sale for federal income tax purposes and you will recognize gain or loss, based on the value at that time of the securities and the amount of cash received, and subject to certain limitations on the deductibility of losses under the tax law.

Rollovers and Exchanges. If you elect to have your proceeds from your Portfolio rolled over into a future trust, it would generally be considered a sale for federal income tax purposes and any gain on the sale will be treated as a capital gain, and, in general, any loss will be treated as a capital loss. However, any loss realized on a sale or exchange will be disallowed to the extent that Units disposed of are replaced (including through reinvestment of dividends) within a period of 61 days beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after disposition of Units or to the extent that the Unitholder, during such period, acquires or enters into an option or contract to acquire, substantially identical stock or securities. In such a case, the basis of the Units acquired will be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to other limitations in the tax law.

Deductibility of Portfolio Expenses. Expenses incurred and deducted by your Portfolio will generally not

be treated as taxable income to you. In certain cases if your Portfolio is not considered "publicly offered" under the Code, each U.S. Unitholder that is either an individual, trust or estate will be treated as having received a taxable distribution from the Portfolio in the amount of that U.S. Unitholder's allocable share of certain of the Portfolio's expenses for the calendar year, and these fees and expenses will be treated as miscellaneous itemized deductions of those U.S. Unitholders. The deductibility of expenses that are characterized as miscellaneous itemized deductions, which include investment expenses, is suspended for tax years beginning prior to January 1, 2026.

Foreign Investors. If you are a foreign investor (i.e., an investor other than a U.S. citizen or resident or a U.S. corporation, partnership, estate or trust), generally, subject to applicable tax treaties, distributions to you from your Portfolio will be characterized as dividends for federal income tax purposes (other than dividends that your Portfolio reports as capital gain dividends) and will be subject to U.S. income taxes, including withholding taxes, subject to certain exceptions described below. You may be eligible under certain income tax treaties for a reduction in withholding rates. However, distributions received by a foreign investor from your Portfolio that are properly reported by the trust as capital gain dividends, interest-related dividends paid by the Portfolio from its qualified net interest income from U.S. sources and shortterm capital gain dividends, may not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes, including withholding taxes, provided that your Portfolio makes certain elections and certain other conditions are met.

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA"). A 30% withholding tax on your Portfolio's distributions generally applies if paid to a foreign entity unless: (i) if the foreign entity is a "foreign financial institution" as defined under FATCA, the foreign entity undertakes certain due diligence, reporting, withholding, and certification obligations, (ii) if the foreign entity is not a "foreign financial institution," it identifies certain of its U.S. investors or (iii) the foreign entity is otherwise excepted under FATCA. If required under the rules above and subject to the applicability of any intergovernmental agreements between the United States and the relevant foreign country, withholding under FATCA may apply. Under existing regulations, FATCA withholding on gross proceeds from the sale of Units and capital gain distributions from your Portfolio took effect on January 1, 2019; however, recently proposed U.S. tax regulations eliminate FATCA withholding on such types of payments. Taxpayers generally may rely on these proposed Treasury Regulations until final Treasury Regulations are issued. If withholding is required under FATCA on a payment related to your Units, investors that otherwise would not be subject to withholding (or that otherwise would be entitled to a reduced rate of withholding) on such payment generally will be required to seek a refund or credit from the IRS to obtain the benefit of such exemption or reduction. Your Portfolio will not pay any additional amounts in respect of amounts withheld under FATCA. You should consult your tax advisor regarding the effect of FATCA based on your individual circumstances.

Foreign Tax Credit. If your Portfolio invests in any foreign securities, the tax statement that you receive may include an item showing foreign taxes your Portfolio paid to other countries. In this case, dividends taxed to you will include your share of the taxes your Portfolio paid to other countries. If more than 50% of the value of the Portfolio's total assets at the end of a fiscal year is invested in foreign securities, the Portfolio may elect to "pass-through" to the Unitholders the amount of foreign income tax paid by the Portfolio in lieu of deducting such amount in determining its investment company taxable income. In such a case, Unitholders will be required (i) to include in gross income, even though not actually received, their respective pro rata shares of the foreign income tax paid by the Portfolio that are attributable to any distributions they receive; and (ii) either to deduct their pro rata share of foreign tax in computing their taxable income or to use it (subject to various limitations) as a foreign tax credit against federal income tax (but not both). No deduction for foreign tax may be claimed by a non-corporate Unitholder who does not itemize deductions or who is subject to the alternative minimum tax. Unitholders may be unable to claim a credit for the full amount of their proportionate shares of the foreign income tax paid by the Portfolio due to certain limitations that may apply. The Portfolio reserves the right not to pass-through to its Unitholders the amount of foreign income taxes paid by the Portfolio.

Backup Withholding. By law, your Portfolio must withhold as backup withholding a percentage (currently 24%) of your taxable distributions and redemption proceeds if you do not provide your correct social security or taxpayer identification number and certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or if the IRS instructs your Portfolio to do so.

Investors should consult their advisors concerning the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of investing in the Portfolio.

PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES

General. The fees and expenses of your Portfolio will generally accrue on a daily basis. Portfolio operating fees and expenses are generally paid out of the Income Account to the extent funds are available, and then from the Capital Account. The deferred sales charge, creation and development fee and organization costs are generally paid out of the Capital Account of your Portfolio. It is expected that Securities will be sold to pay these amounts which will result in capital gains or losses to Unitholders. See "Taxation". These sales will reduce future income distributions. The Sponsor's, Supervisor's and Trustee's fees may be increased without approval of the Unitholders by amounts not exceeding proportionate increases under the category "Services Less Rent of Shelter" in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers or, if this category is not published, in a comparable category.

Organization Costs. You and the other Unitholders will bear all or a portion of the organization costs and charges incurred in connection with the establishment of your Portfolio. These costs and charges will include the cost of the preparation, printing and execution of the trust agreement, registration statement and other documents relating to your Portfolio, federal and state registration fees and costs, fees paid to CFRA (with respect solely to the PowerPicks Portfolio) for assisting the Sponsor and providing research in the selection of securities, the initial fees and expenses of the Trustee, and legal and auditing expenses. The Public Offering Price of Units includes the estimated amount of these costs. The Trustee will deduct these expenses from your Portfolio's assets at the end of the initial offering period.

Creation and Development Fee. The Sponsor will receive a fee from your Portfolio for creating and developing the Portfolio, including determining the Portfolio's objectives, policies, composition and size, selecting service providers and information services and for providing other similar administrative and ministerial functions. The creation and development fee is a charge of \$0.05 per Unit. The Trustee will deduct this amount from your Portfolio's assets as of the close of the initial offering period. No portion of this fee is applied to the payment of distribution expenses or as compensation for sales efforts. This fee will not be deducted from proceeds received upon a repurchase, redemption or exchange of Units before the close of the initial public offering period.

Trustee's Fee. For its services the Trustee will receive the fee from your Portfolio set forth in the "Fee Table" (which includes the estimated amount of miscellaneous Portfolio expenses). The Trustee benefits to the extent there are funds in the Capital and Income Accounts since these Accounts are non-interest bearing to Unitholders and the amounts earned by the Trustee are retained by the Trustee. Part of the Trustee's compensation for its services to your Portfolio is expected to result from the use of these funds.

Compensation of Sponsor and Supervisor. The Sponsor and the Supervisor, which is an affiliate of the Sponsor, will receive the annual fees for providing bookkeeping and administrative services and portfolio supervisory services set forth in the "Fee Table". These fees may exceed the actual costs of providing these services to your Portfolio but at no time will the total amount received for these services rendered to all Invesco unit investment trusts in any calendar year exceed the aggregate cost of providing these services in that year.

Miscellaneous Expenses. The following additional charges are or may be incurred by your Portfolio: (a) normal expenses (including the cost of mailing reports to Unitholders) incurred in connection with the operation of the Portfolio, (b) fees of the Trustee for extraordinary services, (c) expenses of the Trustee (including legal and auditing expenses) and of counsel designated by the Sponsor, (d) various governmental charges, (e) expenses and costs of any action taken by the Trustee to protect

the Portfolio and the rights and interests of Unitholders, (f) indemnification of the Trustee for any loss, liability or expenses incurred in the administration of the Portfolio without negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct on its part, (g) foreign custodial and transaction fees (which may include compensation paid to the Trustee or its subsidiaries or affiliates), (h) costs associated with liquidating the securities held in the Portfolio, (i) any offering costs incurred after the end of the initial offering period and (i) expenditures incurred in contacting Unitholders upon termination of the Portfolio, Each Portfolio may pay the expenses of updating its registration statement each year. The PowerPicks Portfolio will pay a license fee to CFRA for use of certain trademarks and other property. The All Cap Core Strategy, Large Cap Core Strategy, Mid Cap Core Strategy, Small Cap Core Strategy and Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio will each pay a license fee to S&P DJI for use of certain trademarks and other property.

OTHER MATTERS

Legal Opinions. The legality of the Units offered hereby has been passed upon by Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP. Dorsey & Whitney LLP has acted as counsel to the Trustee.

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. The financial statements included in this prospectus have been so included in reliance upon the report of Grant Thornton LLP, independent registered public accountants, upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This prospectus does not contain all the information set forth in the registration statements filed by your Portfolio with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933 and the Investment Company Act of 1940 (file no. 811-02754). The Information Supplement, which has been filed with the SEC and is incorporated herein by reference, includes more detailed information concerning the Securities, investment risks and general information about the Portfolios. Reports and other information about your Portfolio are available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov. Copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplication fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, Washington, DC 20549-0102.

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When Units of the Portfolios are no longer available this prospectus may be used as a preliminary prospectus for a future Portfolio. If this prospectus is used for future Portfolios you should note the following:

The information in this prospectus is not complete with respect to future Portfolio series and may be changed. No person may sell Units of future Portfolios until a registration statement is filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell Units and is not soliciting an offer to buy Units in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

U-EMSPRO2417

PROSPECTUS

April 16, 2025

All Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

Large Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

Mid Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

Small Cap Core Strategy 2025-2

PowerPicks Portfolio 2025-2

Dividend Income Leaders Strategy Portfolio 2025-2

NASDAQ-100 Growth Leaders Portfolio 2025-2

Please retain this prospectus for future reference.

